



## Floyd middle school ixl

The transition from middle school to high school marks a pretty exciting time in a child's - and a parent's - life. But it can also be daunting. It's not just a move to another school, it's a whole new environment. The beginning of high school can be overwhelming and confusing, and not just because the buildings are physically larger and the campus is unknown. Children leaving the middle school bubble for the jungle of high school not only have to deal with new teachers and academic requirements, but also a completely different set of students, some of whom are three years older and much more mature. The transition to high school can be disastrous if a child doesn't make the transition smoothly - more kids aren't ninth grade than any other class [source: Weber]. Most school systems do pave the way by implementing transition programs that can involve everything from campus visits to shadow students, but it's never easy. Our list of the 10 best differences between middle school and high school will help you identify some of the pitfalls you can run across as your child goes into ninth grade - like what happens when your trombone-playing math whiz finds out that will get you through this often crazy time. Content One of the scariest things about moving from middle school to high school is the often dramatic increase in school size. It's scary enough to make the transition from a three-grade school - and then, on top of that, several middle schools from a district often fail in a high school. So there could easily be four times as many kids in high school, most of whom will be absolute strangers. As the first day of ninth grade looms, it can be overwhelming to imagine one into a completely unknown (and much larger) campus and walk around in a sea of new faces. Most colleges are pretty mindful of facilitating the transition, but it's not hard to see how children can get lost in the shuffle. The larger the student body leads to the next item on our list... Ad We know that high schools have higher enrolments than middle schools, so it's obvious that each class is also getting bigger. The ratio of students to teachers varies widely across the country, but overall high school classes are larger than the middle class. It may not be much, but it makes a difference. The jump from a 15-student class to one with 20 kids doesn't seem like the enormity of an appointment, but it results in things feeling a little more impersonal and less one-on-one interaction with the teacher. independent, so they (in theory) don't need as much attention from their teachers. And a child who is not quite ready for the task may end up fall through the cracks. Advertising eighth grade teachers seem to spend a disproportionately long time trying to make it clear to their students (or trying to scare their students, but you want to look at it) that there will be a lot more homework in high school. And they do it for a reason: There's a lot more homework in high school. Children who aren't ready for it may be in for a nasty shock during the first month or so of ninth grade. The increased workload - combined with the stress of new environments, schedules, expectations, teachers and classmates - can really throw some kids to a loop, so it's especially important for parents to be at their game during this transition period. Advertising eighth grade - especially the last few months - is a dizzying time for some children. They are the oldest (and thus coolest) in school, and they take every opportunity to master this fact over someone they consider to be beneath them (it's, like, you know, everyone). But when September rolls around, they discover pretty quickly how demoralizing it can be to plummet from the head of the herd to the bottom of the barrel. For this and the other reasons we just discussed, many children find themselves floundering in ninth grade. Some schools have tried to combat this phenomenon by separating the freshman from the crowd just a little bit - they institute ninth-grade academies or smaller class sizes to maintain some of that middle school feeling for a while longer. Ad In most middle schools, with their emphasis on community-building and nurturing students, children don't get much choice in what classes they take. Students can be put in different groups based on skill level, but generally there is little variation in the courses. Sixth grade is American history, seventh grade is a brand new ball game, with seemingly endless choices - which is exciting, of course, but it can be overwhelming. And the planning is always tough, too: What happens if your trump-playing child is also a mathematical whiz, and advanced trigonometry is at the same time as band practice? Or if physics conflicts with French? There may not be an easy answer or a quick solution, but if parents, teachers and counselors work together, they can create a balanced schedule. Ad You might think that as academic and athletic requirements increase in high school, so can parental engagement. After all, this is a critical time in your child's life - very soon, they fly the coop, never to be seen again. But you'd think wrong: Parental engagement actually decreases during high school years. One reason is that colleges often don't court parent commitment as much as elementary and middle schools do - it's just a more hands-off type environment. Parents also commonly assume that their contributions are not necessary as children are older and more responsible. Not so. Many studies have shown that parental engagement is an important factor in their children's success. So go ahead and volunteer - your kids may be embarrassed to have you around, but it's for their own good. Ad People often refers to middle school as a bubble – students do their reading, writing and arithmetic, of course, but sometimes the process is emphasized more than the end result. Children learn about themselves, safe in their own small community, and there is not much focus on the outside world. But that all changes in high school. Suddenly the goal is very clear: college. No more fooling around - it's the real deal. Some students, to be sure, are grade-focused from day one, so this change in goal can be exciting – finally, all those who count for something! But it can be jarring for a child who may not have been so worried about characters. Then again, it's up to you, parents- it's your job to remind underperformers to step up to the plate. Ad Poor ninth graders. As if they don't already have enough to manage, what with an overwhelming new environment, greater class size and increased academic demands, they must also juggle more new teachers. In middle school, children probably have no more than two or three different teachers a day, but high school (as it does with everything) kicks that up a few notches. Now they could have six or seven teachers every day - all with their own methods, standards, workloads, moods and idiosyncrasies. It's really no wonder that grades plummet and dropout rates soar in ninth grade. So even while you stay on top of your child's work and grades, remember to be understanding - it can be a tough time. When they hit 10th and 11th grade, however, you can really crack the whip. Ad Most of the changes we've discussed so far in this article have some ambivalence attached to them - the transition to high school life that can be parked squarely in exciting spot. Most middle schools have sports teams, but they don't bring school to life like high school sports can. It's like the shift in focus with academics: Sure, middle school sports are fun, but a high school football game is the real deal. Even if your child is not an athlete, sporting events offer plenty of opportunities for social interaction with new classmates. Also, a taste of school spirit never hurts - it gives kids the start of a new identity, which can make the transition a little less painful. Ad You knew we'd get to this one sooner or later, didn't you? Peer pressure sticks its ugly head pretty early in any child's life, but the stakes are certainly raised in high school. Pressure to drink and make drugs safely show up for some during school years, but children (and parents) soon realize that these concerns are small potatoes compared to what lurks in high school. And it's not just about illegal drugs - it's clothes, eating, you name it. Succumbing to peer pressure can quickly derail an academic career, and that's a major factor in many dropout cases. As always, parents must be vigilant and, most importantly, keep the lines of communication open. To learn more about the differences between middle school, see the links on the following page. Lawnmower parents cut down obstacles and trials before their children can cope with them. HowStuffWorks talks to experts about the style of parenting. Bennett, Laurie J. and Mac Iver, Martha Abele. 'Girls Tend to Stop Walking; Boys are told not to come back': A report on the sex and dropout problem in Colorado Schools. They shall be 18 October 2009. (Admission September 10, 2010) Ray. The right kind of peer pressure. Slate, May 12, 2010. (Admission September 10, 2010) Nancy B. and Irvin, Judith L. Transitioning from Middle School to High School. National Middle School Association Journal, May 2000. (Admission September 10, 2010) High School Center. Facilitating the transition to High School: Research and best practices designed to support High School Learning. (Admission September 10, 2010) High School Center. 2010) PTA. Moving from middle to high school. (Admission September 9, 2010). Transition to middle school and high school. (Admission September 10, 2010) Dave. Back to school: The toughest test of all is 9th grade. Orlando Sentinel, 14. 2010 (Accessed September 10, 2010) 2010)).

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