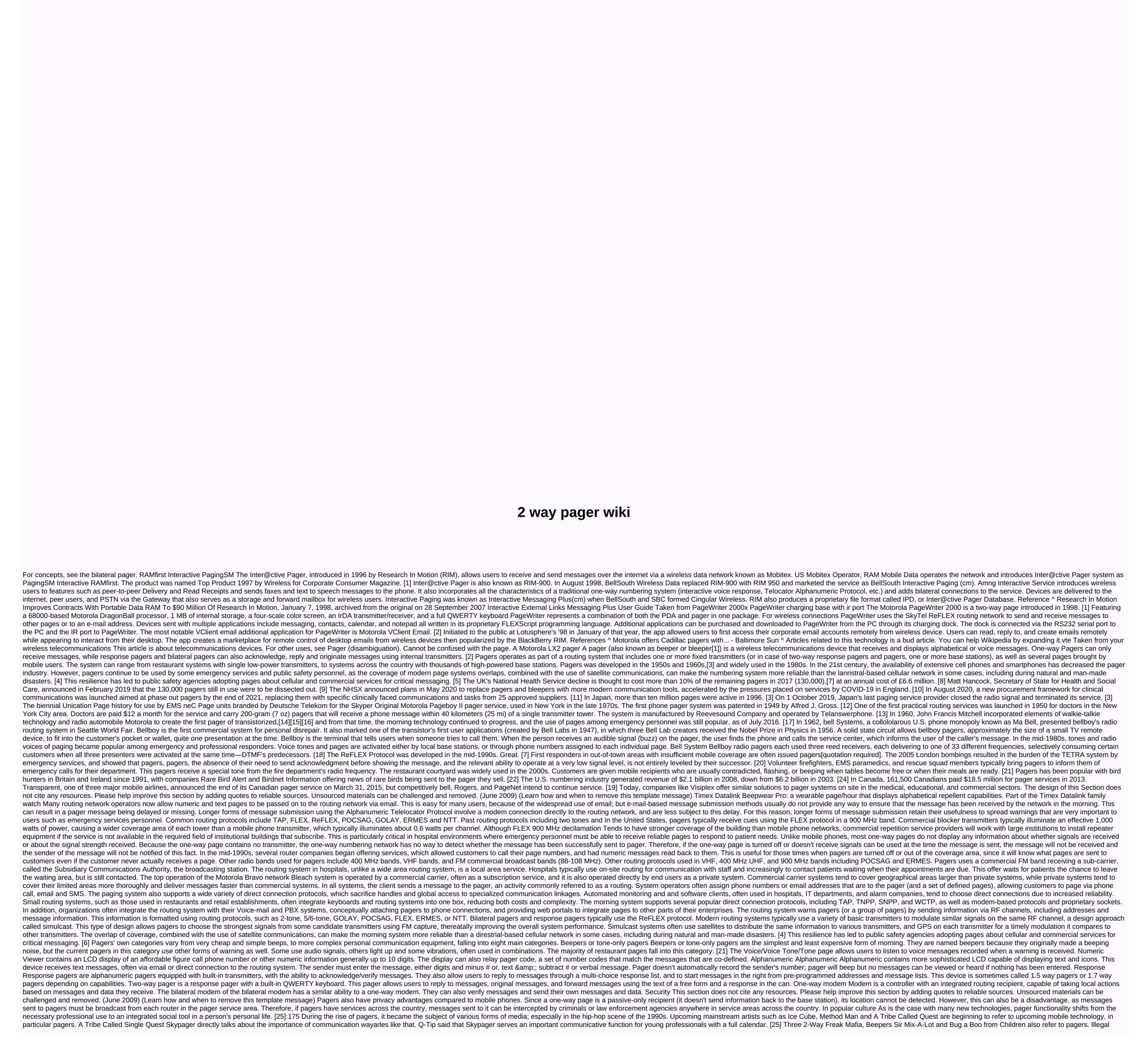
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drug traffickers used pagers to take effect large in the 1990s to conduct trade, using them to arrange meetings with buyers. Associate superintendents for Dade County Public Schools in Florida James Fleming once called them the most dominant symbol of the drug and school trade had previously prohibited students from bringing them because of facilities
they could use to arrange illegal drug sales. [26] See also the Telecommunications Portal 1990s portal Minutesor Plectron Simple Network Paging Text messaging Protocol Wireless Transfer Protocol Meference Protocol ^ What is pager? - Definition. WhatIs.com. ^ b Pager Service to end Tuesday in Japan after 50 years. Japan Today. September 30, 2019.
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Support Note—Technical information about protocols, carriers, etc. User Manual 800Beepers[permanent dead link] 800Beepers Enhanced Options/Services Taken from 2For timeline of 21st century events, see the Timeline of 21st century events, see the Timeline of 21st century
events, see the Timeline of 21st century events, see the 21st Timeline For other uses, see the 21st century (disambiguation). This article by adding quotes to reliable sources. Unsourced materials can be challenged and removed. Find sources: 21st century - news - newspapers
books · scholars · JSTOR (January 2020) (Learn how and when to remove this template message) Millennium Century: 3rd century: 2nd century: 2nd century: 2010s20s2030s2040s 2050s2060s2070s2080s2090s Categories: Births - Establishment of Death - 21st
Century Disability (twenty-first) was a century during the Anno Dominican era or the Usual Era, in line with the Gregoan Calendar It began on January 1, 2001, and ends on 31 December 2100. [1] It was the first century of the 3rd millennium. The beginning of the 21st century was marked by the rise of the global economy and third World consumerism,
deepening global concerns over terrorism and the rise of private enterprises. [2] [3] The effects of global warming and rising sea levels continued, with eight islands missing between 2017 and 2014. [6] [7] Arab Spring early 2010s led to mixed results in the Arab world, causing some civil war and government to be overthrown. [8] The United States and China
remain the only two superpowers. In 2017, about half (49.3%) The world's population lives in some form of democracy, although only 4.5 percent live in full democracy. [9] The European Union expanded in the 21st century, adding member states. Most EU member states introduce common currencies, Euros, and United Kingdom withdraw from Europe In
2020, the COVID-19 pandemic spread worldwide, causing severe global economic disruption, including the largest global recession since the Great Recession since the Fourth Industrial Revolution, which began around the 1950s continued in the late 20th century, and began moving to Industries 4.0 and the Fourth Industrial Revolution in the early 21st century.
[10] [untrustworthy source?] With the proliferating mobile devices, more than half of the world's population gained access to the internet (2018 estimate). [11]). After the success of the Human Genome Project, DNA secession services are available and affordable. [13] Technology and the Shanghai community have become a symbol of China's recent
economic boom. Advances in technology such as ultrasounds, prenatal genetic testing and genetic makeup of the human population. Because of sex-selective abortions, fewer girls have been born in the 21st century (and since the early 1980s) compared to the last century,
mostly because of the priorities of sons in East Asia and South Asia. In 2014, only 47 percent of Indian-born were girls. [14] This has led to the rise of undergraduates in countries such as China and South Asia. In 2014, only 47 percent of Indian-born were girls. [14] This has led to the rise of undergraduates in countries such as China and India. The first genetically modified child was born in November 2018 in China, starting a new biological era for human species and provoking huge controversy.
