


☐

I'm not robot


reCAPTCHA

Continue

2003 ford ranger maintenance manual

Unfortunately, your request was denied. Error Code: 200 OK Published on 26 September, 2014 By Matt Evans File Size: 2.53 MB Other 2003 Ford Ranger Guide:2003 Ford Ranger - A Quick Guide To View the full-screen version of this guide click here. The manual cover of the Interactive PDF Guide to view the full-screen version of this guide click here. This owner manual was downloaded by a member of the OwnerManual.co, and can also be found on the manufacturers website here Manufacturer: Ford Body Type: 2015-10-23: Ford Ford-2003-Ford-Ranger-Owners-Guide-815094 Ford-2003-ford-ranger-owners-815094 Ford-pdf Open-directly PDF: PDF. Количество страниц: 256 «предупреждение: Документы, которые этот большой лучше всего просматривать, нажав на ссылку View PDF!» Введение 3Инструмент кластера 10Warning и управления огнями 10Gauges 13Встралительные системы 16AM/FM стерео 16AM/FM стерео с CD 18AM/FM стерео кассета с CD 30Climate Controls 39Manual отопления и кондиционирования воздуха 39Lights 42Headlamps 42Turn контроль сигнала 45Bulb замена 45Drivers 51DriversWindshield стеклоочиститель / шайба управления 51Steering регулировка колеса 52Power Windows 53Mirrors 53Speed управления 54Locks и безопасности 63Keys 63Locks 63Anti-theft системы 65Seating и безопасности ограничения 72Seating 72Safety ограничения 74Air сумки 86Child удерживающие устройства 96Table содержимого110Старт 110Brakes 115Трансмиссия операции 118Trailer буксировки 136Roadside Чрезвычайные ситуации 149Getting придорожной помощи 149Hazard мигалка переключатель 150Fuel насос выключение выключатель 150Fuses и ретрансляторы 151Изменяющие шины 161Jump начинала 167Wrecker буксировки 173Customer помощи 161Jump начинала 167Wrecker буксировки 173Customer помощи 173174Сообщая о дефектах безопасности (только в США) 182Cleaning 183Maintenance и спецификации 189Англия отсек 191Инженерное масло 195Battery 200Fuel информация 207Part номера 231Refill емкости 232Lubricant спецификации 235 Аксессуары 242Index 246Все права зарезервированы. Reproduction by any means, electronic or mechanical, in that there is photocopying, recording or any storage of information and the search system or translation in general or partially is not allowed without written permission from Ford Motor Company. Ford can change content without anything and without any obligation. Copyright © 2002 Ford Motor CompanyTable of Contents2 CALIFORNIA Offer 65 WarningWARNING: Engine exhaust, some of its components, and vehicle components contain or emit chemicals known to the state of California that cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. In addition, some of the liquids contained in vehicles and component wear products contain or emit chemicals known to the State of California, cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. REGRAUTSSives about buying your new Ford. Please take the time to get to know your car by reading this guide. The more you know and understand about your car, the more safety and tranquility will flow out of driving it. For more information about Ford Motor Company and its products, visit thefollowing website: In the United States: www.ford.comIn Canada: www.ford.caIn Australia: www.ford.com.auIn Mexico: www.ford.com.mxAdditional Owner Information is available in selected publications. This owner's guide describes every option and model option available and therefore some of the items covered may not apply to your part of the vehicle. Also, because of print cycles it can describe flooding before they are usually available. Be sure to hand over the owner's manual when reselling the vehicle. It is an integral part of the vehicle. In the event of an accident, the fuel pump switch will automatically disable the fuel supply to the electric pump. The switch can also be activated through a sudden vibration (such as a parking collision). To reset the switch, refer to the fuel pump switch in the roadside emergency chapter. IntroductionIntroduction3 SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENT PROTECTIONWarning symbols in this guide How can you reduce the risk of bodily harm and prevent possible damage for others, your car and its equipment? In this guide, the answers to such questions are contained in comments highlighted by the warningtriangle symbol. These comments should be read and read. Warning symbols on your car When you see this character, it's just that you refer to the therelevant section of this guide before going before the theme or attempting to adjust any kind. Environmental protection We all have a role to play in protecting the environment. Proper use and resolution to allow materials to be used to clean and clean up waste are significant steps towards achieving this goal. Information in this respect stands out in this guide with the symbol of the tree. BREAKING-IN YOUR VEHICLEYour car does not need extensive hacking. Try not to drive continuously at the same speed for the first 1,600 km (1000 miles) of new vehicle operation. Change your speed to allow parts to adjust to other parts. Drive your new car at least 800 km (500 miles) before towing an atrailler. Do not add friction modifier compounds or special break oils during the first few thousand kilometers (miles) of work, as these additives can prevent piston seating rings. For more information on oil consumption, see the Engine Oil chapter in the Myintenance chapter and specifications. Introduction4 SPECIAL NOTICESEmission warrantyThe new car limited warranty includes bumper-to-bumper, safety coating restrictions, corrosion coating, and 7.3LPower stroke diesel engine coverage. In addition, your has the right to guarantee defects and