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## How to smooth scroll on scratchy nib

If a person likes to write with a fountain pen, it's probably for several reasons. At the top of the list is the pen feel on the paper as it glides effortlessly across the surface. Writing with a scratched tip, on the other hand, is a less enjoyable activity. Anyone who uses fountain pens regularly has had this other experience. While we offer our own repair services as well as free nib adjustment on any pen or nib unit purchased from us, I've often been asked if there's anything that can be done at home to cure a scratched tip. The answer is potentially yes, but I'm concerned that healing sometimes creates more problems than it solves. The following discussion is based on the steps I take to solve a scratched writing pen. This tip is emerging on the left tine. If a tip you wrote earlier gently suddenly got scratched, it probably suffered some kind of trauma. The most common is misalignment. If beaten or dropped one of the cans can move relative to the other. This is the first thing to look for. Misalignment places one end ahead of the other on the paper, exposing a sharp internal margin of tipping to the paper. It can also wreak havoc with consistent ink flow. To see tipping out of alignment, a ten-power magnifying glass is required for those of us with deadly eyes. The following procedure is only for the brave, who realize that the pen can end up in other hands for the problem to be solved. Or it's for a pen that's a trainer's pen not necessarily a writer. Pushing up on the right and left in succession, we see if the tipping is balanced. Hold the magnifying glass near the eye as you point the tip of the pen toward the magnifying glass. This all happens a few inches from your face. Look for a symmetrical arrangement close to tipping, with both tips on the same level and little or no space between the iridium forms. (A very firm tip will have a very small gap, where a flexible tip will be touching.) If you see one side more than 5% above the other, test the tips by gently moving the bottom side up with the nail. If it rises an equal amount of 5% above the first side, try the other side to see if it rises again to its original position. If that's what happens and the cans are firm type, you have a well-balanced tip. If one side is well above the other and always averages there, you've isolated the likely reason for scratches. This is a well balanced nib OK, if this is the case, look to see if the tip is centered on the feed. Push from the shoulder and not from the tip. If you have gone too far, gently push again on the other side, this time care to move the tip only a small amount. Repeat this process process the slot aligned, but this discussion is for another time.) Always, the test of a well-adjusted tip is on paper and inked. The ink acts as a lubricant and the paper offers resistance. If the tip still feels scratches, it may have sharp corners or edges that are picking up on the paper. At this point, I like to draw large circles and ask myself where in the circle and, using pencil, mark the part of the bow where the scratch occurs. So, going back to the magnifying glass or to a microscope if you have one, look for that advantage. It is most likely on the inner margin, where the crack meets the writing surface. Now comes the tricky part. You will need some Micromesh 10,000. It comes as 3 by 6 sheets of abrasive in a rubberized fabric. I like instead of a hard abrasive surface, like an Arkansas rock or Mylar discs, because it gives, sinking under the weight of the tip. I like to put the Micromesh in a small stack of newspaper, to add to the cushion and the sinking effect. With ink on the pen, move it in the Micromesh two or three times toward the scratch. Return the tip to the paper and draw this circle again. If you took the sharp tip or corner against the abrasive, it should have gone away. Repeat the process taking care to observe the effect of smoothing with its ten-power magnifying glass. Caution: Micromesh, although leaving a polished surface, is extremely aggressive. Overuse can remove the tipping material from the tip end. This smoothing process can yield the exact opposite of the intended result. It can create a flat foot at the tip, making sharp edges in all directions. Because someone else often doesn't like a person's taste at the tip of a pen, the smoothing process is more art than science. Below is a list of attributes that various hints may contain that will appear positive in one light and negative in another. Understanding these parameters will help the writer choose their own appointments. 1. Extra-thin stitch. By being able to very small marks, it is able to make annotations in margins. Currently there are several types of disposable pens that make extremely thin marks and are not difficult to use. These pens operate differently from fountain pens and may be the best solution for some writing situations. But we all know our own reasons for choosing to write with these instruments. Preferred by most of our grandparents, the extra-thin spot can be very readable. But if used with everyone but the lighter touch, the extra-thin point will have excessive tooth and will be experienced as scratched. This factory Pelikan M800 BB nib of some problems. First, tipping is not aligned and second, note that the place where the ink would touch the paper is concave and would not touch. 2. Round the inner margins. Many pen tips today are sold with rounded inner margins. This is the roundness in the place where the crack meets the paper. Manufacturers do this to ensure the goodstay. However, skipping can result. If the ink does not reach the paper when the tip touches, the writing can be frustrated with the jump, especially in the initial course. Some work with Micromesh may break the tip so that it does not jump. By removing some material from the tip, the slit is brought closer to the writing surface, making it possible to intimatecontact between ink and paper. (But see the warning above.) A scratched flat toe tip 3. Creating a foot. The foot will act as an airplane under which the paint will flow. When working with a light pressure, on the right paper and at the right angle, the tip will hydroplanar. This effect can happen for one person and not for another. It can also be evasive. The plane required for this purpose, if it has sharp edges can pick up and drag. A tip with one foot can be heaven or hell. Side view of a 4-foot flat tip. High angle foot at the angle where the writer's tip touches the paper, each person's foot is slightly different. Most people write holding the pen about 55 degrees above the paper. Those who prefer a higher angle or lower angle may find that the way the tip is cut is not good for them. Again, using straightening cloth, a new foot can be customized at home, which seems right for the writer. (See warning above.) 5. Wet tips write without problems. All things being equal, a wet writing tip will feel smoother than a dry one because the ink acts as a lubricant and the more ink under the tip the softer the pen will feel. A pen that delivers too much ink can be a nuisance, leaving a wet mark that takes a long time to dry and bleed on paper. Bleeding reduces readability and may be less attractive. A simple adjustment can be used to increase the ink flow of a tip. Decreasing is more difficult, so beware of excess of this adjustment is not for the faint of heart, as the tip can be easily made to write more scratched if the cans do not balance. (See paragraph 2 at the top of this article.) Increased ink flow Increase ink flow: Holding the pen on a large open table with the tip of the tip upright, and looking at the bottom of the tip (feeding), grab each shoulder of the tip with its thumbnails. Gently pull out while gently pressing on the top of the There's better to have light coming from behind so you can see the crack open. Proceed with caution, testing the pen after each effort. Because the tip will need to need Tested after every try, you'll want to have paper towels on the ready and not be going for an engagement dinner, as you'll probably get ink on your fingers. Decreasing ink flow can be accomplished by pinching the shoulders evenly. As can be seen from the above, a smooth tip is the result of various dynamics. The process of balancing a tip requires skill and patience. The rewards are great, but the traps abound. A version of this article was first published in THE MAGAZINE PENnant in February 2006. PENnant is the magazine of Pen Collectors of America. Learn how to smooth out a scratched fountain pen using tools and products you probably already have at home. Remodeling and polishing a scratched tip so that it slides over the paper is an art. The principles can be simple (aligning the tips, rounding and disbursing sharp edges and points that would otherwise fall on paper), but much patient practice is required to become truly adept. Unfortunately, we do not have time to give individual instructions on tip smoothing, especially given that many of the techniques are not easily explained in writing. Fortunately, useful information is available in a number of repair manuals, including the various factory original reprints available through the PCA Reference Library. Much useful material is also found on the website of John Mottishaw nibs. There are also an increasing number of reference sites to be found searching under nib smoothing. Learning to soften your own tips is very rewarding, so don't let yourself try. An expert may be able to get a smoother tip, but that doesn't mean that a significant improvement is not achievable for the amateur, even on the first attempt. This is particularly true with newly made fountain pens, many of which have nibs that are properly ground but have no adjustments and final adjustments

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