Anxiety[15] and depression[16] rates have increased in the United States and many other parts of the world. However, suicide has been most
pronounced among Chinese and Indian women, the elderly, and middle-aged Russian men. [17] The overall knowledge and information of the entire humanitarian written works, from the beginning of recorded history to 2003, in all known languages, was estimated at five outrageous data. [19] [20] Since 2003, with the beginning of social media and user-
generated content, the same amount of data was created every two days. [21] The progress of total knowledge and human information continued to grow at an exponential rate. Telecommunications in the early 21st century were far more advanced and universal than they were in the late 20th century. Only a few percent of the world's population were
Internet users and mobile phone owners in the late 1990s; as of 2018, 55% of the world's population is online and until 2019, an estimated 67% own a mobile phone. [22] In the 2010s, artificial intelligence, mostly in the form of in-depth learning and machine learning became more expanded, and used clearly in Gmail search engines Google, as well as in
banking, military and other niches. In 2017, 14% 14% the world's population still lacks access to electricity. [23] India's Prayag Kumbh Mela is considered the largest religious celebration in the world. In 2001, Dennis Tito became the first space tourist, starting an era of commercial space lights. Entrepreneurs such as Elon Musk and Richard Branson are
working towards exploration of commercial space, colonialism and tourism, and China and India have made huge progress in their space progress in the space progress in t
the 20th century; relative peace periods between superpowers have not been documented in human history since the Roman Empire. [citations needed] Malnourishment and poverty are still widespread globally, but fewer people live in the form of the most extreme poverty, as opposed to recorded history. In 1990, about one in four people were malnourished,
and nearly 36% of the world's population lived in extreme poverty; by 2015, this number decreased to about one in eight and 10% respectively. The Facebook-Cambridge Analytica data scandal drew international attention to the possibility of negative impacts on social media in influencing people's views, specifically related to the 2016 United States
presidential election. The population and municipality of the world population was about 6.1 billion by 2030,[25] and 9.8 billion by 2050. According to the prospect of United Nations World Brokerage, 60% of the world's human population is
projected to live in megacities and megalopolis by 2030, 70% by 2050, and 90% by 2080. By 2040, more than 5 times the current global gross domestic product is expected to be invested in urban infrastructure. [26] Life expectancy has increased as child deaths continue to decline. A baby born in 2016, for example, on average can (globally) expect to live
72 years—26 years longer than the global average of someone born in 1950. Ten million Britons (16% of the United Kingdom population) are expected to live to 100 or older. [27] Climate change remains a serious concern; UN chief António Guterres, for instance, has described it as an existential threat to humanity. [28] Furthermore, the extinction of
Holocene, the sixth most pronounced extinction event in Earth's history, continued with the deterioration of the highly biodiversa habitat as a byproduce of human activity. [29] Uncontrolled tribal maps, around the start of the 21st century economy, and retirement Economically and politically, the United States and Western Europe were dominant at the
beginning of the century; by the 2010s, 2010s, become an emerging superpower and by some of the biggest economic moves in the world. In terms of purchasing power parity, india's economy became larger than Japan around 2011. [30] There is a constant impact on technological unemployment due to automation and computing: the rate at which jobs are
lost—due to machines replacing them—is expected to increase. [31] Automation changed the number of jobs and demand for industry skills. As of 2019, the production output; but it is now produced with one-third fewer workers and at significantly reduced
operating costs. [32] Half of all jobs with lower requirements than a bachelor's degree are now in the process of being replaced by partial or full automation. [33] The World Economic Forum predicts that 65% of children entering primary school will end up in employment or careers that currently do not exist. [34] Increased retirement age has been called upon
to given the increase in life expectancy and has been implemented in many jurisdictions. [35] [36] Pronunciation There is a debate among experts and the public on how to mention certain 21st centuries in English. On this, academics suggest that since former years such as 1805 and 1905 are usually referred to as eighteen oh five or nineteen oh five, 2005
should naturally be referred to as twenty-oh five. [37] The less common variant would be twenty enough five. Generally, the early years of the 21st century were referred to as two thousand and tenths and a traditional twenty-
ten approach. The Vancouver Olympics, which took place in 2010, were officially referred to by Vancouver 2010 as the twenty-tenth Olympics. The latest timef timefer for change is usually placed in 2020. [37] According to Stanley Kubrick included specific
instructions for journalists referring to the film as two thousand and one instead of the usual twenty-oh-one mentions. Kubrick said he did this in the hope that if the film became popular, it would influence the mention of the year. [38] Major Article Events: The timeline of the 21st century 2000s Belligerents of the Second Congo War of 1998-2003 - The Second
Congo War continued into the early 21st century. The 1999 Ceasefire was quickly damaged and the UN peacekeaming mission, MONUC, could not control the battle. Troops from Rwanda and Uganda because accusing each other
of supports rival rebel groups as well. Laurent Kabila, president of the DRC, was acquitted in January 2001 and his son, Joseph Kabila, took power. Throughout 2002 measures were made towards peace and Rwanda and Uganda both threw their troops away from the country. On 17 December 2002, a massive agreement officially ended the war. However,
the DRC only holds power in less than half of the country, with most parts of the east and north still controlled by rebel groups, where there is still significant influence. Moreover, Rwanda still supports anti-DRC rebels and anti-Rwandan rebels continue to operate from the DRC. The war killed about 3.9 million people, displaced nearly 5.5 million, and led to
widespread and persistent famine that continued to result in deaths. Severe human rights violations continue to be reported. 2001 - The Nepalese royal massacre took place on June 1, 2001, at a house on the grounds of the Royal Palace of Narayanhity, the residence of Nepal's monarchy. Ten family members were killed during a party reunion dinner or
monthly royal family in the house. The dead include King Birendra of Nepal and Queen Aishwarya. 2001 - George W. Bush is inmissified as the 43rd President of the United States. He is the second president of the Bush family. 2001 - More than 200,000 anti-globalization protesters march in Genoa, during the 27th G8 summit. Two demonstrators were killed
by Italian police. On July 21 a group of Carabinieri attacked Armando Diaz school, injuring many peaceful protesters. Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi insisted police used the minimum amount of force needed to achieve their goals. 2001 - Nineteen al-Qaeda terrorists seized four commercial airlines and rammed two of them into the World Trade Center, one
into the Pentagon and one into a field in Shanksville, Pennsylvania of the United States on September 11, killing nearly 3,000 people. The United States later declared war on Terrorism. 2001-2014 – The NATO-led Northern Alliance and ISAF invaded Afghanistan on 7 October 2001, and derailed the Taliban government supporting Al-Qaeda. The military
remains assembling a democratic government, fighting a slow insurgency, and to hunt down Al-Qaeda leader Osama bin Laden who was killed by American troops nearly 10 years later, on May 2, 2011. On December 24, 2014, NATO forces officially completed combat operations in Afghanistan; but the forces still remain at the moment. 2001 - The
Netherlands became the first country in the world to legalize same-sex marriage. 2001 - After 15 years of negotiations, the People's Republic of China became a member of the World Trade Organization on 1 July. September 11, 2002 attacks - Switzerland, a country
neutral, becomes member of the United Nations, on September 10. 2002 – Jemaah Islamiyah, a violent Islamic group, claims responsibility for the three bomb detonations in Kuta's tourist district on the Indonesia, East Timor's
independence was recognized by Portugal and by the UN. 2002 - Hu Jintao becomes secretary-general of the Communist Party of China, making him the leader of China after Jiang Zemin. 2003-present - In February 2003, the conflict in Darfur, Sudan, began and soon rose into a full-scale war. By 2008 it is believed that up to 400,000 people had been killed
and more than 2.5 million displaced. In 2005, the ICC ruled that Darfur war criminals would be tried, and on July 14, 2008, Sudan's president Omar al-Bashir was charged with 5 criminal accounts against humanity and 2 war crimes accounts, although the ICC had no power to enforce this charge. 2003-2010 - The US-led coalition invaded Iraq on March 20,
2003, and derailed saddam Hussein's government (executed by the Iraqi government on December 30, 2006). Coalition forces remain in the country to install a democratic government and fight a growing insurgency. In addition to the insurgency against american presence, Iraq also suffered a civil war for several years. The war was soon seen as a central
front of the War on Terrorism by many governments, despite growing international discontent with war. The number of death tolls has been estimated to be nearly 150,000 but this estimate is highly disputed, with one highly disputed study guessing even more than 1 million. [39] After the US-led coalition began a military surge in 2007, the number of victims
has decreased significantly. The battle ended, at least officially, in August 2010. 2003-2005 - A series of insane revolutions known as the colour revolution derailing the governments in Georgia, Ukraine, Kyrgyzstan, and Lebanon. 2004 -
Ten explosions occurred in the Cercanías Madrid commuter train system, Spain, on the morning of March 11. An explosion killed 191 people and wounded around 2,000 people. 2004 - Palestinian Leader and Palestinian Liberation Organization
Chairman Yasser Arafat died in France, at the age of 75, as a result of a bleeding stroke. 2004 - A group of Chechen rebels encroached on a school in Beslan, keeping thousands hostage within three days. A series of filming and killed 334 people and wounded 750 people. 2004 - Massachusetts becomes the first U.S. country to legalize same-sex marriage.