emissions. For a brief description of what is covered and what is not covered, contact the Guarantee Guide that is provided to you along with your owner'sGuide. Data recordingsComputers in your car are able to record datapotentially including, but not limited to information, such as: the use of restraint systems, including seat belts by the driver and passenger, information about the performance of various systems and modules in the vehicle, as well as information related to the engine, throttle, steering, brake or other systemstatus. Any of this data could potentially include information on how the driver is driving the vehicle potentially including but not limited to information about the vehicle's speed, braking or steering accelerator. This information may be stored during regular surgery or in the event of an accident or near an accident event. This stored information can be read out and used: Ford Motor Company, service and repair facilities. Introducing 5 Special Instructions For your extra safety, your car is equipped with sophisticated electronic controls. Please read the Additional Restriction System (SRS) section in the Seat and Security Restriction section chapter. Failure to follow specific warnings and instructions can lead to injury. The front seat, mounted at the back in front of the child or child seats, should be used in front of the passenger side air bag, unless the bag can be and off off. Note owners of pickup trucks and general type of vehiclesUtility vehicles have a significantly higher rollover speed than other types of vehicles. Before you drive, please read the owner's guide carefully. Your car is not a passenger car. As with other vehicles of this type, failure to drive this vehicle correctly can lead to loss of vehicle control, rollover of the vehicle, bodily injury or death. Don't forget to read Driving without road in driving head. Introduction6 Using your car with a snowplow Don't use this car for snowplows. Use your car as an ambulance Don't use this car as an ambulance. Your car is not equipped with Ford Ambulance PreparationPackage.Electric vehiclesFor specific information about the operation of your electric car, contact the Guide to the owner of the electric car Supplement.Middle East/North Africa vehicle specific informationFor your specific global region, your car can be equipped with facilities and options that are different from those described in this Guide to the owner; thus, an add-on has been provided that will complete this book. By referring to the pages provided by the vendor, you can correctly identify those features, recommendations, and that are unique to your car. Contact this OwnerGuide for all other necessary information and warnings. Introduction7 Here are some of the characters that you can see on your car. Symbol of the GlossarySafety Vehicle Alert See Owner's Guidefasten Air Belt Safety Bag-FrontAir Bag-Side SeatChild SeatChild SeatLowerAnchorChild Seat TetherAnchorBrake SystemAnti-Lock Brake SystemBrake Fluid - Non-Petroleum BasedTraction Control AdvanceTracMaster Lighting Switch Warning FlasherFog Lamp-front fuse CompartmentFuel Pump dropped the windshield, Wash/WipeWindshieldDefrost/DemistRear WindowDefrost/DemistIntroduction ReleaseSymbolPanic Alarm Engine OilEngine Coolant Engine CoolantTemperatureDo does not open when hot batteryAuroid smoking, flame, Or Sparks Battery AcidExplosive Gas Fan WarningPower Steering Liquid Maintenance of the correct liquid.LevelMAXMINEmission System AirPassenger CompartmentAir Filter JackCheck Fuel Cover Low Tire WarningIntroduction9 WARNING LIGHTS Warning light can glow when there is a problem with one of the functions of your car. Many lights will light up when you start your car to make sure thebulb is working. If any light remains on after the vehicle is launched, there is a system inspected immediately. Check the engine: Checking the Engineindicator light lights up when theignition first turned to ONposition to check the lamp. A solid glow after the engine was frequented indicates that the on-board diagnostic system (OBD-II) did not work. Refer to On-board Diagnostics (OBD-II) in my treatment and specifications chapter. If the light flashes, there is an engine that can damage the catalytic converter. Drivene moderate fashion (avoid strong acceleration and slowing down) and have your car serviced immediately. In engine misfire conditions, excessive exhaust temperatures can damage the catalytic converter, fuel system, interior coatings or other components of the vehicle, which can cause fire. Check the fuel cover: Lights up when the fuel cover may not be properly installed. Continuing driving with this light on can lead to CheckEngine warning light to come on, refer to the fuel filler cover in the maintenance and specification chapter. CHECKENGINECHECKFUELCAPInstrument ClusterInstrument Cluster10 Brake system warning light: To confirm that the braking system warning signal is functional, it will be continuously illuminated when activated when the engine is not working, or in a position between ON and START, or by applying the parking brake when the ignition is turned on in ONposition. If the braking system does not light up at this time, contact the dealership immediately for the service. Lighting after the parking brake indicates a low level of brake fluid or a failure of proportions to the braking systems, and the braking system should be checked immediately by your dealership service center. Driving warning of the braking system of the system on isdangerous. A significant decrease in braking characteristics can lead to a decrease. It will take you longer to stop the vehicle. Check the car at the dealer's place immediately. Anti-blocked