



Chapter 3 accounting answers

Questions > Describe the steps in recording and placing the consequences of a business transaction. > Defines an account. What are the two forms of account placement illustrated in the chapter? > What is meant by the term double-entry procedure or duality? > Describe how you will determine the balance of a T-account. > Defines Debit and Credit. > Do you think this dual enrollment accounting system makes sense? Can you conceive with other possible methods for recording changes in accounts? > Which of the steps in the accounting cycle is performed throughout the accounting period? > What is the purpose of the Dividends account and how is it increased? > Describe the nature and purposes of the general journal. What does journalism mean? Returns an example of a composite entry in the general journal. > Describes a ledger and a chart of accounts. How do these two compare to a book and the table of contents? > Describes the act of posturing. > What types of accounts appear in the unapproving trial balance? What are the purposes of this trial balance? > You found that the total of the debits column of the trial balance of Burns Company is \$200,000, while the total of the Credits column is \$180,000. What are some possible causes of this difference? If the difference between the columns is divideable by 9, what type of errors are possible? > Store equipment was purchased for \$2,000. Instead of debiting the Store Equipment account, the debit was made to delivery equipment. What help will the trial balance be to

detect this error? Why? > A student remembered that the side to the window in the classroom was the debit side of an account. The student conducted an investigation in a room where the windows were on the other side of the room, flipped confused and consistently debits and credits. Would the student's trial balance have equal debit and credit totals? If there were no existing balances in any of the accounts to begin with, would the error prevent the student from prepare the journal entry needed for each of the following transactions: Cash was received for services provided for customers, \$1,200. Services were run for customers on account, \$4,200. Exercise B Prepares the journal entry required for each of the following transactions: Common stock was issued for \$200,000 cash. A \$30,000 loan was arranged with a bank. The bank increased the company a written to return the \$30,000 in 30 days. Cash was received for services performed for customers, \$700. Services are for customers on account, \$1,200. Exercise D For each of the following unrelated transactions, give the journal access to log the transactions. You don't need to include explanations or account numbers. Common stock was issued for \$100,000 cash. Salaries for a period were paid to employees, \$24,000. Services were run for customers on account, \$40,000. Exercise E Prepare journal entries to record each of the following deals for Sanchez Company. Use the letter of the transaction instead of the date. Common stock was issued for cash, \$300,000. Bought trucks by signing a note with no interest, \$210,000. Earn service income on bill, \$4,800. Collect the account receivable due to transaction (c), \$4,800. Paid utilities for the month in the amount of \$1,800. Paid utilities for the month in the amount of \$7,500. Incurred supplies expenses on account in the amount of \$1,920. Bought another truck for cash, \$48,000. Exported delivery services on account, \$24,000. Exercise F Using the data in the previous problem, post the entries to T-accounts. Write the letter of the transaction in the account before the dollar amount. Determine a balance for each account. Exercise G Using your answer for the previous exercise, prepare a trial balance. Assume the date of the trial balance is 31 March. Problem A the transactions of Lightning Package Delivery Company for March follow: Mar. 1 The company was organized and issued capital stock for \$300,000 cash. 2 Paid \$6,000 as the rent for March on a completely furnished building. 5 Pay cash for delivery trucks, \$180,000. 6 Paid \$2,200 for supplies received and used in March. 12 Exported delivery services for customers who pledged to pay \$27,000 at a later date. 20 Collected cash from \$4,500 from customers on account (see March 12 entry). 21 Received a bill for \$1,200 in March for gas and oil consumption in March, \$450. 31 Pay \$2,400 salaries to employees for March. 31 Receive an order for services at \$12,000. The services will be run in April. 31 Pay cash dividend, \$1,000. Prepare the journal entries necessary to record these transactions in the general journal of the company. Problem B Economics Laundry Company made the following deals in August: Aug. 1 Issued capital stock for cash, \$150,000. 3 Borrowed \$40,000 from the bank on a note, 4 Bought cleaning equipment for Cash, 6 Exported services for customers who promised to pay later, \$16,000, 7 Pay this month's rent on a building, \$2,800, 10 Collections were made for the services performed \$3,200 on August 6, 14 Supplies were purchased on account for use this month, \$3,000, 10 Collections were made for the services performed \$3,200 on August 6, 14 Supplies were purchased on account for use this month, \$3,000, 10 Collections were made for the services performed \$3,200 on August 6, 14 Supplies were purchased on account for use this month, \$3,000, 10 Collections were made for the services performed \$3,200 on August 6, 14 Supplies were purchased on account for use this month. 