2005 - Pope John Paul Paul died and Joseph Ratzinger of Germany was elected Pope Benedict XVI. 2005 - Four Islamic extremist suicide bombers fleeing three bombs in London; 56 people were killed, including four suicide bombers. 2005 - Angela Merkel becomes Germany's first elected female chancellor. Angela Merkel and José Manuel Barroso 2006-
2008 - The dismantling of the former Yugoslavia continued after Montenegro gained independence on 3 June 2006, and Kosovo declared independence on 17 February 2008. However, Kosovo's independence was disputed by Russia and many of its allies and was only partially recognized. 2006 - On July 12, Hezbollah crossed the Lebanese border and
arrested two Israeli soldiers. Israel responds by sending troops across the border and bombing Hezbollah fires missiles over cities in northern Israeli soldiers died. A ceasefire was signed on August 14, after
which the Israeli military withdrew from Lebanon. 2006 - North Korea conducts its first nuclear test on October 9. [40] This was previously approached many years of wrong politics with the U.S. over the status of their nuclear program. 2007-2008 — The centuries-old Nepalese rule was overthrown, and the country became a republic. 2007 - Bulgaria and
Romania join the European Union. 2007 - Civil war increased in the Gaza Strip throughout June, resulting in Hamas eventually driving most of Fatah's loyalty team from the Strip. In reaction, Palestinian president Mahmoud Abbas sacked Prime Minister Hamas, Ismail Haniyeh and dissolved the Hamas-ruled parliament. The scattered conflict continues.
Barack Obama, the first African-United States President, and Russian President Dmitry Medvedev after signing the Strategic Weapons Reduction Agreement. 2007 - Pratibha Patil becomes the first woman to be elected president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president, and Russian President of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007 Kenyan president of India. 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007-2008 — The Crisis follows the 2007-2008 —
with Mwai Kibaki as president and Raila Odinga as prime minister. 2007 - On December 13th, 27 EU member states signed the Lisbon Treaty, and came into force on 1 December 2009. 2008 - Kosovo unilaterally declares independence from Serbia. Serbia refused to recognize it and regarded Kosovo as part of its territory. 2008 - Armed conflict erupts in
August 2008 between Georgia on the one hand, and the Russian Federation along with Ossetia and Abkhazia on the other. Russia officially recognizes the independence of Abkhazia and South Ossetia and South Ossetia and Abkhazia on the other. Russia officially recognizes the independence of Abkhazia on the other. Russia officially recognizes the independence of Abkhazia on the other.
period in Rasuwa, 2008 - Barack Obama is elected as the first President of the United States. He was sworn in in January 2009. He was awarded the 2009 Nobel Peace Prize by the Norwegian Nobel Committee, which cited his extraordinary efforts to strengthen international diplomacy and cooperation between the people, and received the award the
following year with deep and humble gratitude. 2009 - A protest begins in Iran, after the presidential election against Iranian President Mahmoud Ahmadinejad. 2010s 2010 - Julia Gillard becomes Australia's first female prime minister in 2010. America celebrates the death of Osama bin
Laden in front of the 2010 White House - Kamla Persad-Bissessar became Trinidad and Tobago's first female prime minister. [41] [42] 2010 - Polish President Lech Kaczyński died in an April 2010 crash near the town of Smolensk, Russia, along with 95 others on board. 2010 - Burmese opposition leader and 1991 Nobel Peace Prize award, Aung San Suu
Kyi is released from her house arrest after being jailed since 1989. 2010 - Arab Spring, a revolutionary wave that began in Tunisia on December 17, spread across Middle Eastern countries, with protests, demonstrations, riots and civil wars for free elections and human rights. 2011 - Anders Behring Breivik carries out a terrorist attack, the first to be a bomb
blast targeting government buildings in downtown Oslo, the latter to be a massacre at a youth camp on the island of Utøya. It was a deadly attack in Norway since the Second World War, with 77 people killed and 319 injuries. 2011 - On May 2, the leader of al-Qaeda, Osama bin Laden, who was responsible for the development of plans for the 9/11 attacks,
was killed in a raid on his compound in Abbottabad, Pakistan by the U.S. Navy SEAL Team 6 (DEVGRU). 2011 - Britain's largest tabloid newspaper, World News, is closed after 168 years of being printed due to the 2009 phone hacking scandal. 2011 - Dilma Rousseff is elected Brazil's first female President. He served as President until his impeachment and
removal from office on 31 August 2016. 2011 - On July 14th, South Sudan, after the January 2011 independence referendum, became a member of the United Nations. 2011 - In September, the Occupy movement, the international protest movement against social and economic inequality, took shape. It was partly inspired by Arab Spring and was one of the
first significant global protest movements to take place in the age of social media. 2011 - On 20 October, the dictator who was aborted by Muammar Gaddafi was arrested and killed by the Libyan National Liberation Army, during the 2011 Libyan Civil War - On December 15, the Iraq War declared Official. 2011 - Kim Jong-il, North Korea's supreme leader,
dies on December 17. His son Kim Jong-un Jong-un power in this country. 2011 - An estimated two billion people, watching Prince William's wedding, the Duke of Cambridge and Catherine Middleton at Westminster Abbey in London. 2012 - Xi Jinping becomes secretary-general of the Communist Party of China, making him the leader of China after Hu
Jintao. 2012 - In Benghazi, Libya, attacks were coordinated against two United States government facilities by members of the Islamist militant group Ansar al-Sharia on September 11. Pope Francis in Poland 2012 - Civil unrest erupts in Romania in January 2012, due to the introduction of a new health reform law, but also by the boc government-backed
Băsescu. The unrest continued until Victor Ponta's resignation in November 2015, following the Fire of a Colectiv nightclub. 2013 - France intervenes with its military in the North Mali conflict that defeats Muslims who have taken control of the country. 2013 - Pope Benedict XVI resigns on February 28, becoming the first pope to step down since 1415.