braking system: If the light remains illuminated or the flash incontinence, a malfunction has been detected; service system immediately. A normal brake is still functioning if the brake warning light is also isilluminated. Airbag readiness: If this light does not light up when the ignition is turned on, continues to blink or remains, there is a system that is healthy. The chime will also sound when a malfunction in the additional containment system has been protected. Seatbelt: Reminds you to fasten your seat belt. There will also be a chime to remind you to fasten your security belt. Charging system: Lights up when the battery is not charged properly;1 BRAKEABSInstrument Cluster11 Gage Check: Lights when any of the following conditions hasoccurred: Engine cooling temperature is high. Door ajar: Lights up when the building is in on position and the door is open. Overdrive (if it is equipped): Highlights when the overdrive part of the transmission has been turned off, refer to the chapter. If the light is constantly flashing, the system will be serviced immediately. Four-wheeled low (if fitted): Illuminati when the four-wheeled low is engaged. Four wheels high (if equipped): Lights up when four wheels are high engaged. Itmay also highlight when 4WDLOW is engaged, refer to the driving chapter for more information. Anti-theft System: Flashes when 防盗-theft system. Speed control: Lights up when speed control is involved. Turn off when the speed control system shuts down. CHECKGAGEDOORAJARO/DOFF4WDLOWSPPEEDCONTinstrument Cluster12 Turn signal: Lights when the signal is turned on left or right turn or accidental lighting. If they stay on or blink faster, check the light bulb. High beams: Lights up when high beam lights are turned on. The key in the ignition warning chimes: Sounds when the key remains in the sign in the OFF/LOCK or ACC position and the driver's door is open. The headlights on the warning chime: Sounds when the headlights or headlights are on, the ignition is off (and the key is not in the ignition lock) and the driver's door is open. GAUGESSpeedometer: Indicates the speed of the vehicle. Cluster13 Engine Cold Temperature: Points to the coolanttemperature engine. If the needle is operating normally, the needle will be in the normal range (between H and C). If it enters the red section, the engine overheats. Stop the vehicle as soon as it is safe, turn off the engine and let the engine cool down. Never remove the lid of the liquid tank until the engine is running or hot. Odometer: Registers (miles) of the vehicle. Ride odometer: Registers thekilometers (miles) of individual jords. To reset, put on a control button. Tachometer: indicates the speed of the engine in revs per minute. Driving with a tachometer continuously at the top of the scale can damage the engine. CH10 MPH205060 7030408090km/h0 0 01010101010 0 0 0406080 1001201401601802020Instrument Cluster14 Battery Sensor: Indicates Battery Voltage When theignition is in position ON. If the point moves and stays outside the range of work (outlined by arrows), the electrical system is checked as soon as possible. Engine oil pressure sensor: Indicates motor oil pressure. Theneedle should remain in the normal range of operations (between L and H). If the needle falls below the range, stop the vehicle, turn off the engine and check the engine layer level. Add the oil if necessary. If the oil level is correct, check your car at the dealership or a qualified specialist. Fuel sensor: Indicates how much fuel is left in the fuel tank (when ignition is in ON position). Fuelgauge can vary slightly when thevehicle is on the move or on the class. For more information, contact TheMaintenance and Specificationschapter. LHHL tool cluster15 AM / FM STEREO1. Look for: Press/find thenext strong station down/up a rare lane.2. Setting up: Click/manually undo the radio frequency down/up.3. AM/FM: Press select edging lane in radio mode.1 2 3 4 am/FMSEKTONECKLTUNETONE VOL12FMST DXVOLPUSHON5367412AM/FMEntertainment SystemsEntertainment Systems16 4. Memory preset buttons: For station dial: Select the AM/FM frequency range; tune in to the station, press and set up a set button until the sound returns. Power/volume: Click to turn onON/OFF; to turn to an increase in volume levels ordecrease.6. Tone: Tap TONE to an undesirable level - Bass, Treble, Fadeappears on display. Rotate the control to lift/lower thelevels, or move the sound from right to left or front back (if equipped).7. CLK: To set the hour, click and hold the CLK until CLOCKSET appears on the display. PressSEEK reduce the orincrease of the clock. To set a minute, click and hold the CLK until the CLOCK set appears in thedisplay. Click TUNE to reduce or increase minutes.1 2 3 4TONECLKVOLPUSHONTONECLKMent systems 17 AM/FM STEREO/ SINGLE CD RADIO1. Balance: Press / to switch to left/right speaker.2. Fade: Press/for shiftsound on front/rear speakers.3. SCN (Scan): Click to hear a summary of the sampling of all listenabestations or CD tracks. Click again tostop.4. CLK: To Hour, click and treat CLK and click SEEK to increase or increase the hours. BASSCDDTREB BAL FADESCNCLKAMFMVOL - PUSH ONSEEK EJCOMPDISSCSTUNE123456FM1STSHUFFLECCDD14 15 16 17 18 123413658121117910CLKEntermert Systems18 For installation of the minute, press and retention CLKK CLK Click TUNE to reduce the number of minutes.5. EJ (ejection): Click to extract CD.6. COMP: In CDmode, click to bring louder and more complex levels to a more comfortable level. The compression icon (c) appears on display.7 Shuffle: Click to listen to the tracks on the CD at random. Click again to turn off.8. Memory presets: To set up astation: Select the AC/FM frequency band; tune in to the station. Tap and please the button until the sound comes back. This radio is equipped with six-step memory pre-installed controls that allow you to customize up to six AMstations and 12 FM stations (six in FM1 and six in FM2).9. CD: Tap and hold until a choice is reached.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

