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### 3.1 section assessment biology answers

Six levels of ecological organization - species, population, community, ecosystem, biome and biosphere. The species is a group of organisms that multiply with each other, producing offspring that are fertile. Organisms of the same species, persevering in the same area, form a population. The hromada is a group of different populations living in a particular region. The ecosystem consists of all organisms living together and their environment. Several ecosystems that share similar characteristics, such as climate and have the same types of organisms living in them, make up biom. The biosphere consists of all over the planet with its organisms and environment. You can help us by reviewing, improving and updating this answer. Update this reply Once you claim the answer you will have 24 hours to send to the draft. Editor view and publish your view or provide feedback. Next Reply Chapter 3, Biosphere - 3.1 - What is ecology? - 3.1 Rating - Page 68: 1b Previous response Chapter 2, Chemistry of Life - Standardized Text Prep - Page 59: 10 Biology Biology Pg. 68 1a. see the explanation. 2 answ 1b. See the explanation. 1 answ 2b. See the explanation for replying 1 answ 3a. see the explanation. 1 answ 3b. One of the ecological phenomena we can study through modeling is the tsunami effect in the marine ecosystem and on the coast. Because a tsunami is too complex and too dangerous to study in a real environment, the model can be useful in understanding conditions, specifically how tsunamis are formed, how it can be detected, and how it can hurt the ecosystem. Thus, people can be prepared for this natural disaster by building structures to help prevent damage and protect the ecosystem. 3 answ 4. 2 answ 59 pages 72