Benedict took the pope's title emeritus. On subsequent papal concrete, Cardinal Jorge Mario Bergoglio took the name of Pope Francis. 2013 - Park Geun-hye is elected President of South Korea, the first woman to hold the post. 2013 - Venezuelan President Hugo
Chávez dies of prostate cancer and is replaced by Nicolás Maduro. 2013 - Convicted Kurdish leader Abdullah Ocalan ends an armed insurgency against Turkey. 2013 - Séléka rebels seize power in central African Republic, boring the
President and the government and starting a civil war. 2013 - Iran allows international inspections on its nuclear policy in exchange for sanctions removal and the right to produce a small amount of low-grade enriched uranium, thus marking a clear new policy against the United Nations under president Hassan Rohani. 2013 - Syria avoids American
intervention on its soil during the Syrian Civil War, accepting to destroy all chemical weapons stocks owned. 2013 - Croatia becomes the East China Sea, including on the Senkaku Islands, a group of Japanese-held islands, but is claimed by Japan and
China, and Socotra Stone, claimed by both China and South Korea. Ukraine, Euromaidan, the person protesting in favor of the European way of Ukraine 2013 - South Stream Pro-Russian separatists in Donetsk, Ukraine 2013 - South Sudan's Civil War erupts. 2013-2014 -
Political crisis in sparked and the government declared self-defense laws later. 2014 - Ukrainian President Viktor Yanukovich is desirable amid the Euromaidan revolution. Then the Russian Federation annovated Crimea, and the low intensity of the war in
Donbass began between the Ukrainian government and Russian-backed separatists. Malaysia Airlines Flight 17, a civilian commercial aircraft, was shot down in a pro-Russian separatist-controlled territory in East Ukraine, on July 17. 2014 - During the Syrian civil war, the Terrorist group Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant went up and seized territory in
northern Iraq and Syria, near the border with Turkey. The United States leads a coalition of more than 30 countries to destroy ISIL. Meanwhile, Russia is leading the coalition, with a 2014 independence referendum, decided to remain part of the United
Kingdom. 2014 - Israel, In July 2014 tensions escalated further between Hamas in the Gaza Strip and the State of Israel, Hamas fired falling hundreds of missiles to civilian cities in Israel, the IDF responded and carried out airstrikes on the Gaza Strip for more than a month, Victims were high on both sides. 2014 - In Burkina Faso, President Blaise Compaoré
resigns amid widespread protests that ended 27 years of leadership. 2014 - In Romania, Klaus Iohannis wins the November 2014 election, becoming the first Romanian president to come from an ethnic minority. 2014 - On December 17th, U.S. President Barack Obama and Cuban President Raúl Castro announced the start of the process of normalizing
relations between Cuba and the United States, ending a 54-year hostility between the countries opened after five decades. 2015 - Two handguns, brothers Sad and Chérif Kouachi, commit massacres at the Charlie Hebdo offices in Paris, on January 7, killing 12
people. Following the attack, about two million people, including over 40 world leaders, met in Paris for a gathering of national unity, and 3.7 million people joined demonstrations across the country. Je's expression of the Charlie switch became a common slogan of support at rallies and in social media. 2015 - Singaporean politician and First Singaporean
Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew dies at the age of 91. 2015 - In China, the Communist Party announces the end of its one-child policy after 35 years. 2015 - Supreme Court of the United States, in Obergefell v. Hodges, determined that same-sex couples have a constitutional right to marry. European migrant crisis in 2015 - Crisis Europe refers to a very
large and unprecedented wave of both war refugees from civil war and economic migrants from the near east and Africa. Germany became the first choice destination for refugees and asylum seekers took in over 1 million refugees. 2015 - Iran and the P5+1 (China, France, Russia, the UK, and the US + Germany), agreed to the final provisions of the Joint
Comprehensive Plan of Action on the last nuclear program. 2015 - ISIL claims responsibility for the shooting and suicide bomb in Paris on November 13, known as the November 2015 Paris attacks. Many were killed and injured as a result of the incident. 2015 - Turkey shoots down Russia's Sukhoi Su-24M attack aircraft on 24 November. This is the first
case a NATO member destroyed a Russian aircraft since the attack on the Sui-ho Dam (during the Korean War). 2015 - During a UN summit on Climate Change, 193 countries agreed a process to reduce carbon emissions starting in 2020. 2016 - In Orlando, Florida, Omar Mateen, a 29-year-old security guard, killed 49 people and wounded 53 others in a
terrorist attack inside Pulse, a gay nightclub. Turkey's anti-coup rally in support of President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan, July 22, 2016 - the United Kingdom, with a referendum on membership, UK politician and Prime Minister David Cameron resigned and was replaced by
Theresa May. 2016 - Hillary Clinton becomes the Democratic Party's candidate for president of the United States, making her first woman nominated for president by a major party. 2016 - A coup d'état has been triggered in Turkey against state institutions, including, but not limited to the government and President Recep Tayyip Erdoğan, on July 15. The
attempt was carried out by factions in the Turkish Armed Forces who organized themselves as Peace at the House Council. 2016 - Former Israeli President and 1994 Nobel Peace Prize Award Shimon Peres dies at the age of 78, after 25 years of leadership. 2016 - Former Israeli President and 1994 Nobel Peace Prize Award Shimon Peres dies at the age of 78, after 25 years of leadership.
out of a mass stroke. 2016 - Thailand's longest-ruling King Bhumibol Adulyadej dies at the age of 88, out of a long illness. 2016 - Donald Trump is elected 45th President of the United States. The first is without a military or political and
revolutionary leader Fidel Castro dies at the age of 90. 2016 - On December 19, Andrei Karlov, Russian Ambassador to Turkey, was killed by Mevlüt Mert Altıntaş, a Turkish police officer. 2016 - On December 19th, the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant claim responsibility for 2016 Berlin parade in Germany. 12 people were killed and 49 others injured.
U.S. President Donald Trump, King Salman of Saudi Arabia and President Abdel Fattah el-Sisi touched Orb at the 2017 - Contrary to Donald Trump's inauguration, millions of people in the U.S. and around the world join the Women's March. 2017 - U.S. President Donald Trump signs an executive order on January 27, 2017,
restricting travel and immigration from seven Muslim-majority countries. This order was blocked by a second U.S. federal court, in June. the Supreme Court, in June. the Supreme Court stated they would reconsider the order on Oct. 2017 - On April 6,
in response to a suspected chemical weapons attack on a rebel-held city, the U.S. military launched 59 Tomahawk cruise missiles in Shayrat Airbase in Syria. 2017 - A terrorist drives to more than 100 people in Barcelona, Catalonia, killing 13 people and injuring many. 2017 - Catalonia declares independence from Spain, [43] but the Republic of Catalonia, killing 13 people and injuring many.
