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Human environment interaction in france Paris is a big city, therefore, I believe there will be a lot of polishing. But Paris also has other physical features such as much chance for polishing to happen. France is a place where people need to adapt to the survival environment, especially in Paris, because it's a city with paved roads, and buildings, and buildings France where you would have walked, for example the French Alps. According to the photos on the bottom of the page, many cars have been used in Paris, which is also beginning to become a concrete police problem. Adapting to the environment of Paris has a negative effect on the polishing though. Water concrete is a major problem in France at the moment because Paris is becoming more of an industrial city, and is acquering industrial contaminated water. The farm has caused agricultural nitate, and from a major town like Paris, there is a lot of waste. 18.7million tons of waste per year to be exact. All these polishings are political in the water. Paris has also been trying to reduce the policeman made from vehicles by making a vehicle banned. This means that only cars with similar license plates can be driven in certain hours or days, and cars with odd plate driving days are opposite the events they can. The prohibitive conduct began because the levels of policeman were dangerously high for 5 days in a row. (Shown above) Vehicles are prohibited for reducing dangerous polishing. Review Thoughts: Before I started studying Paris, I didn't really know what to think about how big the city would be, and it was guessing it wouldn't be too much of a bigger city, but I was terriblely wrong. Paris is such a large city, which the traffic polishing level is very high, and toxic. This makes me infer that many people are immigrated to Paris, instead of leaving, because their population levels are getting higher and higher, which performs more pollution. Overall I think the Paris interaction with the environment is not very healthy for the environment because, although Paris has tried to mite the levels of polishing and a car ban, it doesn't help much, and there are more and more polishing every day. Trouble viewing this page? Go to our diagnostic page to see what's wrong. They have the powerplant to make their energy. They have coal, iron bauxicide, zinc, uranium, antimoni, arsenic, potash, feldspaar, fluorospar, jipsum, timber and fish. They have a lot of pollolated water and are made mostly cities in France. Although they still have the firm. Temperatures vary throughout the year. In Paris it is 38.3% in January, 50.7 in April, 65.7 in July, and 54.1 in October with a yearly average of 51.8 degrees of farenheit. Of the lions are 35.6 in January, 50.7 in April, 68.7 in July, and 52.7 in October with a yearly average of 51.8 degrees of farenheit. In Nice it is 45 in January, 55.2 in April, 73 in July, with 61 in October with a yearly average of 58.6 degrees of farenheit. In Marseille it is 43.5 in January, 55 in April, 72.9 in July with 59.4 in October with a yearly average of 57.6 degrees in the farenheit. Rains vary in parts of disparity in France, but in Nice they get 32.4% of the average rain per year. October is the rain month and July drought. In Paris they get to 23.9% of rain. July is the months of rain and January is interesting. Place: Physical features - France displays a wide variety of physical features of its white sand beaches in its mountainous region. France has mercy on the English Chain, the Atlantic Ocean, and the Mediterranean Sea. There are several islands scattered on the Mediterranean coast, with some coastal islands known as the Channel Islands in the English Channel and in the northwest of Caen. The mountainous island. It is located 99 miles southeast of Nice. Mountains such as the Alp or the Jura are mainly located in the east, central south, and southern France. The country's highest point is in Mont Blanc, the arrival of a 15-year, 770 ft. It also happens to be the second highest point in Europe. France is home to Gorges du Verdon, a massive and spectacular canyon that reaches 700 meters deep, with approximately 11 miles length. There is an abundance of the rivers of France: Garonne, Lot, Rhine, Rhone, Seine, and Loire, each with its smaller courts. Human characteristics - France is a country well known for its contributions to the arts, such as cooking, designing, and architecture. One of the most commonly consumed foods in France is the baguet, a long bread of bread. It is almost always incorporating into every meal of the day, whether it serves as an apetizer or is part of a more elaborate or flat recipe. The Eiffel Gustave Company for just the 1889 World Heritage Site hosted in Paris, which marks the 100-year anniversary of the French Revolution. It is composed mostly of iron, reaching at a garganuan height of 986 feet. With about 6.9 million people visiting the Eiffel Tower every year, the tower has become one of the most well known structures in the world. France is an effective democracy. it is a unit system with a semi-presidential presidential system, he had both a president and a prime minister. Presidential elections are held every five years (since 2000) and are conducted only by direct popular votes since 1962. An elected president at two stages to vote. All political parties participated in the first as well. In the event of an absolute majority, the election is over and the most popular candidate becomes the president. However, if there is no definite majority present in the first stage enter a runoff election and the winner becomes president. Extending that France is a relatively large country, the direct counting of the ballot can be very effective (especially with more than 80% of parts population taking). Human-Environment-France has coastal litine along both the Atlantic Ocean, and the Mediterranean Sea, allowing several opportunities for both fishing and trade. In addition, the French land being fertil was enriched by rivers and courts to make some of the perfect land for agriculture. People modified the environment- Polishing was a major concern in France, especially in consideration of air polishing and water polishing. Currently, the French is looking for solutions to improving these conditions. People adapt to the environmental experience - France heavily snowed in alpine areas. Adjust this French by wearing warm clothes, and heating at home. In addition, France takes the opportunity to build ski resorts, which attracts several tourists. Movement: There are plenty of ways to get around in France. For example, there are France offering airports, pipes, roads, and water. It is also common to see citizens driving cars or motorcycles in the country. In regards to trade, France is the second largest exporter and import to Europe. France exports a number of commodity such as machinery and transport equipment, air-to-air aircraft, plastics, chemicals, pharmaceutical, iron, steel, consumer products, petroleum, and machinery. In the European Union, France exports to Africa, Asia, the Middle East, the United States, Switzerland, and Turkey. France also happens to be the largest exporter of services and farm products to the world. Region: ProvensArea (Square Kilometers) Regional Population Lower Normandy6,791 1,404,000 Caen Upper Normandy4,756 1,760,000 Rouen Peye de Loire12,000 390 3,112,000 nantes Picardy7,490 1,847,000 amitye Poitou-Charentes9,965 1,61 7,000 Poitiers Provence-Alpes-Cote d'Azur 12,1204,375,000 Marseille Rhone-Alpes16,870 5,645,407 Lyon Paris, Lafrans, Rivye Seine an kom yon sous dlo ak yon wout komes. The environment's interaction is the way that people interact with, affect and use the environment modifications. Those who react with the environment in Paris as far as the third century BCE when the Parisi Gauls chose to settle the area because of its location on the river now named Seine. Not only was the river critical for water, but it also served as a trade route to help the new settlement grow and thrill. The river provided strategic protection for the city until the Romans moved in and occupied it. The Romans built bathing in the area, shouted in water from the River Bievre. Not only did people take to the environment, but they also gave back and modified it. For example, in 1852, Prefect Haussman oversaw the plantation of 90,000 trees with the construction of a 5,000-akrec wood preserved. However, the environment was also communicating with people, on the few occasions that the Seine flooded the city. Some of the human environmental interactions were not benign, such as air polishing resulting from transport and manufacturing during the time of industrial revolution. Revolution.

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