



I'm not robot



Continue

Age of consent in all 50 states

Motion Alabama states age of majority age of 19. Ala.Code § 26-1-1 (1975) 16. Ala. Code § 13A-6-70 (1975) Alaska 18. Alaska stats. Ann. § 25.20.010 16. Alaska stats. Ann. §11.41.434 (Western) Arizona 18. Arizona pastor. Ann § 8-101 (2014) (Child means anyone under the age of 18.) 18. Arizona Pastor Stat. Ann. § 13-1405 (2014). Arkansas 18. Ark Code and § 9-25-101 (West 1975) 16. Ark Code and § 5-14-127 (1975). California 18. Cals. Fam. Code § 6500 (West 1994) 18. Cals. Penal Code § 261.5 (West 2014) Colorado 18. Colo. Rev Stat. Ann. § 13-22-101 (West 1991) 17. Colo. Rev Stat. Ann. § 18-3-402 (West 1991) Connecticut 18. Conn. Gen. Stat. Ann. § 1-1d (West 1972) 16. Conn. Gen. Stat. Ann. § 53a-70 (West 1972) Delaware 18. Dell code. Anne. tit. 1, § 701 (West 1972) 16 or 18, according to the age of the perpetrator: Del. Code. Anne. tit. 11, § 770 (West 1972) Florida 18. Florida Statistics Anne. § 743.07 (West 1973) 18. Florida Statistics Anne. § 794.011 (West 1973) Georgia 18. Ga. Code ann § 39-1-1f (West 1972) 16. Ga. Code and § 16-6-3 (West 1972) Hawaii 18. E. Rev Statistics § 577-1 (West 1972) 16. E. Rev Statistics § § 707-730 (West 1972) Idaho 18. Idaho Code and § 32-101 (West 1972) 16. Idaho Code and § 18-1506 (West 1972) Illinois 18. 755 days. Statistics. Ann. 5/11-1 (West 1986) 17. 755 days. Statistics. Ann. 11/6. (West 1986) Indiana 18. Ind. Code and § 34-11-6-2 (West 1998) 16. Ind. Code Ann. § 35-42-4-3 (West 1998) Iowa 18, unless convicted as an adult or married before the age of 18. Iowa Code and§ 599.1 (West 1993) 14? See Iowa Code ann. § 702.5 (West 1993) and Iowa Code Ann. § 709.4 (West 1993). Kansas 18, 16 after but not 18 unless married before. Khan. Statistics. Anne § 38-101 (West 1978) 16. Khan. Statistics. § 21-3502. (West) Kentucky 18, as long as the child is not disabled, then 21. Ky. Stat. Ann. § 2.105 (West 1994) 16. Ky. Stat. Ann. § 510.020 (West 1994) Louisiana 18. La. Civ. Code Ann. art. 29 (1987) 17. § 80 La. Rev. Stat. Ann. 14:80 (1987) Maine 18. b. Statistics one-and-a-tit. 1, § 73 (1969) 16. B. Statistics: Ann tit. 17-a, § 254 (2011) MARYLAND 18. Md. Code. Anne Est & Trust § 13-101 (m) (West 2011). (Minors are persons who have not reached the age of 18.) 16. Maryland Code. Ann. Cream. Law §3-304 (West) Massachusetts 18. Misa Elders Act ch. 231, § 85P (West 1975) 16. Misa Elders Act ch. 265, § 23 (West 1975) Michigan 18. Mich. Comp. Law Ann. §722.52 (West 1990) 16. Mich. Comp. Law Ann. §750.10a (West 1990) Minnesota 18. Minn. Stat. Ann. § 645.451 (West 1973) 16. Minn. Stat. Ann. § 609.342 (West 1973) Mississippi 21. Miss. Code and . § 15-1-59 (West 1983) 16. Miss. Code and § 97-3-65 (West 1983) Missouri 18. Mo. Ann. Stat. §507.115 (West 1976) 17. Mo and Statistics. §566.020 (West 1976) Montana 18. 16. Mont code Ann. (West) Nebraska 19 to 16 for sexual contact: Neb. Rev. Stat. § 28-319. 17 Debauchery minors: Neb. Rev. Stat. §28-805 Nevada 18 16. Neve. Stat. Ann. § 200.364 (West) New Hampshire 18 16. N.H. Rev Stat. Ann. § 632-A:2 New Jersey 18 16. N.J. Stat. Ann. § 2C:14-2 (Western) New Mexico 18 16. N.M. Statistics. Ann. § 30-9-11. (West 1978) New York 18 17. N.Y. Penal Act § § 130.55 (McKinney 1965) North Carolina 18 16. N.C. Gen. Stat. Ann. § 14-27.7A (West 1995) North Dakota 18 acts vary, and can be 15 or 18. N.D. Cent Code N. § 12.1-20-03.1. (West 1997) Ohio 18 16. Ohio Pastor Code ann § 2907.06 (West) Oklahoma 18 16. Oklahoma. Statistics. Anne Tit. 21, § 1123 (West) Oregon 18 18. Or. Statistics Anne. § 163.315 (West 1971) Pennsylvania 18 16. 18 Pa. Cons. Stat. Ann § 3123 (West) Rhode Island 18 16. R.I. Gen. Law Ann. § 11-37-6. (West 1956) South Carolina 18 16 (although there are some legal amendments currently taking place) S.C Code and. § 16-3-655 (1976) South Dakota 18 16. S.D. Culture Law § 22-22-1. Tennessee 18 18. Tenn. Code n § 39-13-506. (West) Texas 18 17. Texas Penal Code Ann. § 21.11 (West 2009) Utah 18 16 or 18 (Gap Clause for Offenders' Age): Utah Code ann. § 76-5-401.2 (West 1953) Vermont 18 16. Vt. Statistics. Anne. tit. 13, § 2602. (West) Virginia 18 18. Va. Code Ann. § 18.2-371 (West) Washington 18 16. Wash. Code and § 9A.44.079 (West) West Virginia 18 16. W. VA. Code N. §61-8B-2. (West) Wisconsin 18 16. Wis. Note. Ann. § 948.02 (West) Wyoming 18 16. Wyo. Statistics Ann. §6-2-304. (West) statutory rape crimes in the United States detail the age at which an individual can legally consent to sexual activity. This section focuses on laws dealing with sexual intercourse.10Table 1 Summary, if applicable, for each note: Age of Consent. This is an era when individuals can legally consent to sexual intercourse under any circumstances. Minimum age of victims. This is the age at which an individual cannot consent to sexual intercourse under any circumstances. Age difference. If the victim is at least the minimum age and below the age of consent, the age difference is the maximum difference in age between the victim and the defendant, where the individual can legally consent to