not recognized by the Spanish government or any other sovereign state. [44] 2018 - China's National People's Congress passed a constitutional change that eliminates the term limit for its leader, giving Xi Jinping has been a lifetime
leader since 2018. 2018 - Paula-Mae Weekes became trinidad and Tobago's first female President on March 19. 2018 - In over 900 cities internationally, people participate in demonstrations against gun violence and mass shootings, calling for stronger gun control in March for Our Lives, which was a student-led demonstration in response to the Stoneman
Douglas High School shooting in Parkland, Florida that took place in February. Students from Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School, parents, and others marched in March for the protests of Our Lives in Parkland, FL in 2018. 2018 - President Donald Trump and North Korean leader Kim Jong-un meet for the first time for the 2018 North-United States
summit in Singapore. 2018 - Jair Bolsonaro is elected the 38th President of Brazil. Bolsonaro was stabbed during the election campaign and underwent three surgeries. 2018 - Prince Harry and Meghan Markle's wedding is held at St George's Church, England, with a global audience estimate of 1.9 billion. 2018 - The opposition-led Pakatan Harapan
Coalition, led by former Prime Minister Mahathir Mohamad, gained a parliamentary majority in the Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional Coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the Barisan Nasional Coalition since independence on 2019 - European Parliament of Malaysia, ending the 61-year rule of the European Nasional Coalition since independence on 2019 - European N
presidential crisis after venezuela's 2018 disputed decision 2018 the election led to Juan Guaidó being declared acting president, against Nicolás Maduro. 2019 - President Donald Trump and North Korean leader Kim Jong-un meet for the 2019 North Korean-United States Hanoi Summit in Vietnam. 2019 - In March, the province of the Islamic State terror
organization in Syria collapsed amid the Syrian Civil War. After years of global pushing back, the extremist group shifts from a proto-state into insurgency as it retains offshoots and influences in regions around the world. 2019 - Boris Johnson becomes Prime Minister of the United Kingdom after beating Jeremy Hunt in the leadership contest, replacing
Theresa May. 2019 - Over 1 million people in Hong Kong protest against proposed legislation on extradition to China. 2019 - Sanna Marin, at the age of 34, becomes the world's youngest prime minister serving after being elected to lead the Finnish Social Democratic Party. 2019 - On December 18th, President Donald Trump was unplugged by the United
States House of Representatives. 2019 - Emperor Akihito of Japan descends on the throne, the first abdication by the Japanese monarch in nearly two centuries. The release ended the Japanese Heisei era and greeted the Reiwa era with the new emperor Naruhito ascending the throne on May 1. George Floyd's 2020s protests in Miami during the COVID-19
pandemic in June 2020. [45] Joe Biden, President-elect of the United States. [46] 2020 - A U.S. drone strike at Baghdad International Airlines Flight
752 was shot down by the IRGC after being mistaken for an American cruise missile. 2020 - Pandemic sarS-CoV-2 worldwide, the virus that causes COVID-19. Widespread economic disruption, including stock market crashes, occurred during the pandemic. 2020 - The United Kingdom becomes the first member state to leave the European Union. 2020 -
Protests caused by the murder of George Floyd erupt in hundreds of cities in the United States and around the world. 2020 - China passes Hong Kong's controversial national security legislation, allowing China to break opposition to Beijing at home or abroad. 2020 - Kamala Harris becomes the Democratic Party's candidate for vice president of the United
States, making her the first African-American, Asia-American, Asia-American first and third female vice president running on a major party ticket. 2020 - A mutiny at a military base by the Armed Forces Malian forces grew into a d'état coup. President Ibrahim Boubacar Kecta and Prime Minister Boubou Cissé, among senior government and military officials, 2020 - Prime
Minister Sudan Abdalla and Abdelaziz al-Hilu, leader The North Sudanese People's Liberation Movement (SPLM-N), signed an agreement for the transition of the country into a secular state. 2020 – Kosovo and Serbia announce that they will normalize economic relations. 2020 – Israel, Sudan, the United Arab Emirates and Bahrain sign an agreement to
formally normalize diplomatic relations. 2020 - Azerbaijan launches a successful military campaign against armenian forces to retake the disputed Nagorno-Karabakh region. Turkey ships Syrian goods to assist in this effort, and Russia ends the conflict by deploying peacekeepers. 2020 - The mission of finding the facts of the United Nations Human Rights
Council officially accuses the Venezuelan government of committing crimes against humanity, including murder cases, torture, violence against political opposition and loss since 2014. President Nicolás Maduro and other senior Venezuelan officials were among those implicated in the charges. 2020 – France, Germany, and the United Kingdom issue a joint
verbale note to the United Nations rejecting China's allegations into the South China Sea, and supporting the rulers in the Philippines v. China which says historic right every nine-dash line ran counter to the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea. However the statement said that about the sovereignty of the territory they did not take a position.
2020 - Kyrgyzstan president Sooronbay Jeenbekov resigns after weeks of mass protests in the wake of the October 2020 parliamentary elections; Opposition Leader Sadyr Japarov assumed the position of Acting President and Prime Minister of Kyrgyzstan. 2020 - Joe Biden defeats incumbent Donald Trump and is elected president of the 46th United
States. Politics and wars Major plans: List of battles since 2001 and the List of wars of 2003-present Russian President Vladimir Putin with George W. Bush and other Western leaders in Moscow, May 9, 2005 Protesters try to stop G8 members from attending a summit during the G8 summit This is a list of sovereign nations that have gained independence in
the 21st century and have been recognized by the UN. East Kosovo Independence Declaration Of Timor (Timor-Leste)[47] on 20 May 2002. Montenegro on 3 June 2006. South Sudan on 9 July 2011. These nations gained sovereignty through government reform. The Commoro Union on 23 December 2001 of the Komoros Union
replaced the Islamic Republic of the Islamic State of the Islamic State of the Commoros Transition of Afghanistan on July 13, 2002 The Islamic State of the Transition of Afghanistan replaced the Islamic State of the Transition of Afghanistan replaced the Islamic State of the Islamic State of the Islamic State of the Transition of Afghanistan replaced the Islamic State of the Islamic S
Afghanistan on December 7, 2004 The Islamic Republic of Afghanistan replaced the Islamic Republic of the Afghan Federation of Nepal on May 28, 2008. The Federal Democratic Republic of the Afghan Federation of Nepal replaced the Nepalese Government. Libyar National Transistional Tra
Council replaced Libya Arab Jamahiriya. State of Libya on August 8, 2012. The State of Libya replaced libya's National Transistional Council. These territories have declared independence and obtained relative autonomy but they were only recognized by several UN member states: Kosovo on February 17, 2008. (partially recognized) South Ossetia on 26
August 2008. (partially recognized) Abkhazia on 26 August 2008. (partially recognized by nobody: The Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant in June 2014. Has taken over most of Iraq, Syria and Libya. It is considered a terrorist organization. Republic
of Catalonia on 27 October 2017. The Catalan Parliament declared the Republic of Catalan, but the Spanish Government did not recognize this and for the time charged with direct rule. (See 2017 Catalan independence referendum and Spanish constitutional crisis of 2017-2018) These territories are attached from sovereign states, the action was only
recognized by several UN member states: Crimea annumed from Ukraine to the Russian Federation on March 18, 2014. NASA's Science and Technology Space exploration successfully landed the Curiosity rover on the surface of Mars. The artist's notion of a close encounter of New Horizons with the Pluto-Charon system. 2001 - Dennis Tito becomes the
first space tourist by paying $19 million to board the International Space Station. 2003 - Columbia Shuttle Space Disaster February 1. 2003 - The Chinese space program launches its first space flight, Shenzhou 5, on October 15. This makes China the third country in the world that has human space capabilities. 2004 - Mars Exploration Rovers land on Mars;
Opportunities discover evidence that the Mars area was once covered in water. 2004 - SpaceShipOne makes its first privately funded human spacelight, June 21, 2005 - Huygens investigation is launched to Pluto, on January 19. 2006 - Pluto is reclassified from
planet to dwarf planet, leaving the solar system with eight planets. 2007 - China launches its first lunar mission with Chang'e 1, on October 24, 2008. It makes India a third country to put its flag on - The Chinese space program
launched its third space flight carrying its first three-man crew and ran its first spacewalk that made China a third country after Russia and the United States did so, Shenzhou 7, on September 25. 2008 - The Indian Space Research Organisation
discovered water on the Moon. 2011 - NASA retired space Station. 2012 - NASA retired space Station. 2012 - NASA successfully landed the Curiosity rover on the surface of
Mars. 2014 - The Indian Mars Orbiter Mission, the country's first attempt to send a spacecraft to Mars, successfully entered orbit on September 24, making India the fourth country in the world to achieve that goal. 2014 - European Space Agency robotic spacecraft Philae manages to land on comet 67P, the first ever comet landing. 2015 – On July 14th,
NASA's New Horizons spacecraft became the first to fly by Pluto, on a mission to pose for photos and collect data on its planetary systems. No other spacecraft hasn't done such a mission so far from Earth. 2015 - On September 28, NASA announced that liquid water was found on Mars. [48] 2016 - On July 4th, NASA's Juno space probe was harnessed into
polar orbit to study jusytari planets. [49] 2017 - Seven Earth-sized exoplanets were found around TRAPPIST-1, three of which were potentially enabled. 2017 - Seven Earth-sized exoplanets were found around TRAPPIST-1, three of which were potentially enabled. 2017 - Seven Earth-sized exoplanets were found around TRAPPIST-1, three of which were potentially enabled. 2017 - Seven Earth-sized exoplanets.
spacecraft. 2019 - China Chang'e 4 investigation becomes the first man-made object to land on the far side of the Moon. [50] 2019 - NASA concluded its 15-year Mission Rover Opportunity after being unable to develop a rover from hibernation.
spacecraft failed to land and crashed on the surface of the Moon, what makes Israel the seventh country successfully orbit the Moon. 2019 - The first image of a supermassive black hole inside the Messier 87 galaxy was captured by the Event's Horizon Telescope. [52] Physics 2003 - WMAP Observation of the cosmic microwave background. 2010 - Hadron
Collider's first high-energy collision occurred in March 2010. 2012 - Physicists discover Boson Higgs based on a collision at The Great Hadron Collider. It is the last particle of the Standard Model to be found. [53] 2013 - Study more details on the cosmic microwave background performed by Surveyors are published, estimating the age of the Universe to 13.8
billion years old (100 million years older than previously thought). 2016 - LIGO announces the discovery of gravitational wave bursts produced by black hole cosmic collisions. Mathematics 2002 - Perelman Grigori records the first series of eprints to arXiv, in which she proved the conjection of Poincaré, the first of the problems the Millennium Prize resolved.
