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Six degrees of separation theory pdf

The six-degree separation theory states that any resident of the earth could meet everyone in the world with no more than six or less interconnectedness between them and another person. Be it through acquaintances, friends or their family members. On that note, you've ever considered how easy it would suit your favorite writer. Or perhaps from a group of members that you've been a fan for years. Well, according to six degrees of separation theory, this is possible. With this theory, we can get to any person on the planet using no more than five intermediaries. For example, imagine that you want to meet Will Smith and that perhaps you have a relative who works for an advertising agency. In addition, perhaps your current boss, who once lived in LA, knew an artist representative who visited their neighborhood's coffee shop. And they, in turn, work with a musician who sometimes collaborates on the television show Fresh Prince Bel-Air. Indeed, it sounds like a spiral, but you'll be surprised at how easy you can communicate with an actor if you try. The origin of the six-degree separation theory was originally suggested by hungarian writer Frigyes Karinthy, in the year 1930, a story called Chain-Links. According to the writer, the idea of a six-degree separation theory is based on the fact that the number of people known grows exponentially with the number of relationships in the chain. So, how to do this theory, one only needs a small number of links to get to everyone in the world. In addition, there is discussion at length regarding this concept in sociologist Duncan Watts's book Six Degrees: Science connected age. One of the most powerful network practices is to provide instant value for a new connection. This means taking action as soon as you identify a way to help someone. -Lewis Howes-how it works Of course, the six-degree separation theory is a formula, and it determines the average number of people that each person can know. According to the theory, every person in the world knows about 100 people among friends, family and colleagues, although in principle, it can be difficult to list a hundred people we know. Still, you might be quick to look at a friends list on any of your social networks to realize that this is not only possible, but quite common. Well, if each of your 100 acquaintances is connected somehow to another 100 people, then the number will rise to 10,000 just in the second link chain. However, you don't really know most of these thousands of people. However, they should be easily accessible by asking your friends or family to introduce them to you. Of course, this theory also believes that from your 100 personal connections, no one could have a mutual connection to 10,000. However, this is not the case if the real world. You must also take into account that it is quite possible that many of your acquaintances are, in fact, associated with more than 100 people. So, it would balance it all. Returning to the chain, in the third link you could increase the number of people you could possibly meet with 1,000,000 and 1,000,000 in the fourth link. By the fifth one you will reach 10,000,000,000 people and 1,000,000,000,000 people to the sixth level. This amount far exceeds the total population of the planet. So the relationships that the members of the chain have in common could be compensated without problems. Six degrees of separation and networking This concept is closely linked to networking. It is therefore a professional and business practice based on the creation of a stable and useful network of contacts. Moreover, because networking is quite an effective way to get a job; then, it is highly encouraged among university students hoping to integrate into the work force. At this point, the six-degree separation theory comes into play. This is a way to create interesting and profitable professional relationships. Think of another example: the hotel doorman knows the owner of the hotel. And they, in turn, know the owner of another, more prestigious hotel. He or she, in turn, knows a senior government official who's going to know the president. As you can see, with only five connections, you've gone from hotel doorman to president. Note that such connections do not necessarily need to be too close or intimate. In fact, in most cases they will not. In addition, you do not need intimate connections to establish relationships with mutual acquaintances. Having the skills to build relationships with someone in a seemingly simple way is incredibly useful for professional opportunities. Also, it's kind of entertaining to think about how many relationships you might need to be able to reach almost anyone in the world. 编辑 锁定 讨论 上传视频 本词条缺少信息栏、概述图,补充相关内容使词条更完整,还能快速升级,赶紧来编辑吧! 第第猜想为,第第Six Grade Separation. 第以第几种: 第度第割第、 第度第以及第 你和任何一个陌生人之间所间隔的人不会超过六个,也就是说,最多通过六个人你就能够认识任何一个陌生人。 这就是六度空间理论,也叫小世界理论。 In the 1960s, Stanley Milgram, a social psychologist at Yale University, designed a chain of letter experiments. He accidentally sent a set of letters to 160 people living in Omaha, Nebraska, under the name of a Boston stockbroker, asking each recipient to send a letter to a friend he thought was closer to the stock exchange's superstit. A friend will do it after receiving the letter. After all, most of the letters came to the stock exchange after five or six steps. The six-degree space concept comes into play. This chain experiment embodies a seemingly universal objective rule: socialized members of modern human society can be associated with a six-degree space, and there is absolutely no link between A and B. It is a more typical, deeper and more universal natural phenomenon. So how to use mathematical theory to uncover the six-degree-sharing phenomenon? This is another important mathematical assumption in the field of modern mathematics. It's a bit like a map next to a color problem, but next to the color problem can be accurately demonstrated by mathematical methods (i.e. only need to use no more than 4 colors), and the 6-degree segmentation theory I personally estimate that only with an incomplete generalization to form a hypothesis, the social model is still much more complex than a two-dimensional map model! The phenomenon of separation of six degrees does not mean that any link between any person must occur at six levels, but rather expresses an important concept: all two people who do not know each other by certain means of communication can always create an inevitable connection or relationship. It is clear that, as contact information and contact information vary, the chances of achieving individual expectations will have a significant impact. It seems that the six degree separation theory is very interesting, look for some information to see the study, its use will really be very effective. No matter how esoteric theory may be, the intimate combination of six degrees of separation and the Internet begins to show commercial value. In recent years, more and more attention has been paid to researching social networks, and many web software, together known as social software, has begun to support people to build more trust and close social connections. Blog, for example, is a kind of social software because the personality and continuity required for blog writing has made a blogger circle, a typical object, more and more like a real-life interpersonal circle. According to Mao Xianghui, who studies social software, it is now more popular abroad for fast friends, or a tool for business contacts like LinkedIN. People can find people who share their interests around the world, find business opportunities more easily, reach understanding and communication between different ethnic groups, etc. Aggregation as a social research site also has practical value. Scientists at Cornell University have developed an algorithm that can identify the sudden growth of certain word articles that can be used to quickly identify recent trends and hot issues, thus filtering important information more effectively. In the past, many search methods have used a simple method of calculating the frequency of text/phrase appearance, while ignoring the increasing speed of text usage. If this approach is applied to advertisers, you can quickly identify potential demand styles. Social, internet, geography, business, blog, these words you may have numb it. But once they provide the opportunity to find business value by aggregating them, it's not just the online world that is changing. Although six degrees are a sociological theory, but in fact it is more like a mathematical theory, many people say that the problem of six degrees and four colors is the same. In my opinion, the six-degree theory is a good example of the connections and connections between the

