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## Geometry sohcahtoa worksheet

Mathworksheetsgo.com is now a part of Mathwarehouse.com. All your tiles are already here in Mathwarehouse.com. Please update your bookmarks! Students will practice identifying adjacent and opposite sides (and hypotenuse) in straight triangles and practice relationship writing Sine Cosine Tangent (SOHCAHTOA). This sheet has model problems worked, step by step - as well as, 20 scaffolding questions that start relatively easy and end with some real challenges. Error : Please click It's not a robot, then try downloading it again. This is a 4-part worksheet: Part I Model Problems Part II Practice Part III Challenge Problems Part IV Answer Key SOHCAHTOA Sine Cosine Calculator Arcsine Calculator Error: Click It's Not a Robot, then try downloading it again. 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You can download or print using your browser's document reader options. Problem 1: In the right triangle PQR shown below, find the six trigonometric proportions of the angle  $\theta$ . Problem 2: In the figure shown below, look for the six trigonometric proportions of the  $\theta$  angle. Problem 3: In the ABC triangle, right angled to B,  $15\sin A = 12$ . Find the other five trigonometric proportions of angle A. Problem 4: Find the missing side length (x). Round to the nearest tenth. Solution Problem 1: In the PQR right triangle as below screenshot shown, finding the six trigonometric proportions of the angle  $\theta$ . Solution: In the right angle triangle above, note that for the given angle  $\theta$ , PQ is the 'opposite' side and PR is the 'adjacent' side. Then,  $\sin \theta = \text{opposite side} / \text{hypotenuse} = PQ / QR = 5 / 13$   $\cos \theta = \text{adjacent side} / \text{hypotenuse} = PR / QR = 12 / 13$   $\tan \theta = \text{opposite side} / \text{adjacent side} = PQ / PR = 5 / 12$   $\csc \theta = 1 / \sin \theta = 13 / 5$   $\sec \theta = 1 / \cos \theta = 13 / 12$   $\cot \theta = 1 / \tan \theta = 12 / 5$  Problem 2 : In the figure shown below, find the six trigonometric ratios of the angle  $\theta$ . Solution : In the right angled triangle ABC shown above,  $AC = 24$   $BC = 7$  By Pythagorean theorem,  $AB^2 = BC^2 + CA^2$   $AB^2 = 7^2 + 24^2$   $AB^2 = 49 + 576$   $AB^2 = 625$   $AB^2 = 25^2$   $AB = 25$  Now, we can use the three sides to find the six trigonometric ratios of angle  $\theta$ .  $\sin \theta = \text{opposite side} / \text{hypotenuse} = BC / AB = 7 / 25$   $\cos \theta = \text{adjacent side} / \text{hypotenuse} = AC / AB = 24 / 25$   $\tan \theta = \text{opposite side} / \text{adjacent side} = BC / AC = 7 / 24$   $\csc \theta = 1 / \sin \theta = 25 / 7$   $\sec \theta = 1 / \cos \theta = 25 / 24$   $\cot \theta = 1 / \tan \theta = 24 / 7$  Problem 3 : In triangle ABC, right angled to B,  $15\sin A = 12$ . Find the other five trigonometric relationships of angle A. Solution:  $15\sin A = 12$   $\sin A = 12 / 15$   $\sin A = \text{opposite side} / \text{hypotenuse} = 12 / 15$  For theorem pitagoreà,  $AC^2 = AB^2 + BC^2$   $15^2 = AB^2 + 12^2$   $225 = AB^2 + 144$  Subtract 144 on each side.  $81 = AB^2$   $9^2 = AB^2$   $9 = AB$  Now, we can use all three sides to find the five trigonometric proportions of angle A and six trigonometric proportions of angle C.  $\cos A = \text{adjacent side} / \text{hypotenuse} = AB / AC = 9 / 15 = 3 / 5$   $\tan A = \text{opposite side} / \text{adjacent side} = BC / AB = 12 / 12$   $9 = 4 / 3$   $\csc A = 1 / \sin A = 15 / 12 = 5 / 4$   $\sec A = 1 / \cos A = 5 / 3$   $\cot A = 1 / \tan A = 4 / 3$  Problem 4: Find the length of the missing side (x). Round to the nearest tenth. Workout: In the triangle shown above, the length of the hypotenuse is x and for the angle  $51^\circ$ , the side that has the length 10 is adjacent side. We know the length of the adjacent side and we have to find the length of the hypotenuse. Therefore, we must use the trigonometric relationship in which we have hypotenuse and adjacent side. Then, we have  $\cos 51^\circ = \text{Hypotenuse} / \text{Side}$   $\sec 51^\circ = x / 10$  Multiply each side for 10.  $10 \cdot \sec 51^\circ = x$  Use calculator.  $15.9 \approx x$  So, the missing side length is 15.9 Problem 5: Find the length of the missing side (x). Round to the nearest tenth. Workout: In the triangle shown above, the length of the hypotenuse is 17 and for the angle  $59^\circ$ , the side that has the length x is opposite side. We know the hypotenuse and we have to find the length of the opposite side. Therefore, we must use the trigonometric relationship in which we have opposite and hypotenuse side. Then, we have  $\sin 59^\circ = \text{Opposite side} / \text{Hypotenuse}$   $\sin 59^\circ = x / 17$  Multiply each side for 17.  $17 \cdot \sin 59^\circ = x$  Use calculator.  $14.6 \approx x$  So, missing side length is 14.6 To learn about SOHCAHTOA things in detail, Click here Apart of the things given in this section, if you need other things in math, use our Google custom search here. If you have any comments about our mathematical content, please email us : [v4formath@gmail.com](mailto:v4formath@gmail.com) We always appreciate your comments. You can also visit the following web pages about different things in mathematics. 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C.M method to solve time and work problems Transducing the word problems in algebraic expressions Remainder when 2 power 256 is divided by 17 Remainder when 17 power 23 is by 16 Sum of the three digit numbers divisible by 6 Sum of the three digit numbers divisible by 7 Sum of the three digit numbers divisible by 8 Sum of the three digit numbers formatted by 1, 3, 4 Sum of the three four-digit numbers formed with non-zero Sum digits of the three four-digit numbers formed using 0, 1, 2, 3 Sum of the three four-digit digit numbers using 1, 2, 5, 6 copyright onlinemath4all.com SBI! Sbi!

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