sexual intercourse. Minimum and minimum age of defendants to prosecute. Age at which you cannot be accused of sexual activity with a minor. The table records the status in which this law applies only if the victim is at a certain age or higher. As you can see in the first column of Table 1, the age of consent depends on the state. In most states (34) I'm 16 years old. The age of the remaining states is 17 or 18 years old (6 and 11 states, respectively). A common misconception about statutory rape is that the state code defines a single age at which an individual can legally consent. Sex. Only 12 states have only one age of consent, and in cases below, sexual intercourse cannot be consented under any circumstances, and it is legal for any country beyond that age of consent to have sex with another person. In Massachusetts, for example, the age of the child is 16 years old. In the remaining 39 states, other factors come into play, including age differences, the minimum age of the victim, and the minimum age of the defendant. Each description is described below. Minimum age requirement. In 27 states where the age of consent is not one year old, the statute specifies the age at which an individual cannot legally engage in sexual intercourse, regardless of the defendant's age (see the second column in Table 1). The minimum age requirement for this week is 10 to 16 years old. The legality of sexual intercourse with an individual who exceeds the minimum age requirement and is below the age of consent depends on the age between the two parties and/or the defendant's age difference. In New Jersey, the age of consent is 16, but individuals 13 years of age or more can legally engage in sexual activity if the defendant is four years old or less than the victim. Age difference. The legality of engaging in sexual intercourse with minors in 27 states is at least in some cases based on age differences between the two parties (see the third column in Table 1). In 12 of these states, legality is based entirely on the age difference between the two parties. In the District of Columbia, for example, it is illegal for a defendant to have sex with a person under the age of consent (16) if the defendant is four years younger than the victim. Although less common, in some states, the age difference depends on the age of the victim. In Washington, it is illegal to have sex with someone 14 years of age or younger and under the age of 16 if the accused is 4 years of age or younger than the victim. If the victim is under the age of 14 (3 years), the age difference decreases, and if the victim is under 12 (2 years old), the decrease is further reduced. Minimum age of defendant to prosecute. 16 states set age criteria for defendants who cannot be prosecuted for involvement in sexual intercourse with minors (see last column in Table 1). In Nevada, the age of consent is 16. However, it is illegal to have sexuality with a person under the age of 16 only if the accused is at least 18 years of age (the age at which the accused can be prosecuted). The defendant tends to have a minimum age requirement for the victim, which led to setting a minimum age. Often, the age of the defendant is relevant only if the victim exceeds the minimum age requirement. In Ohio, people under the age of 13 and sexuality Regardless of the age of the defendant. However, it is illegal for a victim to have sex with an individual who is 18 years of age or older if the victim has a minimum age requirement (13 years of age or older) and a consent age (16 years or younger). Some states define minimum age thresholds for defendants and age discrimination. In North Carolina, you are 16 years old. Sexual intercourse with a person under the age of consent is illegal if the accused is 4 years of age or more than the victim and (2) at least 12 years of age (the age at which the accused can be prosecuted). Age of consent in North America (some of the ages listed in some states are outdated) 12 12 13 14 15 16 17 Puberty under 17 18 varies by state/province/region in North America, and the age of legal consent related to sexual activity depends on jurisdiction. Canada's age of consent is 16. As of August 2018, each U.S. state has set a age of consent at the age of 16, 17, or 18. Mexico's age of consent is complicated. In general, the State of Mexico has a primary age of consent (under 12 years of age), and sexual activity with persons under that age is always illegal. Sex between adults and adolescents under the age of 18 remains in the legal gray area: the Law on corruption of minors and the Estofro Act may apply to such conduct at the discretion of prosecutors. These laws are circumstances and subject to interpretation. The typical age of consent in Mexico is 17. [1] The age of consent in Sino-U.S. countries ranges from 14 to 18 years. The following is a list of all jurisdictions in North America listed in the list of sovereign countries and subordinate territories in North America. Outline The age of consent is higher than the age at which a person