17 17 bill for \$400 has been received for utilities for this month. 25 Laundry services were run for customers who paid immediately, \$2,000. 31 Paid cash dividend, \$2,000. 31 Paid cash d account number in the Posting Reference column of the journal while posting each amount. Use the following accounts Receivable 170 Equipment 200 Accounts Payable 201 Notes Payable 300 Common Stock 320 Dividends 400 Service Income 507 Salaries Edition 511 Utilities edition 515 Rent expense 518 Supplies edition 3. Prepare a trial balance from August 31. Problem C Clean-Sweep Janitorial, was organized July 1. The following account numbers and titles form the chart of accounts for the company: Acct. No. Account Title 100 Cash 103 Accounts Receivable 150 Trucks 160 Office Furniture 170 Equipment 200 Bills Payable 201 Notes Payable 300 Common Stock 310 Retained Earnings 320 Dividends 400 Service Revenue 506 Gas and oil cost 507 Salaries edition 511 Utilities expense 512 Insurance costs 515 Rental costs 518 Supplies edition July 1 The company issued \$600,000 of common stock for cash. 5 Office Space was rented for July and \$5,000 was paid for the office on account, \$28,800. 10 Equipment was purchased for \$50,000; a note, to be paid within 30 days. 15 Bought trucks for \$150,000, paid \$120,000 cash and give a 60-day note to the dealer for \$30,000. July 18 Pay for supplies received and already used, \$2,880. 23 Receive \$17,280 cash as service revenue. 27 Insurance costs for July were paid, \$4,500. 30 Paid for gasoline and oil used by the truck in July, \$576. 31 Billed customers for janitorial services rendered, \$40,320. 31 Paid salaries for July, \$5,184. 31 Paid utility bills for July, \$5,280. 31 Paid cash dividend, \$9,600. Journal entries to ledger accounts. Prepare a trial balance from July 31. Problem D Trim Lawn, Inc., is a lawn care company. Thus, the company earns its revenue from sending its trucks to customers' residences and certain commercial enterprises to care for lawns and shrinks. Trim Lawn's trial balance at the end of the first 11 months of the year follows: TRIM LAWN, INC. Trial Balance November 30 Acct. No. Account Title Debit Credits 100 Cash \$63,740 103 Accounts Receivable 88,600 150 Trucks 102,900 160 Office Furniture 8,400 200 Bills Payable \$\$. 300 Common Stock 30,000 310 Retained Earnings, 2010 January 1 30,540 400 Service Revenue 371,010 505 Advertising Edition 18,300 506 Gas a d Oil Edition 21,900 507 Salaries Edition 65,850 511 Utilities Edition 2,310 2,310 Rent expense 15,000 518 Supplies Edition 75,600 531 Entertainment Edition 2,550 \$465,150 Dec. 2 Pay the bills payable from \$33,600. 8 Paid ads for December, \$1,500. 10 Bought a new office desk on bill, \$1,050. 13 Purchased \$240 of supplies on bill for use in December. 15 Collect cash from customers on account, \$75,000. 20 Pay for customer entertainment, \$450. 24 Collect an additional \$6,000 from customers on account, \$79,500. 30 Pay for more December supplies, \$12,000. 31 Pay December salaries, \$15,300. 31 paid a \$4,000 cash dividend. (The Dividends Account is No. 320.) Prepare entries in the general journal for the preceding transactions for December. Place the journal entries to three-column general ledger accounts. Prepare a trial balance from December 31. Problem E Marc Miller prepared the next trial balance of the ledger of the Quick-Fix TV Repair Company. The trial Balance December 31 Acct. No. Account Title Debit Credits 100 Cash \$69,200 103 Accounts Receivable 60,800 160 Office Furniture 120,000 172 Office Equipment48,000 200 Accounts Payable \$32,400 300 Common Stock 180,000 507 Salaries Edition 280,000 515 Rental Costs 40,000 Miscellaneous edition 7,200 \$654,000 \$652,400 The difference in totals in the trial balance caused Miller to carefully examine the company's accounting records. In seeking back through the accounting records. In seeking back through the accounting records. In seeking back through the accounting records. calculating the balance of the Accounts Fees Fees Payable account, a \$3,200 credit has been omitted from the calculation. In preparing the trial balance was shown as \$80,000. The ledger account has the balance on its correct amount of \$83,200. One debit of \$2,400 to the Dividends account was placed on that account as a credit. Office equipment of \$12,000 was debited to Office Furniture when it was purchased. Prepare a corrected trial balance for the Quick-Fix TV Recovery Company from December 31. Also write a description of the effect(s) of each error. Alternative Problems Vary problem A speedy laundry company, Inc., entered into the following deals in August: Aug. 1 Received cash for capital stock issued to owners, \$400,000. 3 Pay rent for August on a building and laundry services of \$7,000. The services must be run next month. 13 Exported Laundry Services for \$6,300 \$6,300 account for multiple clients. 15 Receive and pay a bill for \$430 for supplies used in operations. 23 Cash raised from customers on account, \$2,600. 31 Pay \$2,400 salaries to employees for August. 31 Receive the electric and gas bill for August, \$385, but didn't pay it at this time. 31 Pay cash dividend, \$1,000. Prepare journal entries for these transactions in the general journal entries for issued to the owners. 