Biotechnology and medicine More information: Medical timeline and medical technology § 2000 - now See also: Medicine in the 2010s West Africa's Ebola virus outbreak of U.S. annual overdose deaths. More than 70,200 Americans died of drug overdoses in 2017. 2002-2004 – Severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS) spreads worldwide in the 2002-04
SARS outbreak. 2003 - Completion of the Human Genome Project 2005 - Successful first partial face transplantation in France. 2006 - Australian of the Year Dr Ian Frazer develops a vaccine for cervical cancer. 2007 - Visual prosthetic (bionic eyes) Argus II. 2008 - Japanese scientists create a form of artificial DNA. 2008 - Laurent Lantieri performs first full
face transplant. 2009 - Influenza A subtype of the H1N1 virus spreads worldwide- 2009 swine flu. 2012 - The first complete face transfer to be successfully performed in vitros in the United States of 2013 - The first human heart develops from stem cells in Japan.
2014 - The Ebola virus spreads in western Africa, prompting an outbreak that was then the largest, with more than 20,000 cases. The first case outside Africa was reported. 2016 - The Zika virus, caused by adverse, targets unborn babies, causing birth defects in newborns making some pregnant women afraid to travel abroad. 2019-present – Pandemics
around the world caused by the SARS-CoV-2 virus begin. Telecommunications Steve Jobs discussed the iPhone, an early smartphone, in 2008 the Digital Revolution continued into the early 21st century with the use of Mobile phones and the use of Global Internet growing massively, becoming available to many more people, with more applications and
faster speeds. Worldwide Internet users 2005 2010 2017 2019a World Population[54] 6.5 billion 6.9 billion 7.4 billion 7.75 billion 7.75
Social networks emerged in the late 2000s as popular social communications, largely replacing many email functions, message boards and like Skype
and FaceTime, have made widespread video calls and video consensions. The December 2001 civil inauguration of the riots in Argentina, also known as Argentinazo. Protests against the government of president Mikheil Saakashvili. Tahrir Square Protests
during the Arab Spring in Egypt. Peaceful protests in Madrid. In August 2011, Spanish unemployment reached 21.2% (46.2% for youth). Protests in Ferguson, Missouri, in 2014. Romanian protests in Barcelona in April 2018-20 Hong Kong
protest against Marcha Mas Grande De Chile during a 2019-2020 Chilean protest. 2001 G8 Genoa summit protests against December 2001 riots in Argentina 2003 Mad civil symbol 2004-2005 Orange Revolution in Ukraine 2005 civil irritation in France 2006 student protests in Chile 2006-2008
 Lebanon 2007 Saffron Revolution protests Georgian Demonstrations 2008 Tibetan Questions 2009 Iceland protests Arab Revolution Spring Tunisia 2011 Egyptian Revolution 2011 Egypt Post-Revolution protests Arab Civil War 2011
Magallanes protest 2011 Iran Movement of Austerity in Portugal Spain Indignants 2011 England riots 2011-13 Chile protests ocial justice 2011 Israel 15 2-2013 Iraqi protests Gezi Park protests 2013 Little India riots 2014 Ukrainian Revolution
2014 in Bosnia and Herzegovina 2014 Inauguration of Ferguson 2014 Hong Kong protests protest Baltimore protests 2015-18 Iraqi Protests Lebanon 2015 against Donald Trump Nuit debout 2016 Turkish coup d 'état attempts 2016-17 South Korea protest Dakota Access Pipeline protest 2017-2019 Romanian protest 2017 Belarus 2017-2018 Brazilian 2017
Russian protests general strike 2017-2018 Spanish constitutional crisis Unites right-wally 2017-2018 Honduran 2018-2019 Nicara Doubtful protests Yellow vest movement protests Serbia (2018-present) Protests 2019-2020 Iraq
denies Ecuador protests 2019-20 Iran Rebuttal 2019-2020 Chile denies 2019-20 Lubnan protests Bolivia 2019-20 Iran Rebuttal 2019 Malta denies 2019 Colombia denies 2019 Colombia denies 2020 Colombia denies Indonesia's omnibus law
denies final SARS 2020 Poland protests against Peru 2020 Protests 2020 Guatemalan denies tsunami natural disaster Ao Nang in Thailand on December 26, 2004. New Orleans, Louisiana after Hurricane Katrina in 2005. 2000 people. January
2001 El Salvador earthquake - A 7.9 magnitude earthquake in El Salvador shocks the entire country on January 13, 2001 the country experienced its second earthquake - 6.7 2003 European heat waves - About 30,000 people
were killed across Europe in a long summer heat wave. 2003 Bam earthquake - An earthquake in Bam, Iran on December 27, 2003, kills more than 26,000. 2004 Indian Ocean earthquake and tsunami - On December 26, 2004, a massive sub-ocean earthquake
caused a massive tsunami to strike Southeast Asia killing an approximately 230,000. 2005 Hurricane Katrina – It kills 1,836 in southeastern Louisiana and Mississippi (mostly in New Orleans) and South Florida. Most of the city, most of which lies under the sea level, has sunk. Damage totals US$81.5 billion, making Katrina the most expensive tropical cyclone
ever recorded in the 2005 U.S. Kashmir earthquake - An earthquake in Kashmir on October 8, 2005, killed at least 74,500 in India and Pakistan. 2008 Cyclone Nargis - led to a catastrophic storm surge, bringing the death toll beyond 100,000 and making millions homeless. 2008 Sichuan earthquake - An earthquake between 7.9 and 8.0-magnitud struck
Sichuan, China, on May 12, 2008, killing 68,712, with 17,921 missing. Bushfires Black Saturday 2009 – Bushfires Black Saturday is a series of bushfires that ignited or were burning extreme bushy weather conditions and resulted in
Australia's highest ever loss of life from the bush; 173 people died and 414 more were injured. 2009 L'Aquila earthquake - Strikes a 6.3 magnitude earthquake near L'Aquila (Italy) in 2009 6, 2009, one of the worst in Italian history. 308 were pronounced dead and over 65,000 were homeless. Flu pandemic 2009 - The outbreak of the Influenza A H1N1 virus
spread worldwide forms the pandemic by June 2009. 2010s Hurricane Points Irene as seen from the International Space Station on August 24, 2011 Hurricane Maria destruction in Dominica in 2010. Three million people have been homeless. Chile's
2010 earthquake - a massive earthquake, a magnitude of 8.8, attacked Chile's central coast on February 27, 2010. Yushu earthquake measuring 6.9 magnitude large hit China's Yushu province in Qinghai near Tibet, on April 14, 2010, killing over 2,200 people. Eyjafjallajökull 2010 erection – A massive ash cloud is formed by the