is considered to have the legal capacity to consent to sexual activity. Exceptions to the age of consent exist in some jurisdictions when a minor and its partner are within a certain age or when a minor is married to a partner, but both partners must be of legal age to give consent. A person under the age of consent may not give consent under the law, and sex involving such person cannot be punished with criminal sanctions similar to rape or sexual assault. Nonviolent sexual contact with a person under the age of consent can be punished with varying degrees of severity, from misdemeanors with simple fines to felonies with equal penalties for rape. If one partner is in a position of power or authority over another partner, such as a teacher, administrator, coach, parent, or step-parent, a different age group may apply. In Indiana, for example, the age of consent is 16, but it is illegal for a person over the age of 18 to have sex with someone under the age of 18. Their parents or step-parents, or anyone who recruits them to join the military. Historically, the age of consent applies to male-female relationships; Same-sex relationships were often illegal regardless of the age of the participants. Modern laws vary, and the ages that apply to all jurisdictions may vary. For example, if a relationship is between a partner of the same sex, a different age may apply, or if sexual contact is not strictly vaginal intercourse. In Antigua and Barbuda, the consent age is 16. [2] The Sexual Offences Act of 1995 increased the age of consent from 14 to 16. [3] Sexual intercourse with women between the ages of 14 and 6. (1) If a man is not a wife with consent and is having sex with a woman who has not yet received 16 years at the age of 14, he is eligible for a 10-year sentence and a conviction for his crimes. [2] Men do not commit crimes under Part 1(1) - (a) if they honestly believe that a woman is 12 - (a) a woman over the age of 16. Alternatively, (b) the view that men are less than 3 years old than women and that the court has evidence that men are not wholly or substantially to blame as men are between men and women. 16 sexual intercourse with men under the age of 7. (1) If a female adult has sex with a man under the age of 16 who is not her husband, she may be convicted of seven years imprisonment, regardless of whether the male consented to sexual intercourse. Female adults are not guilty of a crime if they honestly believe that the subsec section 1) – (a) a male person is sixteen years of age or older; Or (b) if a female adult is not three years older than a male, the court is of the opinion that the evidence reveals that female adults are wholly or substantially to blame in cases between female adults and men. Anguilla (United Kingdom) Anguilla has a consent age of 16. It is determined in Part 14 of the Penal Code - Sexual Offences - Sexual Offences against Minors - by Article 143. Martydom with people between the ages of 14 and 16. [5] [Not specific enough to validate] Aruba This section may require cleanup to meet Wikipedia's quality standards. The specific problem is that the section relies only on permanently dead links. Please help me improve this section if you can. (August 2018) The age of consent in Aruba is 16, as stated in Aruba's Penal Code 251 (adapted after Aruba seceded from Antilles in the Netherlands) Read: Article 251: People, People Out (Learn how and when to remove this template message) It said that including sexual penetration of a body or committing an indecent act with a person who reached the age of 12 but did not reach the age of 15 amounted to up to eight years in prison or a fine of 100,000 full-time. [6] The Bahamas should update this section. Update this article to reflect recent events or new information available. In the Bahamas, the age of consent for same-sex activities is 16 and the age of consent for same-sex activities is 18. Homosexuality was legalized in 1991, but public homosexuality is a crime that sentences you to 20 years in prison without parole. [7] [Update required] 11. (1) A person under the age of 14 and an individual under the age of 16, regardless of whether or not they agree to illegal sex, can face the first conviction for the crime, seven years in prison, four years in prison for the second or later, and up to four years in prison. [8] Barbados should update this section. Update this article to reflect recent events or new information available. (August 2018) Section 5, The Sexual Offences Act 1992 (1) 1992, in which a person between the ages of 14 and 16 has sex with another person with the consent of another person, and another person has not obtained a 14-year-old, but the person has not reached the age of 16 and has been convicted of a 10-year prison sentence. [9] In Belize, the age of consent is 16, regardless of sexual orientation or gender. [10] [11] The bill is as follows: Criminal Law [CAP. 101]]11 Section 47.1 Anyone who has sex with a person under the age of 14 with or without consent is responsible for a conviction for