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Army opord template word

opord.doc — Microsoft Word document, 138 KB (141312 bytes) Task Organization: Indicates how the drive is organized for the main effort. The leader weighs enough of the main effort for each mission (e.g., machine guns and anti-amorphous weapons) to ensure success.I. Situation: Provides essential information to subordinate the leader's understanding of the situation.A. Enemy Forces1. Weather and light data general forecasts for the duration of the operation: temperature (high & amp; low), sunrise, sunset, moon rise, moonset, moon phase, % lighting, wind speed, wind direction, BMNT, EENT. Note: You need to focus on the effects of time on military operations rather than the factors that make up the analysis. I mean, how do you and your troops do on this mission? These types of ratings are easier for your troops to use than statements like... 3 inches of rain in the next 24-48 hours ... 2. Terrain: Use the acronym OCOKA to analyze the ground3. Identification of enemy forces (composition). (is it armored, mechanized or light? what does it mean for the operation?) 4. Location(s): Note and suspect (arrangement). (provide grids or relative locations such as 2 KM to the north) 5. Activities. (is he attacking, retreating, defending, patrolling, etc.?) 6. Strength (team, platoon or company strength), morals (hello or low?), equipment (weapons served by the crew, machine guns, anti-tank weapons?) and capabilities (are they able to strengthen with a platoon in 30 minutes)7. Likely route or course of action when contacted (will they fight, disperse, wither, attack?) B. Amate1 forces. Mission and concept of the next higher unit (from its paragraph 2) to include the intent of the superior leader (from paragraph 3)2. Position and planned actions of the units on the left, right, front and back (from the activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). Indicate how such activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). Indicate how such activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). Indicate how such activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). Indicate how such activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). Indicate how such activities of the leader above the manoeuvring units in paragraph 3). to your unit: company or battalion mortars, artillery, CAS (Close Air Support), Naval Shots, etc.C. Attacks/Detachments Attack: Anyone who is normally part of your unit who is not on a mission for some reason. II. MissionThis is a clear and concise statement of the tasks of unity to be carried out and the purpose of doing so (who, what, when, where, why and how). The mission is always declared twice in full. When you give it is better to give a difficult time to the real clock (that is, NLT 1030 hours. rather than NLT in 50 minutes)III. ExecutionIntentA stated a vision that defines the purpose of an operation and the final state with respect to the enemy, the enemy, the ground. It gives subordinates the ability to carry out the mission in the absence of additional guidance, orders, or communications. A. Concept of the operation: This paragraph describes, in general terms, how the unit will perform its tasks from start to finish. It should identify all the essential tasks of the mission, the decisive points of the action and the main effort. This paragraph should not be more than six sentences. This is where you tell a brief general story about how you imagine the mission step by step from the AA (assembly area), to the ORP (objective), and back to the ORP.example: we will exit the AA on an azimuth of 190 degrees by 50 m in a team wedge, team in column, in travel formation to the starting line. After passing the starting line by 150 m, we will conduct a 3 minute listening stop. After a long time, we will establish our ORP, during the movement we will establish rally points every 100 m. We have a linear danger area that we will cross according to our SOP. We will stop the team in the provisional position of the terrain), then look for a suitable ORP (remember: cover and hidden, defensible, out of the key terrain and off the drifting natural line sometimes you will only be able to find one or two of these features on the STX lane, but be aware). Then we will occupy the ORP by force. I will set out my emergency plan in 5 points (GOTWA). Then I'll go ahead with the bravo team leader and two security (Jones and Smith) to nail the OBJ to confirm the plan and establish surveillance (leaving a GOTWA). So I'm going back to the ORP along with the assault and support teams. After the actions on the OBJ, we will pick up in the ORP, collect our rucks, and call a HEALTH and ACE report higher. We will move on a 270-degree azimuth by 500 meters where we will establish a cigar-shaped perimeter and disseminate the information acquired during the mission. 1. Maneuver: This paragraph deals, in detail, with the mechanics of the operation. The main effort must be designated. All subordinate units (such as assault, support, R & amp; D) are also identified with their tasks, related to the main effort. Actions in favour of the objective should include most of the ORP at the OBJ and return to the ORP. Example: After I return from the leader's reconnaissance, he will take the team forward to the release point. After checking in with the surveillance team to make sure nothing has changed on the goal, the Bravo team, which is the support element, will break and move to position, here on the model of the ground). I'll take the alpha team that assault team and also the main effort and position them in their attacking position, here (point (point model of the land). There we will camouflage our locations and place the Claymore mine here (point on the model of the ground). When an enemy team moves to the kill zone, I'll start the ambush with claymore, and then the entire team will start in the kill zone for 45 seconds. Once the time is up, I will give the signal for the support element to move the fire by throwing green and the lens. Right now the RTO that is the recorder and the timekeeper will start his watch. At my only long whistle, the Alpha team attacks, staying in their respective lanes, to the target, putting their weapons aside as they go. The Alpha team sets a progress limit here (point on the terrain model). Once the LOA is established, I will signal to the bravo team with two whistles to get