invalidated. When refueling, always turn off the engine and never allow to park or open the flame near the neck of the filler. Never smoke while you're out. Fuel vapor is extremely dangerous under certain conditions. Care should be taken to avoid inhaling excess fumes. The flow of fuel through the fuel pump nozzle can lead to static electricity, which can cause a fire if the fuel is pumped into an asfaund fuel container. Use the following guidelines to avoid static build-up when filling an oil fuel container: Place an approved fuel container on the ground. Maintenance and specifications209 Keep the fuel pump nozzle in contact with the fuel container while filling. The Fuel Filler CapYour Fuel Tank Filler Cover has an indexed design with 1/8 turn/offfeature. When refueling the car.1. Turn off the engine.2. Gently rotate the counterclockwise lid of the 1/8 turn to its feet. Pull out to remove the lid from the fuel filler pipe.4. To set the lid, line the tabs on the lid with cutouts on the filling pipe. Turn on the filler cover clockwise 1/8 turn until it stops. Check the fuel cap lights when the ignition is turned on in ONposition to make sure your lamp is running. When this light turns on, check the fuel filler lid. Continuing to operate the vehicle with Check FuelCap light, you can activate Service Engine Soon. If the filler lid is properly installed, the light (s) will turn off after the aperiode of normal driving. It may take a long period of time to detect an incorrectly installed fuel filler lid. If you have to replace the fuel filler cover, replace it with a fuel filler that is designed for your car. Customer warranty may be void for any damage to the fuel tank or fuel system if Ford or Motorcraft fuel filler cap is not used. The fuel system can be under pressure. If the fuel filler lid isventing steam or if you hear a wet sound, wait until it stops until the fuel filler lid is completely removed. Otherwise, the fuel may stretch and injure you or others. If you are not using the correct fuel filler cover, excessive orvacuum pressure in the fuel tank can damage the fuel system or cause the fuel cap to disconnect in a collision, which can lead to a possible injury. Maintenance and specification210 Choice of the right fuel We only UNLEADED FUEL. The use of lead fuel is prohibited by law and can damage your car. If your car is a flexible fuel vehicle (FFV), you only UNLEADEDFUEL and (E85) ETHANOL. The use of lead fuel is prohibited by law and can damage your car. Do not use fuel containing methanol. This can damage critical fuel systems. Your car has not been designed to use fuel or fuel additives with metal compounds, including manganese-based compounds containing MMT. Repairs to eliminate the effects of fuel for which your car has not been designed cannot be covered by your warranty. Octane recommendations don't worry if your enginesometimes knocks lightly. However, if it knocks heavily in mostdriving conditions while you use fuel with the recommended rating, see your dealer or qualified service specialist to prevent engine damage. Unleaded petrol enginesY car is designed to use the usual unleaded gasoline with (RM)2 octane number 87. We do not recommend the use of gasoline labeled as normal, which are sold with an octane number of 80 or lower in high-altitude areas. The FFV engine (if it is equipped) your car is designed to be used (E85) ethanol fuel, conventional unleaded gas or any percentage of the two fuel combined.U.U. government regulations require ethanol dispenser fuel in order to have a small, square, orange and black label with an acronym or corresponding percentage for this region. The use of other fuels such as methanol fuel can damage transmission, loss of vehicle performance, and yourwarranty may be invalid.87 (RM)2 METHANOLMaintenance and specifications211 Fuel qualityM world automakers have issued the World Fuel Charter, which declares gasoline specifications to provide improved performance and protection of the emissions control system for your car. Gasolines that have a global fuel charter used when available. Askyour is a fuel supplier about gasoline that meets the global FuelCharter.It there should be no need to add any aftermarket products to your fuel tank if you continue to use the high quality fuel recommended octane limit. Products of after-sales maintenance can cause damage to the fuel system. Repairs to deal with the effects of using an aftermarket product in your home cannot be covered by your warranty. Unleaded Unleaded If you experience starting, rough downtime or oscillating driveabilityproblems during a cold start, try another brand of regular unleaded. Premium unleaded gasoline is not recommended (especially in the United States) because it can cause these problems to become more pronounced. If problems persist, show your dealer or a qualified service professional. Your FFV engine (if it is equipped) will work well on conventional regular unleaded petrol, but of course high-quality fuel ethanol will provide the same level of protection and performance. To determine whether your car is a FFV, checkyour VIN or a label on the inside of the fuel filler door. When checking the VIN, look for an engine type ID (8th symbol). If your car is a FFV, then the symbol will be marked as V. If you drive your car 50% or more time on ethanol, you should follow a different maintenance schedule. For more