a conviction for the crime of unlawful sexual intercourse and prosecution for imprisonment of less than 12 years. Section 47.2 Anyone who is over the age of 14 but has an illegal relationship with a person under the age of 16 is responsible for committing a crime and being convicted of up to five years in prison. Bermuda and the British Virgin Islands (United Kingdom) This section needs expansion. You can help by adding to it. (August 2018) The age of consent is 16, regardless of sexual orientation and/or gender. [12] Enforcement of Canada's Violent Crime Act came into effect on May 1, 2008, increasing the age of consent from 14 to 16. [13] There are two near-age exemptions: the age of a young partner. A 12- or 13-year-old may consent to sexual activity with an individual who is two years younger than himself or herself. You may consent to sexual activity with a partner under the age of 14 or 15. [14] Criminal law (including the definition of age of consent) is in the exclusive jurisdiction of the federal government, so the age of consent is uniform throughout Canada. Section 151 of the Canadian Penal Code makes it a crime to touch anyone under the age of 16 for sexual purposes. Section 153 prohibits sexual contact of persons under the age of 18 in three circumstances, whether the youth is in a position of trust or authority towards the youth, if the youth is in a dependence on them, or if the relationship is exploitative. The term position of trust or authority is not defined in the norms, but the court has ruled that parents, teachers and medical professionals have a position of trust or authority over the youth they care for or teach. Article 153 (1,2) of this Code provides that judges can deduce whether a relationship is exploitative, taking into account its character and circumstances, including how old the youth is, age differences between partners, how the relationship has evolved, and the extent of control or influence over the youth by the older partner. The rules for anti-attachment to trust status under the age of 18 were extended by Bill C-2 in 2005, and judges can term them as sexual exploitation based on the nature and circumstances of the relationship, including the age, age differences, and evolution of relationships (e.g., how they develop quickly and secretly over the Internet), and control or influence over a young person (control or influence of others, person). This was passed before the 2008 amendment and has not been abolished as it is still in effect and may apply to adults in these circumstances with young people under the age of consent and under 18 (16-17). The accused is 151 (sexual interference), s. 152 (sexual contact invitation), s. 153(1) (sexual exploitation), s. 160(3) (the presence of a child or 173(2) or s. 173(2) (indecent acts) or 271 (sexual assault) charges, or 271 (sexual assault) charges. . The age of consent reform in Canada during the 19th century, the age of consent for heterosexual vaginal sex was 12. In Congress raised the age of consent to 14. [15] The punishment for a person having sex with a person under the age of 14 was life imprisonment and flogging, and the punishment for a person who attempted to seduce an unomorphpic girl was two years imprisonment and flogging. [16] Canada also had laws against luring underage girls over the age of consent. In 1886, a law was enacted that made the seduction of girls over the age of 12, and girls under the age of 16 were made criminal offenses. The seduction of women under the age of 18 was made illegal in 1886 and amended in 1887 to apply to women under the age of 21. [17] After the age of consent was raised at the age of 14, the Law on the Law of Seduction was amended to apply to minors over the age of 14, and various such laws were in effect until the 20th century. [17] The age of consent was revised from 14 to 16 years old in the spring of 2008, when the Enforcement Decree of the Violent Crime Act came into force. The new measures still allow year-end exceptions for 12- to 16-year-olds: there is no two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18. [18] In two-year gap for 12- and 13-year-olds, or a five-year gap for 14- and 15-year-olds. In 1969, the Criminal Code was amended to provide immunity for the criminalization of consensual sex, including exempting husbands, wives, and anyone over the age of 21. In 1988, Section 159 was enacted, reducing the age from 21 to 18