Icelandic Eyjafjallajökull volcano explosion, on April 14, 2010, land flights across northwest Europe. Scientists began recording volcanic activity there in 2009 that rose until March 2010 peaking in the second phase explosion in April. Pakistan Floods 2010 - Begins in July 2010 after recording heavy rains of monsoons. Pakistan's Khyber Pakhtunkhwa
province is worst affected. At least 1,600 people were killed, thousands were given homeless, and more than thirteen million people were affected. [56] [57] [58] [59] [60] Estimates from rescue service officials suggested the death toll might hit 3,000 victims. [61] Queensland Flood 2011 - Started in December 2010 mainly in Queensland. The flooding caused
thousands of people to evacuate. At least 200,000 people were affected by the flooding. Flooding continued throughout January 2011 in Queensland with wind gusts of 290 km/hour (197 miles/hour) and destroyed north
Queensland residents. The February 2011 earthquake of Christchurch - 185 people died in New Zealand after a 6.3 magnitude earthquake struck Christchurch on February 2011, making it the second deadliest natural disaster in New Zealand after the Hawke Bay earthquake of 1931. 2011 Tohoku earthquake and tsunami - On March 11, 2011, an
undersea earthquake of a 9.0 magnitude disaster occurred offshore eastern Japan, the largest in the country's history and created a massive tsunamis and nuclear accidents reaching up to US$235 billion, making it the most expensive natural disaster
recorded. Super 2011 outbreak - Considered the deadliest tornado outbreak ever recorded and dubbed the Super 2011 Outbreak, a disaster tornado outbreak April 25-28 affects South United and killing more than $10 billion. 2011 Joplin tornado - On
May 22, 2011, the devastating EF5 tornado hit Joplin, Missouri resulting in 159 victims, making it a dead tornado to hit the United States since 1947. Tropical Storm Washi - Locally known as Sendong, it caused catastrophic flooding on the Philippine island of Mindanao on the night of December 16, 2011. The toughest hits are in Cagayan de Oro and Iligan
City. Nearly 1000 people perished, most of whom were asleep, and President Benigno Aquino III declared a state of emergency four days later. Hurricane Sandy – October 24-30, 2012 - kills at least 185 people in the Caribbean, Bahamas, USA and Canada. The huge storm surge damage caused major disruption to the eastern seaboard of the United
States. [64] [64] Hurricane Haiyan 2013 - killing more than 6,000 people in the heart of the Philippines. Considered one of the strongest storms ever, it brought major damage and loss of life to the Philippines. Considered one of the strongest storms ever, it brought major damage and loss of life to the Philippines. Considered one of the strongest storms ever, it brought major damage and loss of life to the Philippines. Considered one of the strongest storms ever, it brought major damage and loss of life to the Philippines.
at least 80 people in Bosnia and Herzegovina and Serbia. Floodwaters caused over 2,000 landslide incidents throughout the Balkan province, spreading damage in many towns and leaving nearly 3 million homeless people in Central
Nepal. The earthquake was so powerful it felt in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. Taiwan's 2016 earthquake - A 6.4 magnitude earthquake was so powerful it felt in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. Taiwan's 2016 central
Italian earthquake - An earthquake measuring 6.2 magnitude killed 299 people and Amatrice that were badly damaged, Accumoli and Arquata del Tronto. The 2020s Outbreak of new coronavirus disease, first identified in Wuhan, Hubei Province, China, spreads throughout the world, resulting in the pandemic. Man-made disaster Deepwater Horizon offshore
drilling unit in the Gulf of Mexico on fire in 2010 On July 27, 2002, a Sukhoi Su-27 fighter crashed at an air show in Ukraine, killing 77 and injuring over 100, making it the worst air on February 1, 2003, at the conclusion of the STS-107 mission, Space Shuttle Columbia disintegraated during an influx into Texas, killing all seven astronauts Bushfires Black
Saturday - a deadly bushfion in Australian history took place across the Australian state of Victoria on February 7, 2009 during extreme bush weather conditions, causing 173 killed, more than 500 500 and around 7,500 homeless. The fire came after Melbourne recorded the highest temperature (46.4 °C, 115 °F) of any capital in Australia. The majority of fires
have been flicked either by falling power lines or colliding or deliberately erected. On April 10, 2010, Polish President Lech Kaczyński, his wife and 94 others, including dozens of government officials, were killed in a plane crash. On April 20, 2010, an explosion on the deepwater Horizon offshore drilling rig, operating in the Gulf of Mexico off the coast of
Louisiana, leaving eleven crews dead and resulting in a fire that gripped the rig and caused a massive-scale oil spill[65] which may have been one of the worst environmental disasters in the United States [66] On June 18, 2010 oceanographer John Kessler said that gushing crude, compared to about 5 percent of the available in regular oil deposits. Methane
is a potentially natural gas drowning of marine life and creates a dead zone where oxygen is so full that there is nothing life. This is the most earnest methane fittings in modern human history, according to Kessler. [67] On June 20 internal BP documents were released by Congress revealing that BP estimated the flow was possible by 100,000 barrels
(4,200,000 US gallons; 16,000 cubic meters) a day under circumstances dating back to April 20 shot. [69] Linguistic Diversity In 2009, SIL Etnologue cataloged 6,909 living human languages. [70] The exact number of known living languages will vary from 5,000 to 10,000, depending on the accuracy of the definition of a language, and in particular about how
one classifies the dialect. Estimates vary depending on many factors but the general consensus is that there are between 6,000 and 7,000 languages spoken by more than 50 million speakers respectively, spoken by 50% of the world's
population, whereas many other languages are spoken by small communities, most with less than 10,000 speakers. [71] [the failed confirmation] economy and jeff Bezos industry became the world's richest person in 2018. There are over 2,200 U.S. dollar billionaires worldwide, with a combined wealth of over US$9.1 trillion, up from US$7.67 trillion in 2017.