information, see the Maintenans Plan Guide. If you experience rough or rolling downtime after running with theoutside temperatures above 27 degrees Celsius (80 degrees Fahrenheit), downtime should improve within 10 to 30 seconds. If problems persist below this temperature, seeyour the dealer or qualified service specialist. Cleaner AirFord approves the use of reformulated clean-burning gasoline to improve air quality. Running out of fuelAvoid run out of fuel because this situation can have an adverse affect on the transmission components. Maintenance and specifications212 If you run out of fuel: You may have to cycle the ignition from OFF to ON several times after checking to allow the fuel system to pump fuel from the tank into the engine. For more information about the Check the Engine indicator, contact Clustercheater, Fuel FilterFor, use the fuel filter replacement, contact the dealer or qualified professional. Contact the planned maintenance guide for the relevant alternatives to change the fuel filter. Replace the fuel filter with an authorized motorcraft. The supply warranty may be void for any damage to the fuel system if the permitted Motorcraft fuel filter is not in use. ESSENTIALS OF GOOD FUEL ECONOMYMeasuring techniquesYour the best source of information about actual fuel economy is you, thedriver. You have to collect information as accurately and consistently as possible. Fuel costs, filling frequency or fuel sensor readings are not accurate as fuel economy measures. We do not recommend measuring savings within the first 1,600 km (1,000 miles) of engine hacking (period of hacking You will get more accurate learning after 3,000 km-5000 km (2,000 miles-3,000 miles). Filling the fuel tank on your car is equal to the calculated fuel tank recharge capacity, as listed in Refill Refill this chapter. The advertised capacity is the amount of the specified capacity and the reserve combined. This capacity is a difference in fuel in a full tank and a tank when the fuel sensor indicates a shortage of fuel. An empty reserve is a small amount of fuel left in the fuel tank after the fuel sensor indicates a void. The amount of fuel used in an empty reserve varies and should not be relied upon to increase the range. When refueling yourvehicle after the fuel sensor indicates empty, you might not be able to refuel the entire amount of your advertised fuel tank power because of the empty reserve still present in the tank. Maintenance and specifications213 For consistent results when filling the fuel tank: Turn the engine/ignition switch into a switch before refueling, an error in readings will cause the engine to remain operational, preferably a national brand. Your results will be most accurate if your filling method is consistent. Fuel economy calculation1. Fill the fuel tank completely and light up the initial odometer readings (kilometers or miles).2. Every time you fill a tank, write down the amount of fuel added (in gallons of the writer).3. After at least three to five tank fillings, fill the fuel tank and notice the current odometer.4. Subtract the original odometer reading from the current odometer.5. Follow one of the simple calculations in order to determine fuel economy. Calculate 1: Multiply the litres used by 100 and then divide into totalkilometers traveled. Calculation 2: Divide the total number of miles by driving by the total gallons used. Take a record for at least one month and record the type of driving (urban highway). This will give an accurate estimate of the fuel economy of the car in the current driving conditions. In addition, keeping records in summer and winter will show how temperature affects fuel economy. In general, lower temperatures provide lower fuel economy. Driving style – good driving and fuel-saving habitsGive attention to the lists that follow and you may be able to change the number of variables and improve fuel economy. Maintenance and specifications214 Habits Smooth, moderate operation can give up to 10% fuel economy, slowing down can eliminate the need to stop, down gradually. Driving at reasonable speeds (travelling at 89 km/h, 55 mph uses 15% less fuel than traveling at 105 km/h (65 mph). Follow the maintenance schedule and maintenance check of the owner found in your vehicle maintenance manual. Conditions heavy vehicle loading or towing of a trailer can reduce fuel economy at any speed. Driving on hilly terrain. Transmissions give their best fuel economy when working in topcruise gears and with sustained pressure on the gas pedal. The EPA box stickerEvery new car should have an EPA window sticker. Contact your driver if the window sticker doesn't come with your car. The EPAwindow sticker should be your guide to comparing fuel economy with other vehicles. It is important to note the box in the bottom left corner of the window sill. These figures represent the L/100 km (MPG) range expected on a vehicle under optimal conditions. Fuel economy can vary depending on the method of work and conditions. EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEMYour is equipped with a variety of emission control components and an acatalytic converter that will allow your car to meet inapplicable exhaust emission standards. To make sure that the catalytic converter and other emission control components continue to work in a good way: Use only the specified fuel listed. Turn off the ignition while your car is driving, especially at high speeds. The planned maintenance elements listed in the planned maintenance are essential for the life and performance of your vehicle and its operating system. Maintenance and specifications216 If other than Ford, Motorcraft or Ford-authorized parts are used to replace mold or