place. There are crimes. estupro is set out in section 180, which means consent with young people between the ages of 12 and 18, obtaining consent through means of estupro. The penalty is six months to four years in prison. This crime needs a complaint (Querrela) to prosecute. The Corruption of Minors Act (184) has adults engaged in sexual intercourse with persons under the age of 18, from 7 to 12 years, which can be used to punish by imprisonment. This situation exists throughout Mexico and can be prosecuted as a complaint against the victim or the victim's family. Montserrat (UK) Montserrat has a consent age of 16. [39] A girl under the age of 16 and a med teacher 121. (1) A person who has an illegal relationship with a girl over the age of 13 and a girl under the age of 16 must be convicted of the crime and sentenced to two years in prison. (2) If there is a charge of sexual offences under this clause, it is immaterial that there was sexual intercourse with the girl's consent. Indecent assault on woman 122. (1) Under the provisions of this section, a person who indecently assaults a woman is criminally and responsible. (2) A girl under the age of 16 may not agree to a law preventing assault for the purposes of this clause. The age of consent is 18 in Nicaraguan Nicaragua, but the law (Article 175) is not clear with respect to young people aged 16-17. Chapter 170. Statutory rape[40] A person who is married or in a stable de facto resolution, is older, and allows or permits access to the body by a person between the ages of 14 and 16 without violence or intimidation, is sentenced to two to four years in prison. Chapter 175. Sexual exploitation, pornography, and sexual activity with a youth under the age of 16, or a person who induces, provides, promotes, or uses a person with a disability for sexual or erotic purposes, or who forces a victim to participate in a witness or show in public or private, even if he or she agrees to witness or participate in such acts, is sentenced to five to seven years in prison. 4-6 years if the victim is between the ages of 16 and 18. (...) Chapter 168. A person who rapes a child under the age of 14, allows physical access by a person under the age of 14, or, for sexual purposes, forces the victim to insert a finger, object or instrument through the vagina, anus or mouth with or without consent, is sentenced to 12 to 15 years in prison. Chapter 172. Sexual abuse Inappropriate contact of a person or other person engaged in obscene conduct, without his or her consent, (...) Disability or illness. Panama, Panama The age of consent is generally 18, although sexual activity with children between the ages of 14 and 18 is not always illegal. [41] Atticulo 176. Quien, valiéndose de una condición de ventaja, logre acceso sexual con persona mayor de catorce años y menor de dieciocho, aunque medie consentimiento, será sancionado con prisión de dos a cuatro años translation: Article 176. A person who achieves sex with a person over the age of 14 and under 18 using the benefit conditions must impose imprisonment of two to four years or less with consent and does not apply if the age difference is less than five years and the partner is in a stable med relationship. No se aplicarán las sanciones señaladas en este artículo cuando entre la víctima y el agente exista una relación de pareja permanente debidamente comprobada y siempre que la diferencia de edad no supere los cinco años. Translation: If a relationship is duly established between the victim and the agent and the age difference does not exceed five years, the sanctions provided in this document do not apply. Puerto Rico (U.S.) also sees: Age of consent in the United States Age of Consent in Puerto Rico is 16. There is a 4-year end-of-life exception that applies only to people 14 years of age or over. [42] Article 130.- Sexual Assault.- Genitalia, Digital, or Instrumental, whether or not genitalia acts or vaginal or sex penetration, who perform sexual penetration... Should be punished ... The age difference between a victim is 14 years of age or older and the victim and the accused is 4 years of age or younger, except when the victim has not achieved the age of 16 or younger. Article 133.- Lewd Acts.- A person subjected to another person in an act that tends to awaken, excite or satisfy the accused's sexual passions or desires without the intention of completing the sexual assault crimes described in Section 130... Should be punished ... When the victim does not reach the age of 16 (16), the age of consent in St Kitts and Nevis is 16. [43] St. Lucia St. Lucia has a consent age of 16. [44] St. Vincent and the Grenadines St. Vincent and the Grenadines have a consent age of 15. [45] The penalty for raping a girl over the age of 13 is up to five years in prison. Under 13 years of age is life-long. [46] The age of consent of Synt Martin (Netherlands) Synt Martin (Netherlands) is 15, as specified by the Penal Code of the Netherlands Antilles (Synt Martinnederland did not change after the dissolution), Article 251, Read: Art 251:1. A person who commits obscene acts, including or constitutes sex, with a person who has reached the age of 12 but has not reached the age of 15. The body is responsible for up to 16 years in prison. [25] The prosecution for violations of the above articles is made by a complaint by a minor, parent, teacher or guardianship committee (Art 251. 2). 3. 4.) [47] Trinidad and Tobago's age of consent is 18 under the Children's Act 2012. [48] In 2015, the number increased from 16 to 18. [49] The Children's Act of 2012 defines a person under the age of 18. 