[72] The financial crisis of the late 2000s led to the Great Recession, which took place in early 2010. The European sovereign debt crisis sends the introduction of austerity policies in different countries. Developing Countries 97% of world
growth, and industrialization led to a rapid rise in the BRIC economy, producing fewer American-led hegemonies in Economic. Sports Association football event. Other sports such as rugby, cricket, baseball, basketball, ice hockey, tennis, and golf are popular all
over the world. In cricket, the emergence of the Twenty20 format and the creation of India's Premier League lead to a change in the nature of the sport. United States swimmed Michael Phelps won the Olympics. FIFA World Cup 2002
football - hosts South Korea and Japan - was won by 2006 FIFA World Cup final - host Germany - was won by Italy's 2010 FIFA World Cup final - host Brazil - won by 2018 FIFA World Cup final - host South Africa - was won by the 2002 Ryder Cup French Golf was won by Europe 15 and a
half to the United States of America 12 and a half. The 2004 Ryder Cup was won by Europe again 18 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half. The 2008 Ryder Cup was won by the United States 16 and a half to the United States of America 9 and a half. The 2008 Ryder Cup was won by Europe again 18 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half. The 2008 Ryder Cup was won by Europe again 18 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the United States of 9 and a half to the Unit
Cup was won by Europe 14 and a half to the United States of America 13 and a half. The 2012 Ryder Cup was won by Europe 16 and a half to the United States 11 half of the 2016 Ryder Cup won by the United States 17 to 11 Europeans. 2016 - The
death of Arnold Palmer Motorsport Starting race during the 2016 Supercars Championship in Australia Dale Earnhardt died after a last-round crash during the century, including a record for most of the races won (91), most of the World Championships (7),
and most pole positions (68) by the time he retired in 2010, he announced his comeback to Formula One after three years out of the sport, retiring again in 2010 at the age of 23, and then the youngest world champion, in 2011 at the age
of 24. Sébastien Loeb became the most successful rally driver ever, winning the world Assembly Championship a record 9 times in a row between 2004-2012. He also set a new record for the most wins, a podium finish and scored points. Casey Stoner won her second MotoGP world title (2007 and 2011), and announced her retirement from the sport the age
of just 27, citing disagreements with the direction of the sport and the desire to spend more time with his family. His retirement came into force at the end of the 2012 MotoGP season. Stoner has won every MotoGP branded race at least once. Craig Lowndes became the first driver to reach 100 race wins in the V8 Supercars Championship. Lewis Lewis broke
the record for most career posts in Formula One in 2019, and a record for most career wins in 2020. Rugby World Cup - host Australia - was won by England's 2007 Rugby World Cup - host Of
England - won by New Zealand 2019 Rugby World Cup - host Japan - was won by South African Tennis (Men's) Roger Federer winning 20 Grand Slam titles (6 Australian Opens) to surpass Pete Sampras's record of 14. Roger Federer, Rafael Nadal and Novak Djokovic each completed the Grand Slam
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Career, winning singles championships at the Australian Open, French Open, Wimbledon and the US Open; Nadal also won the Olympic Singles gold medal in the 2010 Wimbledon Championships, John Isner and Nicolas Wantt completed the fastest tennis match ever. Isner won 6-4, 3-6, 6-7(7), 7-6(3), 70-68. In 2019, Rafael Nadal became the first men's player to win a single Grand Slam tournament (French Opens, 3 French Opens, 7 Wimbledons, and 6 US Opens) in the 21st century, to add to the 1999 US Open title. Maria Sharapova became the first Russian female player to reach No.1 on August 22, 2005. He also retired in 2020. Li Na China won the 2011 French Open, becoming the first player, male or female, from that country to win the Grand Slam, and also held the No.1 ranking (taking over from Caroline Wozniacki). Art and entertainment Main Article: Contemporary Art:21 - Art in the 21st century (2001-2018), the PBS Music series A. R. Rahman, an Indian composer, became the first of the sub-continents to have won double Oscars for its original score and soundtrack in 2009. At the beginning of the century, compact discs were a standard form of music media, but alternative forms of music significant global warming of anthropogenic (humans). [73] The resulting economic and ecological costs are unpredictable. Some scientists argue that the risk of global warming caused by humans suffers losses in biodiversity and ecosystem services unless large sociopolitical changes are introduced, especially in mass consumption and transportation patterns. [74] Global Peak Oil Forecast. Almost all sectors of the economy depend on the on petroleum. Globalisation. Advances in telecommunications and transportation, the expansion of capitalism and democracy[in dispute - discussed] since the late 1980s, and free trade agreements have led to unprecedented global economic and cultural integration. Most economists believe free trade leads to economic growth and benefits most people, including small businesses. [75] However, in recent years, there has been a backlash against globalization and a return to protective attitudes among some leaders and countries, particularly U.S. President Donald Trump and the United Kingdom's decision to leave the European Union. Dhaka, Bangladesh in 2006. Almost 97% of future population growth is expected to occur in developing countries. [76] Residents. The demographics of the world's population and to a lower extent of South Asia to grow significantly. The United Nations estimates that the world's poor countries, which may delay the reduction in global poverty and combined with the impact global warming could lead to great migration. Overpopulation. The United Nations estimates that the world's population will reach 9.2 billion by the middle of the century. Such growth raises the question of ecological sustainability and creates a lot of economic and political disruption. In response, many countries have adopted policies that either force or encourage their citizens to have fewer children, and others have limited immigration. A huge debate exists over what the ultimate storage capacity of the planet is possible; whether or not the population growth curb policy is necessary; what degree growth can safely occur thanks to increased economic and ecological efficiency; and how distribution mechanisms should accommodate demographic shifts. Many developed countries (especially Japan) will suffer a population deterioration, and the population debate is strongly bound by discussions about wealth distribution. Poverty can make education an unforgiturbed luxury, which tends to result in continued poverty) that various aid groups hope to correct in this century. Great progress has been made in reducing poverty, in China and India but increasingly in Africa as well. Microcredit loans have also begun to get profiled as a useful anti-poverty tool. Disease. AIDS, tibi and malaria each kill over a million people each year. HIV remains without a cure or vaccine, and while new cases decline it remains a major major especially for women. [78] Antibiotic resistance is a growing concern for tb-like organisms. Other diseases, such as SARS, Covid-19, ebola, Zika virus and flu variations, are also a cause of anxiety. The World Health Organization has warned of the possibility of a flu pandemic that comes as a result of bird flu mutations. In 2009, there was an outbreak of swine flu whose home country remains unknown. In early 2019, more than 90% of the world's 13,865 nuclear weapons were owned by Russia and the United States. [79] War and terrorism. Although war and violence have deteriorated so far in the early 21st century, [80] active conflicts continue around the world, such as the Syrian Civil War, the Yemeni Civil War and the War in Afghanistan. The 9/11 terrorist attacks sparked invasion of Afghanistan and partly and continued instability, terrorism, and military occation. Violence continues in the Arab-Israeli conflict. Great concern remains about the proliferates of nuclear, particularly in Iran and North Korea, and the availability of weapons of mass destruction to faring groups. War on drugs. Increasingly, the government-led legal, social and military battles against drug cartels around the world showed little result in ending trade and drug use, and the continuing improvement in life taken from this struggle. Notably, after 2006 in the Mexican Drug War, more than 100,000 human lives were lost to this conflict. Some jurisdictions have enacted some degree of legislation or decriminalisation of some types of drugs, mainly including some U.S. states that legalize marijuana either for recreational or medical use. Ip. The growing popularity of digital formats for entertainment media such as movies and music, and ease of copyright infringement. Many debates are proceeding about the right limits between copyright protection, trademarks and patent rights versus fair use and the public domain, where some argue that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such legislation has shifted greatly toward intellectual property owners and away from public interest in recent years, while others say that such as a of authors and artists (or, as others put it, against cybersquatting domain names and access to drugs patented to combat wabak in third world countries is another IP concern. Technological developments are constantly changing society. Communication technology and control continuously improve the intelligence of individuals human, and machine collections. Some, especially Ray Kurzweil, have predicted that by the middle of the century there will be a single technology if artificial intelligence outlining humans was created. In addition, some economists have expressed concern over tech unemployment. Marriage is open to same-sex couples The death penalty for homosexual civil rights, including women's rights, LGBT rights, racial equality and the rights of people with disabilities and neurodiverse still working in progress. Women can't realize or blatantly deny their rights in many countries, including India, China[81] and Saudi Arabia, and sexual violence against women is still a big deal anywhere in the world. Select sex abortions have reduced the number of women born worldwide since 1990, mostly because of the priorities of sons in China, India, Pakistan, Vietnam, South Korea and several other smaller countries the attitude towards homosexuality has become more tolerant. Same-sex marriage was confirmed in some jurisdictions in the first two decades of the century, but was banned by constitutional amendments elsewhere. Meanwhile, some countries such as Uganda and Russia moved to toughen their laws against any kind of homosexual behavior or expression. The political battle over pro-or anti-gay legislation provokes many activism on the streets and on the Internet. Hate groups remain a serious problem and ethnic minorities have lower status in many countries, including the United States. Neurological conditions such as autism are slowly understood and recognized. Astronomical events 2004: Transit of Venus. December 23, 2007: grand conjunction, a galaxy that occurs every 26,000 years. 2009: Triple in conjunction with Nose-Neptune. Solar eclipse july 22, 2009, a total of 6 minutes 38.8 s, saros 136. Solar eclipse January 15, 2010, annular 11 min 08 s, saros 141. The longest of the century, as well as the whole millennium. 2012: Transit of Venus. November 11, 2019: Transit of Mercury. More information: A list of future astronomical events § 21st century See also the 20th century modern historical portal Of Modern History Reference Contemporary Art Reference This article requires additional quotes for verification. Please help improve this article by adding quotes to reliable sources. Unsourced materials can be challenged and removed. Find sources: 21st century - news · newspapers · books · scholars · JSTOR (November 2006) (Learn how and when to remove this template message) ^ 21st Century and 3rd Millennium. aa.usno.navy.mil. Archived from the government. Reuters. April 19, 2010. 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