to maintain components affecting control, such non-Ford parts should be equivalent to genuine Ford Motor Company parts in performance and durability. Do not park, stand idle or hovt your car in dry grass or other dry coating. The emissions system heats the propulsion and exhaust system, which can lead to fire. Check Engine light, a charging system that alerts temperature light, fluid leaks, strange smells, smoke or engine power loss, may indicate that the emissions control system is not working properly. Exhaust leaks can cause harmful and potentially flight-long fumes to enter the passenger compartment. Don't make any unauthorized changes to your car or engine. By-laws, vehicle owners and anyone who manufactures, repairs, services, sells, rents, trades vehicles or controls a fleet of vehicles, have no right to intentionally remove the emissions control device or interfere with its operation. Information about your vehicle's emissions system is on the vehicle emission control information d-release located in or near the territory. This sticker identifies engine movement and gives some settings for upsifications. Please consult your Guarantee Guide for a full warranty. On board diagnostics (OBD-II) your car is equipped with a computer that controls the engine system control system. This system is widely known as the OnBoard Diagnostic System (OBD-II). This OBD-II system protects the surrounding war by ensuring that your car continues to meet emissions standards. The OBD-II system also helps a service specialist in the proper maintenance of your car. When checkEngine/Service Engine soon lights up, the OBD-II system is comforted by a malfunction. Temporary malfunctions can cause your CheckEngine/Service Engine to catch fire soon. Examples:1. The car ran out of fuel. (The engine can misfire or runpoorly.) Poor quality of fuel or water in fuel. Maintenance and specifications217 3. The fuel cap may not have been reliably tightened. These temporary faults can be fixed by filling the fuel tank with good fuel quality and/or properly tightening the fuel cover. After three cycles Without these or any other temporary faults, Check Engine/Service Engine should soon turn off the lights. (The driving cycle consists of a cold engine start followed by driving.) No additional vehicle services are required. If Check Engine/Service Engine is soon available, rein in your vehicle at the earliest opportunity. Testing/maintenance readiness (IM) in some locations may be a legal requirement for an IM test of the onboard diagnostic system. If your Engine/Service EngineSoon Light check, refer to the description in the Warning Lights section andchimes heads of cluster tools. Your car cannot pass the IM test with a check engine/service engine speeding. If the vehicle's transmission system or battery has just been trained, the on-board diagnostic system is discharged into a state of not ready to test on IM. To prepare the onboard diagnostic system for testing IM, it takes 30 minutes to drive around the city and highway. Allow the vehicle to sit for at least eight hours without running theengine. Then start the engine and complete the above driving cycle. England should warm up to normal operating temperatures. Once started, don't turn off the engine until the higher driving cycle is complete. Maintenance and specifications218 CHECKING AND ADD POWER STEERING FLUID-2.3L 14 Engine 3.0L V6 engine 4.0L V6 engineONOT OVERFILL POWERPOWER STEERINGIOMaintenance and Specifications219 Check the steering fluid. Check for a scheduled repair for service intervals. If you need to add liquid, use mostly MERCON®B ATF-1. Start the engine and let it run until it reaches normal operating temperature (the engine fluid temperature indicator will beneer the center of the normal area between H and C).2. While the engine is idle, turn the steering wheel left and right several times. Turn off the engine.4. If your car is powered by a 3.0L V6 engine, check the liquid level on the dipstick. It should be within the full range of HOT. Do not greed liquid if the level is within that range. If your car is equipped with a 4.0L SOHC V6 or 2.3L I4engine, check the liquid level in the tank. It should be between the MIN and MAX lines. Do not add liquid if the level is within that range.6. If the liquid is low, add the liquid in small amounts, continuously checking the level until it reaches the full HOT range. Be sure to put the wand back in the tank. BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR Levels of liquid will slowly fall as the brakes wear and will increase when the brake components are replaced. Fluid levels below the MAX line that do not cause the brake system to be within normal range, there is no need to top fluid. If fluid levels are outside the normal range, the performance of the braking system be compromised, seekservice from your dealer immediately. FLUID CLUTCH (IF EQUIPPED)Check the level of liquid. Contact your scheduled maintenance guide for service intervals. During normal operation, the level of liquid in the clutch tank should remain constant. If the level of liquid falls, fill the level of the liquid to the steppe of the tank. Use only the DOT 3 brake fluid designed to match the FordESA-M6C25-A specification. Refer to the lubricant specifications in this chapter. MAXMaintenance and specification220 Brake fluid is toxic. If the brake fluid comes into contact with the eyes, rinse your eyes with running water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if the situation persists. If taken internally, drink water and induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention. Clean the lid of the tank before preventing dirt and water from entering the