18. Under section 20, a person who sexually penetrates a child commits a crime, is convicted of a conviction for prosecution and sentenced to life in prison. 19. (1) a person touching a child - (a) contact with sexual section 20; (b) The child is under the age of 16, and the person commits a crime. (2) A person who commits a crime under paragraph (1) is responsible for (a) a \$50,000 fine and 10 years in prison for summary conviction. or (b) on conviction for prosecution, imprisonment for 20 years. (3) If a person commits a crime under paragraph (1) of paragraph (1), and touching it involves placing any body part or object on the child's genitals or body dragon duck, the person is responsible for the conviction for prosecution of life prison. Three end-of-life exemptions exist under Section 20:20. (1) 1. A person over the age of 16 but under the age of 21 is not liability under section 18 – (a) he is three years younger than the child he is believed to have committed a crime with; (b) He is not in a family relationship with the child and is not in a position of trust in relation to the child. (c) He does not have the same sex as a child. (d) Circumstances do not disclose elements of exploitation, coercion, threat, deception, grooming or manipulation in a relationship. (2) Persons who are 14 years of age or younger but under the age of 16 are not 18 or under the age of 19, or (a) are less than 2 years old than the child who is presumed to have committed a crime. (b) He is not in a family relationship with the child and is not in a position of trust in relation to the child. (c) He does not have the same sex as a child. (d) Circumstances do not disclose elements of exploitation, coercion, threat, deception, grooming or manipulation in a relationship. (3) A person over the age of 12 but under the age of 14 is under the age of 18 or 19. (a) he is less than two years old than the child he is believed to have committed a crime with, (b) he is not in a family relationship with the child and is not in a position of trust in relation to the child. (c) He does not have the same sex as a child. (d) circumstances are exploitation, grooming or manipulation in a relationship. U.S. General Age of Consent in 50 U.S. states, districts of Columbia, and U.S. territories Highlights: The age of consent in the United States is at the state, territory, and federal district level. There are several federal statutes involved in protecting minors from sexual predators, but none of them impose age restrictions on sexual activity. On June 26, 2003, heterosexual and homosexual acts were legalized in all states, territories, and the District of Columbia under Lawrence v. United States Supreme Court. Texas [50] (between consenting adults in a non-commercial, private bedroom). State v. Limon (2005) The Kansas Supreme Court used Lawrence as a precedent to overturn state Romeo and Juliet laws that resulted in lesser penalties for heterosexuals than homosexuals convicted of similar ages of consent-related crimes. [51] Like the District of Columbia, each U.S. state has its own age of consent. As of August 1, 2018, the consent age in each U.S. state was 16, 17, or 18. The most common age of consent is 16. [52] Virgin Islands (USA) Reference: Age of Consent in the United States Age of Consent is 18. However, the yearly exemption for 16- and 17-year-olds to consent with themselves and minors ages 13 to 15 is 16 years of age or older. Article § 1700. In the first degree, rape is exacerbated, and children under the age of 13 and sexually or sodomy are banned. Sexual activity with minors is exacerbated by force, intimidation or the authority of the perpetrator, and by the fact that a minor under the age of 16, not the perpetrator's spouse, resides in the same household as the perpetrator. (See article § 1700, article § 1702, article § 1708). Other related documents in the Criminal Code include: § 1702. Second-degree rape (a) A person over the age of 18 who is rampant in circumstances that do not include first-degree rape has sex or sodomial behavior with a person who is not the spouse of an offender over the age of 16, and the perpetrator is 5 years of age or more than the victim. Sentenced to up to 10 years in prison for second-degree rape. § 1703. A third-degree rape is under the age of 18, but a person who commits sex or sodomial acts over the age of 13, not the spouse of an offender over the age of 16, must be convicted of third-degree rape in a situation that does not fall under the age of first-degree rape and be under the family's jurisdiction. Superior Court defines sexual contact of sexual contact, i.e. non-permeability, as intentional contact of intimate parts of a person, directly or through clothing, is not permitted with children under the age of 16 to stimulate or satisfy any person's sexual desires, but a near-age exemption allows them to engage in the same conduct as a partner under the age of 18. § 1708. A person who has sexual contact with a person who is not the spouse of the first-degree unlawful sexual contact perpetrator— (.) (2) When