off and join alpha on the target. Once Bravo gets there and gets ready between 9:00 and 12:00, with alpha pulling security from 12:00 to 3:00, I'm going to call special teams. Rescue and waste teams take priority and will drag all friendly wounded to the victim collection point here (point on the terrain model) on the near side of the target. Then I will call the EPW teams to process any dead or surviving enemies and consolidate them to the EPW collection point here (point on the terrain model). throughout this time, the recorder will call for how long we've been on the target every 30 seconds. Once all the equipment has been consolidated at the center of the lens here (point on the terrain model) by the EPW teams, I will ask the demo team to please and their charges. I'il give the word after-defense red code and waste plus any victims will withsty. On the next word in white code the assault element - alpha team - will withse. On the third blue the support element - the Bravo team - will withse and the demo team will also turn on the misdeed and withe. All items will be moved back through the drop point to the ORP.2. Fires: This paragraph describes how the leader intends to support his maneuver for fires. It affirms the aim to be achieved from fires, the priority of fires, the allocation of any priority objectives and any restrictive fire control measures. This is also where you provide the destination. B. Activities to maneuver unitsRepress special teams in this area. Go beyond the names of the people on the team and the task and purpose for each team: assault, support, security, R&D, EPW (Enemy Prisoner of War), Aid and Litter, Demolition, surveillance. Also detail your instructions to individuals such as primary/alternative paceman and primary compassman/ Tasks to combat support units This paragraph is similar to paragraph III.B except that it describes how combat support units will be used.D. combat.D. Instructions and movement movement is paragraph lists the coordination and control details applicable to two or more units/subassemblys. Items that could be routed include:1. Order of movement, formations and movement techniques. Use a sketch/terrain model2. Stop actions (short/long). SOP3. Paths (primary/alternative). - Give the hard azimuth and distance4. Departure and return of friendly lines.5. Rally points and stocks at rally points (specify IRP (starting rally point), ORP, PB (patrol base), or RRP (re-entry rally points). point), and include grid coordinates and/or terrain references).6. Actions in hazardous areas (other than unit SOPs).8. Instructions for reorganization and consolidation (other than unit SOPs).9. Fire distribution measures: area fire points for all weapons systems (M16, M249, M60, etc.) 10. Fire control measures: cover what you want them to disappear in order (i.e. the crew served weapons, then leaders), fire sectors to include TRP (target landmarks), visual/sound cues.11. MOPP levels.12. Guide to troop safety and operational exposure.13. Times (tests, backbriefs, inspections, movement). Give to whom it must be there, when, where and what you will feel (actions on the objective are priority!) 14. Priority intelligence requirements (PIR).15. Debriefing requirements.16. Reports. When do you want to get ace and health reports? (after all contact with the enemy)17. Rules of engagement (ROE). When to start shooting. If you're ambushed, do you shoot a soldier walking down the road with your team?IV. Support Support This paragraph provides the critical logistical information necessary to support the unit during operation. A. General SOPs in force for support operations. Current and proposed trains/supplies/cache points. Victims and equipment damaged. CCC (victim collection points), location of the PZ (Pickup Zone) medevac Special instructions for medical personnel. (triage requirements, 9-line medevac procedures) B. Equipment and services1. Supply:a. Class I: Subsistence. (Food and water) b. Class III: POL. Class IV: Construction. e. Class V: Ammunition. F. Class VI: Articles for personal application. G. Class VII: Main end objects. (special items - which go with which team - i.e. claymores go with the assault team) h. Class X: Agriculture/Economic development. K. Distribution methods. (platoon sergeant, foreman, team leaders) 2. Transport. 3. (laundry, showers, etc.). 4. Maintenance (weapons, equipment, vehicles). Work priority and equipment maintenance plan.C. Medical evacuation: Method of evacuation of dead and injured personnel, friendly and enemy (to include Discuss dead/wounded enemies and friendly dead/wounded. will be left free, transported or (in the case of enemies) left where they are?D. Personal:EpWs Management Method and EPW.E. Miscellaneous Collection Point Designation:Special equipment have to complete the mission (i.e. the Claymore mine in an ambush) Captured equipment. What to do with the captured equipment (usually destroy it unless it is strange or unique, in which case you take it with you or if it cannot be moved, create a sketch and destroy it) V. Command & amp; SignalThis paragraph states where command and control elements are located during the operation. A. CommandLocation of the top unit commander and CP (get this from paragraph 5 of the higher leader)Position of key personnel and type CP during all phases of the operation. during movement, to the ORP and the lens. Succession of command. (give this up to the last person in a team element by name) Sop unit adjustments. B. Signal SOI index in force (frequencies, call signals). Communication method by priority (usually FM and then runner) Pyrotechnics and signals (overcome all important signals such as lifting/moving fire, OBJ assault, withdraw from OBJ, etc.) Code words (such as red, white, and blue in the example in paragraph 3) Challenge and password (behind descriptive lines) Password running. Recognition signals (near/far, day/night). Special instructions for RTOs. (you are responsible for all the commo. monitor the radio continuously, remind me of the ratios that are due to higher up, you are the recorder en route and the recorder on the lens) Page 2 This website is not affiliated with the U.S. Government or Army. From our Benefit Blog November 20, 2014, 09:00:2811 November 2014, 09:00:34113 November 2014, 09:00:11How does my father transfer me \$15,000 of his GI Bill Benefits? 11 November 2014, 09:00:456 November 2014, 09:00:05 09:00:05

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