reservoir2. Remove the lid and rubber aperture from the tank.3. Add the liquid until the level reaches the tank.4. Reinstall the rubber aperture and cap on the reservoir. TRANSMISSION FLUIDChecking automatic fluid transmission (if equipped)Refer to your scheduled maintenance manual for scheduled intervals to check for fluid and change. Your transmission does not consume fluids. However, the level of fluid should be checked if the transmission does not work properly, i.e. if the transmission slips or shifts slowly, or if younotice some signs of fluid leakage. The automatic transmission of the liquid expands when heated. To get a check of the anacurate fluid, drive the vehicle until it is in normal operation (approximately 30 km (20 miles). Until it reaches normal operation. Park the vehicle on the roving surface and leave the parking brake. Maintenance and specifications221 3. With the parking brake engaged and your foot on the brake pedal, start the engine and move the gear lever through all the gearranges. Give each of them enough time to participate. Latch the gear lever in the P (Park) and leave the engine running.5. Remove the dipstick by wiping it clean with a clean, dry lint-free rag. If not, refer to the component identification in the engine compartment in this chapter for dipstick.6 location. Set the dipstick making sure it sits completely in Tube.7. Remove the dipstick and check the level of the liquid. This liquid should be in the designated place for normal operating temperature or ambient temperature. Low fluid levels Do not drive the vehicle if the fluidlevel is at the bottom of the dipstickand the ambient temperature isabove 10 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit). The correct level of liquid transmission of liquid should be checked at a normal operating temperature6 degrees Celsius on the rooing of the surface. Normal operational empire can be achieved about 30 km (20 miles) away. You can check the liquid without driving if the ambient temperature isabove 10 degrees Celsius (50 degrees Fahrenheit). However, if the liquid is added at this time, the over-spilling can result when the vehicle reaches normal operating theatre. The transmission fluid should be in this range if at normal operating temperature (66 degrees Celsius - 150 degrees Fahrenheit). The transmission fluid should be in this range if at ambient temperature (10 degrees Celsius-35 degrees Celsius). Maintenance and specifications222 High levels of fluid flu levels above the safe range can lead to transmission failure. Overflowing transmission states can cause shift and /orengagement problems and/or settlement damage. High levels of fluid can be caused by overheating. By regulating the levels of automatic fluid transmission before adding any liquid, make sure the right type is used. The type of fluid used is usually indicated on the dipstick, as well as in the specification section oilubricant in this chapter. The use of unspecified liquid automatic transmission can damage the transmission component. If necessary, add the liquid to 250 ml (1/2 pint) increments through the filler until the level is correct. If overfilled, excess fluid can be removed by a qualified technician. The condition of the fluid overflow can cause shift and/or engagement and/or possible damage. Do not use additional fluid transfer additives, treatments or cleaning products. The use of these materials can affect transmissionoperation and damage the internal transmission components. Maintenance and specifications223 Check and add liquid manual transmission (if it is equipped)1. Clean plug 2.filter. Remove the filter fork and analyze the level of the liquid3. The level of liquid should be on the bottom of the hole.4. Add enough liquid through the filling hole so that the liquid level at the bottom of the hole. Set and tighten fill plugsecurly. Use only liquid that matches Ford specifications. Refer to LubricantSpecifications in this chapter. Maintenance and specifications224 Check and add transmission fluid (if equipped)1. Clean plug 2.filter. Remove the filter fork and analyze the level of the liquid.3 Add just enough liquid through the filler opening so that the fluidlevel is at the bottom of the theopening. Use only liquid that matches Ford specifications. Contact LubricantSpecifications in this chapter. DriveLINE UNIVERSAL JOINT AND SLIP YOKEYour can be equipped with universal compounds that require insulation. Contact your maintenance plan for maintenance. If the original universal joints will be replaced by universal joints, numbing lubricating fittings, then grease will also be required. Maintenance and specifications225 INFORMATION ABOUT UNIFORM TIRE GRADINg the tires that have a rating on them are called Tye quality classes. The quality can be found where the tyres applied on the side wall between the shoulder of the tread and the width of the section. Forexample: Treadwear 200 Traction AA Temperature ATThese Tire Class quality is determined by the standards that the United States Department of Transportation has set. Tire quality assessments apply to new pneumatic tyres for use on passenger cars. They do not apply to deep tread, winter type of snow tires, Space-saver or temporary use of spare tires, tires with nominal rimdiameters of 10 to 12 inches or limited production tires, as defined in Title 49 of the Federal Code of Regulation Part 575.104 (c)(2).U.S. Department of Transportation-Tire quality classes: The U.S. Department of Transportation requires Ford to give you the following information about tire classes just as the government has written it. TreadwearThe treadwear class is a comparative rating based on the tire wear rate when tested in controlled