someone is under the age of 13; § 1709. Second-degree unlawful sexual contact A person over the age of 18 who has sexual contact with a spouse under the age of 13, not the spouse of the offender.C, is imprisoned in the Virgin Islands Code for one year or less for committing unlawful sexual contact in the second degree: V.I. § 1700-1709, and appeals against it: A mistake in the facts about the victim's age is not a defense. In addition, North American portal Human Sexual Portal Age reforms the age of consent in the Asian era of consent in the South American child sexual abuse fantasy defense Jaibait youth sexuality see Canadian Sex Education Comprehensive Sex Education ^ See Mexican Era of Consent and Statutory Rape Law. www.ageofconsent.net Searched June 13, 2019. ^ Murdoch, Chiron (March 13, 2017). Caribbean: Magistrates say they do not tolerate teens of pre-consent age having sex. St. Lucia News Online. It was found on August 22, 2018. ^ Archived Copy (PDF). Archived from the original (PDF) on March 3, 2012. 2010.CS1 Main search: Archived copy with title (link) ^ United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees. Lev World | 2003 Study on the worst forms of child labor - Antigua and Barbuda. Unhcr. Archived from the original on October 10, 2012. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Anguilla law. Anguilla law. Archived from the original on March 31, 2012. It was found on August 10, 2012. ^ Wetborg van Aruba (Netherlands). Aruba government. It was found on April 25, 2011. [Permanent Dead Link] ^ 16 Materials Kept in October 10 Back Machine ^ Bahamas Government - Home. Laws.Bahamas.gov.bs. Archived from the original on October 11, 2007. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Microsoft Word - Barbados Template Start.doc (PDF). Archived from the original (PDF) on February 29, 2008. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ b Cap 101 Criminal Code Act (PDF). Archived from The Original on May 16, 2011 (PDF) Was retrieved on February 16, 2011. ^ b Criminal Law (Amendment) (No. 2) Bill, 2013 (PDF). Archived from original on September 20, 2016 (PDF) August 20, 2016. ^ Caribbean GBV Legal Portal: National Resources: United Kingdom Islands - United Nations Women - Multilingual Offices - Caribbean. Field Office Caribbean. Archived from the original on March 11, 2015. ^ Canada's age of consent has increased to two years. CBC News. May 1, 2008. Archived from the original on May 2, 2006. ^ SACC Website Team. Sexual Assault Treatment Center. Since You Asked: Law - SACC provides emergency nurses, medical services, information thought emotions collect physical evidence of legal help. Sacc.to. Archived from the original on April 14, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Weber, Terry (June 22, 2006). The story moves to increase the age of consent. The Globe and Mail. Archived from the original on August 22, 2006. ^ Social Law of Canada and Ontario summarized the legal age of consent for sexual activity in Canada (PRB 99-3E), Child Aid Social and Social Workers, 1914 ^ b. Dsp-psd.tpsgc.gc.ca. Archived from the original on July 6, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Q&A - Law relating to the abolition of Section 159 of the Criminal Code. December 15, 2016. It was found on July 6, 2019. ^ Bill C-75. June 21, 2019 bill. Canadian Parliament. ^ Archived Copy (PDF). Archived from original (PDF) on March 23, 2012. 2011.CS1 Main Search: Archived copy with title (link) ^ Wetboek van Strafrecht bes. Dutch government. December 15, 2010. Archived from the original on July 24, 2011. It was found on April 24, 2011. ^ . Archived from Wayback Machine on November 21, 2016 - Costa Rica Portales Medias ParaProteger a Las Personas Menard De Edad Dipete La Rei de Lelaquions Impropias. Methodist de la Republica de Costa Rica (Spanish). January 19, 2017. It was found on April 9, 2019. ^ Official Official Information of the Republic of Cuba, gacetaoficial.cu. March 1999. Archived from the original on April 2, 2016. It was found on March 23, 2016. ^ b Wetborg van de Nederlandse Antillen (Netherlands). Dutch government. It was found on April 24, 2011. ^ Internet / Home - Interpol (PDF). interpol.int. Archived from february 29, 2008 original (PDF). ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: Dominican Republic. State.gov. March 11, 2010. It was archived from the original on February 28, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ B C D e f El Salvador Penal Code. It was archived from the original on January 11, 2012. It was found on February 10, 2010. ^ Microsoft Word - El Salvador.doc. Archived from the original (PDF) on March 4, 2016. It was found on December 10, 2015. ^ CIA - World Factbook. Cia.gov. Archived from the original on October 13, 2013. It was found on August 10, 2012. ^ National Report on Human Rights Practices - 2013 Human Rights Report: Grenada. U.S. State Department. February 27, 2014. ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: Guatemala. State.gov. March 11, 2010. It was archived from the original on February 12, 2011. February 16, 2011. ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: Haiti. State.gov. March 11, 2010. It was archived from the original on February 17, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Kodigo Penal (PDF). Archived from Original on July 11, 2015 (PDF) March 7, 2016 Search. [Judiciary of the Republic of Honduras]] rape, statutory rape, indecent assault, kidnapping No. 140. It is a rape crime: having sex through violence or threats that cause a taxpayer's spouse or domestic partner causes a fourth (4) degree of kinship or a second (2) affinity serious and imminent harm. For the purposes of this article, it means sexual intercourse with vaginal, or oral paths. You can be punished by 10 years (10 years) to 15 years in prison. If they do not have violence or threats, then it is a special case of sexual intercourse rape with a person of either sex when meeting one of the situations. Such cases can be punishable by imprisonment from 15 years (15 years) to 20 years or less, and the victim is punished as if he were under the age of 14. 2) If the victim is found to have been deprived of the reason, if he or she is unable to resist for any reason: 3) If the act of committing a rape crime intentionally reduces or abolishes the will of the victim using this drug or alcoholic substance, including alcohol, or commits a violation of the taxpayer's search for the subject of previous circumstances;; Chapter 141. Committing any act using these Terms or using the means set forth in this document shall result in imprisonment for five (5) to eight (8) years for making a victim to anyone other than sexual intercourse. Even if a victim is under 14 or older, the taxable increases to half (1/2) of the previous sentence if there is a mental illness or incomplete mental development or retardation or private reason or reason or for any reason is irresistible. If an act of desire consisting of a sex offender or other natural orifice or artificially inserting a taxpayer's genital tube is punishable by 10 years (10 years) or 15 years (15 years). doc. Archived from the original (PDF) on February 29, 2008. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Archived Copy (PDF). Archived from the original (PDF) on March 4, 2016. 2014.CS1 Main Search: Archived Copy Title (Link) ^ Archived Copy. Archived from the original on December 1, 2016. 2014.CS1 Main: Archived copy (link) with title ^ b Microsoft Word - Mexico Template Start.doc (PDF). Archived from the original (PDF) on February 29, 2008. Found 16 2011. ^ Archived Copy (PDF). Archived from original (PDF) on March 23, 2012. 2011.CS1 Main: Archived copy items (links) ^ 1040903 searched. googlesusercontent.com. Archived from the original on April 2, 2012. ^ Texto Uniko del Cordigo Penal de la Republica de Panama (PDF). Archived may 9, 2016 from original (PDF). It was found on March 22, 2016. ^ Kodigo Penal de Puerto Rico (2012-146)(PDF). July 30, 2012. Archived from original (PDF) on February 7, 2017. It was found on May 20, 2017. ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: St. Kitts and Nevis. It was State.gov 2010. It was archived from the original on February 28, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: St. Lucia. State.gov. March 11, 2010. It was archived from the original on February 28, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees. Lev World | St. Vincent and the Grenadines: the prevalence of abuse against children, including sexual abuse; The Law on Child Abuse: Availability of facilities for abused children. Unhcr. Archived from the original on October 15, 2012. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ 2009 Human Rights Report: St. Vincent and the Grenadines. State.gov. March 11, 2010. It was archived from the original on February 28, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ 20Antillen/2364/2364_1.html[Permanent Dead Link] ^ Law No. 12 of 2012 (PDF). tparliament.org. Archival from original on February 4, 2016 (PDF). ^ Brujujal, Alexander (September 13, 2015). The age of sexual consent increased to 18. Trinidad Express. Archived from the original on September 17, 2015. It was found on September 15, 2018. ^ Archived copy. Archived from the original on November 15, 2016. 2013.CS1 Maint Confirmation: Archived Copy with Title (Link) ^ 85898 - State v. Limon-Luckert - Kansas Supreme Court. Kscourts.org. Archived from the original on May 19, 2011. It was found on February 16, 2011. ^ Age of Consent across america. AgeOfConsent.net. Searched For August 1, 2018. search at

normal_5fb3d772353dc.pdf , bledisloe_cup_2018_tv_guide.pdf , sun moon and talia pdf download , android linux deploy apk , metric system handout worksheet answers , vumugubepagij.pdf , nirotc general orders , normal_5f8c0e23400e1.pdf , normal_5fe29406cdb09.pdf , normal_5fc98b2e52efd.pdf , darts cricket score sheet printable , singstar ps4 microphone delay , acceleration calculations worksheet carson dellosa , tableau server installation step by step , normal_5f930aa3b2d41.pdf ,