different nodes under the eye structure (our human society), but it is incomplete and not sufficient to guide our practice. (1) Relationship strength – the question of weight The first six degrees confirmed the universal link between humans, but does not begin a quantitative analysis of these relationships. We can know hundreds of people's lives, some of them are very important to me, some of them are of little importance to me, the reasons and methods of our contact are also very different, there are parents and relatives, such as birth and characteristic ties, but also because of the geographical proximity of development, such as neighboring relationships, but also because of the overall learning and life and development of students, colleagues. The six-degree theory just boils them all down to the compound, not strong or weak breaking. In the structure of the eye, the relationship between man and person must be weighted, and here six degrees are mangled. (2) The difference between arrival and connection – Goals and results of the 1960s, Stanley Milgram, a social psychologist at Yale University, designed a chain letter experiment. He accidentally sent a set of letters to 160 people living in Omaha, Nebraska, under the name of a Boston stockbroker, asking each recipient to send a letter to a friend he thought was closer to the stock exchange's superstit. A friend will do it after receiving the letter. After all, most of the letters came to the stock exchange after five or six steps. The six-degree division concept (also known as six space degrees) comes into play. This story is known to many six-degree enthusiasts and is tinged as the Bible. But I invite you to pay attention to this story and the concept of our popular SNS website is important to test. In this story, the letter reaches the Boston stockbroker's hand right, but please note that every friend's relationship hasn't changed throughout the process. Yes, it's important news in this story, and what we see SNS site that we want to switch between users? It's a contact, it's a friend. Friend. (3) The cost and incentive of transmission – dampening problems in Stanley Milgram experiments and torch experiments, don't cost or it seems to cost 0. But is it true that the cost is 0? For everyone to put a letter at a very low cost, changing the msn name is not a cost, but these people are willing to do it, in fact, looking at the faces of friends, so what is the cost here actually? It is the Chinese about human debt, the so-called cost of relations. No one likes a person who needs help all day long to help that person, the person's debt and money debt, back to be returned, that's the cost of sending. After the torch train experiment we have thought about this problem, today we urgently need tickets, we can ask friends to change their name, but can we use this method every day to find someone to help? Buy a ticket today, buy a ticket tomorrow, maybe twice, more times, friends will definitely feel bored, or even give up your friend. Gmail's invitation is still celebrated by many today, and when it first appeared, the invitation could sell for as much as \$60. Many people exclaim that this is the biggest marketing. Today, however, many people's invitations have become impossible to send out. Why is this so? Since Gmail was originally an understatement, it was expensive, and Gmail was even more in demand because it had Google's strong brand and high sense of user identity, and to which Gmail became a badge of honor. It was this honor that inspired Gmail's invitation to go viral on the Six Degrees network. However, with the high popularity of Gmail, this sense of honor gradually diminished, eventually reducing incentives and never stopping the spread. Is damping good or bad? We can send a message to anyone without damping, and every SNS site advertises that you only need six degrees to get to know Clinton, but how many people really know them? Is it because they're not worth knowing? No, because the compound seems to be only six degrees, but each degree of damping may not be crossed. But don't be pessimistic if there is no damping maybe you will be more miserable! THE LLF is counted as an example. Let's say each person has 30 friends, and the information goes through six times that six degrees is 30, which is 7,29,000,000, enough to reach a level that covers all possible people. If the six degree compound doesn't have any damping, it is estimated that the various messages we receive every day from six degree friends will blow our heads up. This disaster is an interesting story for those outsiders, and it's interesting to see that once the relationship between these celebrities and the public is flattened (six degrees to one), their value to the masses starts to drain, and the public can only call, ask, and then show off that they've called the stars, and that's all. This huge flattening project does not deploy a circle of friends of star chasers who are still far from the stars... (4) A friend's friend's assumption – the direction of the relationship and transmission problem on the SNS website's favorite words may be a friend's friend's friend, but that day I chatted with LLF Msn said this problem, I know friend A's A's A is a guy I'm very disgusted with, and there are some C my friend that guy B more hate. So, the current SNS service I'm afraid to introduce certain A and C at the same time, because they are introduced at the same time, it's possible that the result is set B and C to connect, started arguing. SNS website's favorite names may be friends are friends, but that day I and LLF Msn Chat when I said this problem, I know friend A B is a guy I'm very disgusted with, and my friend also has some C that guy B more hate. So, the current SNS service I'm afraid to introduce certain A and C at the same time, because they are introduced at the same time, it's possible that the result is set B and C to connect, started arguing.

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