conditions on a given government test course. For example, a 16 graded tire will be worn one and a half (1 1/2) times, and on a government course as a tregaded 100. The relative performance of tires depends on the actual conditions of their use, however, and can significantly deviate from thenorm due to changes in driving habits, service practices, and sensitivity in road characteristics and climate. The traction of AA A B CThe traction classes, from the highest to the lowest are AA, AA, A, B, and C. Thegrades represent the ability of the tires to stop on a wet sidewalk as measuredunder controlled conditions on certain state test surfaces and concrete. C-marked tyres can have poor traction. The maintenance and specifications of the 226 Traction Class assigned to this tyre are based on braking traction tests and do not include rotation, hydraulic or peak thrust characteristics. Temperature A B CTHmo temperature grades A (highest), B and C representing theirre's resistance to heat generation and its ability to dissipate heat when tested in controlled conditions on a specified indoor laboratory wheel. Sustained high temperatures can result in the degeneration of tyre material and shorten tyre lifespans, and excessive temperature can cause tyres to fail. The C Class corresponds to the level of performance that all passenger car tyres must meet the Federal Vehicle Safety Standard No. 109. Classes B and A represent higher levels of performance on a lab test wheel than the minimum required bylaw. The temperature class for this tyre is set for a tire that is properly inflated and not overloaded. Excessive speed, under-inflation or loading, separately or in combination, can lead to a build-up of heat and a possible failure of the tires. SERVICING YOUR TIRESChecking tyre pressureUse precise tyre pressure tyre pressure when the tyres are cold, after the vehicle has been parked for at least one hour or has been driven less than 5km (3 miles). Information about tyre pressure can also be found on the The Tire Information label located on the inside of the fuel filler door. Incorrectly inflated tyres can affect the handling of the vehicle and may result in loss of control, overturning of the vehicle and/or injury. Maintenance and specifications227 Tire RotationS While your car's tires perform a variety of tasks, they often wear out in a variety of way. To make sure your tyres wear evenly and longer, rotate as indicated in the maintenance manual. If you notice that the tires wear unevenly, sell them. Maintenance and specification228 Tire Replacement Place tires when the wearband is visible through the tire mount. Because of the impact on the elements and exhaust, you should remove the spare tyres when you replace your tires. Never mix radial tyres with offset straps or orbis tyres when replacing full tyres. Use only the sizes of the tires listed on the Certification label. Make sure all tyres are the same size, acceleration and payload. Use only combinations of tyres that have been tested on the label. If you do not comply with these precautions, the handling of your vehicle may be affected, which may result in loss of control of the vehicle, rollover of the vehicle and/or bodily injury. Make sure that all replacement tyres are the same size, type, speed rating, payload and tread design (e.g. AllTerrain, Touring, etc.) as originally proposed Ford.Do do not replace tyres with high performance or larger tyres. Failure to do so may adversely affect the handling of the vehicle and increase the risk of loss of control of the vehicle, rollover of the vehicle and/or bodily harm. Tires that are larger or smaller than your car's original tires can also affect the accuracy of your speedometer. Maintenance and specification229 SNOW TIRES AND CHAINSDriving too fast for conditions creates the possibility of losing control of the vehicle. Driving at very high speeds for long periods of time can damage vehicle components. Snow tires should be the same size and class as the tires that you can have on your car. The tires on your car have all the weather treads to provide inrain and snow traction. However, in some climatic conditions, snowpows and chains may need to be used. If you need to use Tires and chains, it is determined that steel wheels are used the same size and specialization as those that are originally installed. Follow these guidelines when using snow tires and chains: Do not use tire chains on aluminum wheels. Wheels, can chip the wheel. Use only SAE Class S chains. Set the circuits securely, checking that the circuits do not touch any wires, brake lines or fuel lines. If you hear a chain rub or a blow to yourvehicle, stop and tighten the chain again. If this does not work, remove the chains to prevent damage to your car. Do not use chains on dry roads. Do not remove these components from your car when using snow tires and chains. Maintenance and specifications230 MOTORCRAFT PART NUMBERSComponent 2.3L I4engine3.0L V6 engine 4.0L V6 engineAir filterelementFA-1658 FA-1658 FA-1658FA-1658Fuel filter FG-1002 FG-1002 FG-1002Battery BXT-59 BXT-59 BXT-59OIL FL-59OIL filter FL-594005 FL-4005 FL-820SPCV EV-227 EV-130 EV-225Spark connects to AWSF-32FEM AWSF-3 AGSF-34FP Refer to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for information about the sparkplug clearance: Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders 4, 5 and 6 have a P suffix. Maintenance and specifications231 REFILL CAPACITYESFluid Ford PartNameApplication CapacityEngine oil (includes filter change)Motorcraft AWSF-32PP AGSF-22PP AGSF-34FP Link to Vehicle Emissions Control Information (VECI) sticker for sparkplug gap information. Cylinders 1, 2 and 3 have a PG suffix. Cylinders