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Great depression vocabulary worksheet answers

The national banking system, which controls the flow of money into the economy by raising and lowering interest rates. A network of banks that borrow money to help companies start October 29, 1929- The nickname for the day the stock market crashed A process in which a union representative or a group of workers negotiates with management for a contract Find something without cash by agreeing to pay the debt in the future (on the installment plan) with interest When the Great Plains and much of the Midwest is called what has suffered from severe drought and dust storms the 1930s The total production, distribution and consumption of wealth, goods and services of a nation The president has tried new deal program to bring relief, recovery, and reform Franklin Delano Roosevelt A period of economic hard times that from 1921 to 1941 mass movement of people from one place to another to buy or sell stocks , huge profits quickly sears of property in a company food , supplies and goods that go beyond what is needed, Extra Texas place on imported goods to protect domestic companies from foreign competition factories make more than people buy or if supply exceeds demand The percentage of people of working age who are unemployed Franklin Delano Roosevelt's plan of relief, recreation and reform to alleviate the suffering, free us from the depression, and prevent future depression help in the form of goods or money To help the needy actions, laws or procedures to help the nation get out of the depression actions, laws or procedures to prevent future depression agency of the federal government, which insures banks. It still exists today. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provided government jobs, built ports, schools, airports, etc. Famous for the construction of the large Couleé Dam and Washington state. Public Works Administration (PWA) employed men and women for the construction of hospitals, schools, parks and airports; Artists, writers and musicians. Works Progress Administration (WPA) A pension scheme for the elderly, unemployment benefits and payments to dependent children and people with disabilities. It still exists today. The Social Security Administration (SSA) provided young men with jobs to plant trees, build bridges and parks, and set up flood protection projects. Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) Built dams control of the rental in Tennessee Valley. A by-product of the dams was that they had cheap electricity in this impoverished region Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Paid farmers not to grow certain crops. FDR believed that smaller harvests would increase the price of agricultural goods. Agricultural Adjustment Act (AAA) prohibiting child labour, 40 hours as the maximum working week and a minimum wage. Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) Java Games: Flashcards, Matching, Concentration and Word Search. AB Black Tuesday Oct. 29, 1929 - the Exchange-consumer people who spend money on goods and services Great Depression The period of 1920-1941, when America's economic hard times helped gave help to the needy Hooverilleshack villages/Shanty towns, which during Hoover presidency public construction programs programs created by the government to create jobs and help people earn money public works programs build new schools, courthouses, dams, paved highways, etc. Reconstruction Finance Corporation (RFC) lent money to RRs, Banks and insurance companies to keep them in the shop Hoover flagempty bag turned inside from Hoover leather cardboard parch, which used a hole in a shoe bonusan extra money Hoover blanketnewspapers from the Homelwss to warm bonus Army 1932 unemployed vets marched to Washington, DC to demand the bonus Congress had promised to pay in 1945 Franklin D. Roosevelt President of the USA during the Great Depression FDR Francis Perkins first woman to create a presidential cabinet position public construction roads, bridges, and other structures that are built for public use at public expense New Deal FDR's program to revive the country from the Great Depression Relief the goal of the FDR's New Deal to alleviate the poverty of many Americans after the Depression The 100-day first term of the FDR's first term, in which Congress passed many New Deal Programs Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) Federal agency created to protect savings deposits in banks Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) Federal agency 1933 on the development of hydropower and other resources of the Tennessee River Civilian Conservation Corps (CCC) New Deal Agency, which brought about 3 million young men to work on conservation and rural improvement projects Fireside Chats informal presidential speech of FDR in the 1930s , the mostly college professors goods Social Security Act Law were passed in 1935, the black Cabinet African American advisers created a system for providing old-age insurance and unemployment benefits during FDR's New Deal Era welfare statesituation in which the government is tearing a large ya measure of the social well-of-the-people Works Progress Administration New deal agency that useful found work for millions of unemployed people holiday holiday any of the banks withdraw their money from a bank because they think they are bankrupting bear market a market characterized by falling prices for securities brain trust an inner circle of unofficial advisers to the head of a government Breadline a queue of people waiting for free a market characterized by rising prices Economic recurring fluctuations in economic activity Economic activity Recession and recovery and growth and growth and decline break a sudden big decline in companies or the prices of stock collective bargaining between an employer and a union Congress of industrial organizations a federation of North American industrial unions that merged with the American Federation of Labor in 1955 consumption spending extravagantly toppling a sudden big decline in companies or the prices of the shares credit agreement for delayed payment for goods and services Debt money or goods or services Insolvency Act of non-compliance with a financial obligation deficit a surplus of liabilities over assets deficit spending money through borrowing depression a long-term economic condition with unemployment and low prices Dorothea Long U.S. photographer remembered for her portraits of farm workers during the Depression (1895-1965) dust shell a region that dust storms Eleanor Roosevelt wife of Franklin Roosevelt and a strong advocate of human rights (1894-1962) , the accounts in national banks and other qualified institutions initiated enforcement proceedings, to the collateral for a loan Franklin Delano Roosevelt 32nd President of the United States Gold Standard System, which defines money value in relation to precious metal Great Depression the economic crisis beginning with the stock market crash in 1929 and continued by the 1930s gross national product former measure of the U.S. economy Herbert Hoover 31. President of the U.S. economy defines United States inflation a general and progressive increase in the price rate plan a system for payment for payment Were invested by instalments interest rate the percentage of a sum of money invested for its use put money or resources in a company investor someone who is committed to capital to gain financial returns John L. Lewis United States Labor leader, who was president of the United Mine Workers of America from 1920 to 1960 and president of the Congress of Industrial Organizations from 1935 to 1940 (1880-1969) John Maynard Keynes English economist , who advocated the use of state monetary and fiscal policies to maintain full employment without inflation (1883-1946). Noted John Steinbeck U.S. writer for his novels about agricultural workers (1902-1968) loans the temporary provision of money (usually at interest) margin call a broker's demand that a client travel enough to the minimum migrant request. to reduce the debt of other public debt National government overproduction too much production or more than expected panic sudden mass anxiety and fear about expected events pension regular payment to allow a person to live without creating work products or making a man-made product product Manufacturing or mining or growing something to sell profit surplus of revenue over spending in a given period of prohibition, when the sale of alcoholic beverages was prohibited in the U.S. Prosperity a state of growth with increasing profits and full employment public structures at the state cost of public use aid for older, needy or disabled individualism in social and economic matters Securities and Exchange Commission an independent federal agency The exchange of securities to protect investors security financing instrument documents the ownership of an investment shantytown a neighborhood of people who live in huts and shanties strike strike in which workers refuse to leave the workplace until an agreement reaches social security program in the U.S. Social Security Administration an independent government agency responsible for the social security system soup kitchen a place where food is invested in the needy speculation That is an investment that is risky, but could be big profits speculator who makes risky investments hoping for high profits stock capital from a company by issuing stock market stock market a stock exchange where securities trading is carried out by professional stockbrokers subsidizing a grant from a government to a company swing music a style of jazz played by big bands in the 1930s tariff a state tax on imports or exports unemployment Organisation of employees negotiating with the employer

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