3 Rent was paid for April, \$3,500. 6 Trucks were purchased for \$56,000 cash. 7 Office equipment was purchased on account from Wagner Company for \$76,800. 14 Salaries for the first two weeks were paid, \$12,000. 15 \$28,000 was received for services performed. 18 An invoice was received from Roger's Gas Station for \$400 for gas and oil used during April. 23 A note was arranged for \$80,000 with the bank. The cash was received, and a note promising to return the \$80,000 on May 2010, was signed. 29 Purchased trucks for \$73,600 by signing a note. 30 Salaries for the rest of April were paid, \$14,400. Prepare journal entries for these transactions. Post the journal entries to T accounts. Enter the account number in the Posting Reference column of the journal while posting Reference column of the journal while posting each amount. Use the following account numbers: Acct. No. Account Title 100 Cash 150 Trucks 172 Office Equipment 200 Accounts Payable 201 Notes Payable 300 Common Stock 400 Service Revenue 506 Gas and Oil Costs 507 Salaries Edition 515 Rent expense 3. Prepare a trial balance from April 30. Alternative Problem C Rapid Pick Up & amp; Delivery, Inc., is organized January 1. The chart of accounts is as follows: Acct. No. Account Title 100 Cash 103 Accounts Receivable 150 Trucks 160 Office Furniture 172 Office Equipment 200 Bills Pavable 201 Notes Pavable 300 Common Stock 310 Retained Earnings 400 Service Revenue 506 Gas and Oil Edition 507 Salary Expense 511 Utilities edition 512 Insurance expense 515 Rent expense 530 Repairs expense Jan. 1 The company received \$560,000 cash and \$240,000 of office furniture in exchange for \$800,000 of capital stock. 2 Paid garage rentals for January, \$6,000. 4 Purchased Computers on account, \$13,200. 6 Purchased Delivery Trucks for \$280,000; payment was made by giving cash of \$150,000 and a 30-day note for the rest. Jan 12 Purchased insurance for January on the delivery trucks. The cost of the policy, \$800, was paid in cash. 15 Receive and pay January utility bills, \$960. 15 Paid salaries for the first half of January, 17 Cash received for delivery services to date amounts to \$1,800. 20 Received account for gasoline purchased and used in January, \$180. 23 Bought delivery trucks for cash, \$108,000. 25 Cash Sales of Delivery Services was \$2,880. 27 Bought a copy machine on \$3,600. 31 Paid salaries for the latter half of January, \$4,800. 31 Sales of delivery services on account amounted to \$11,400. 31 Pay for repairs to a delivery truck, \$1,120. Prepare common ledger accounts for all these accounts except Retained Earnings. The Retained Earnings account has a starting balance throughout the period. Journal the deals given for January in the general journal. Place the journal entries to ledger accounts. Prepare a trial balance from January 31. Alternative Problem D The Trial Balance of California Tennis Center, Inc., at the end of the first 11 months of its fiscal year follow: CALIFORNIA TENNIS CENTER, INC. Trial Balance November 30 Acct. No. Account Title Debit Credits 100 Cash \$71,180 103 Accounts Receivable 81,750 130 Country 60,000 200 Bills Payable \$18,750201 Notes Payable \$10,750201 No Repairs Edition 1,500 531 Entertainment Edition 870 540 Interest Edition 300 \$339,950 Dec. 1 Paid Building Rent for December, \$4,000. 5 Bought land for cash, \$10,000. 7 Selling membership on bill for December, \$27,000. 10 Pay the note payable from \$15,000, plus interest of \$150. 13 Cash collections of customers on account, \$36,000. 19 Receive a bill for repairs, \$225. 24 Pay the equipment repair bill received on the 19th, \$225. 30 Have tennis lessons for cash, \$4,500. 30 Paid salaries, \$6,000. 30 Sales of membership on account since December 7, \$18,000 (for the month of December). 30 Costs paid in entertaining customers in December, \$350. 30 Paid dividends Account is No. 320.) Prepare entries in the general journal for the transactions during December. Place the journal entries to ledger accounts. Prepare a trial balance from December 31. Alternative Problem E Bill Baxter has prepared a trial balance for Special Party supplies. The trial balance did not balance. The trial balance he prepared was as follows: SPECIAL PARTY HIRE, INC. Trial Balance December 31 Acct. No. Debits Credits 100 Cash \$74,00 103 Accounts Receivable 50,800 170 Equipment 160,000 200 Bills Payable \$34,000 300 Common Stock 130,00 310 Retained Earnings 44,000 320 Dividends 16,000 400 Service Income 432,000 505 Advertising Edition 1,200 Salaries Edition 176,000 511 Utilities Edition44,800 515 Rent edition 64,000 \$586,800 \$640,000 In an effort to figure out why the trial balance doesn't balance, Baxter discovers the following errors: was underestimated (too low) with \$12,000 due to an error in addition to determining the balance of that account in the ledger. A credit of \$4,800 to Accounts Receivable in the journal was not posted to the ledger account at all. A debit of \$16,000 for a semi-end dividend has been placed as a credit to the Capital Stock Account. The balance of \$12,000 in the Advertising Cost account was imported as \$1,200 into the trial balance. Miscellaneous edition (Account No. 568), with a balance of \$3,200, was omitted from the trial balance. Prepare a corrected trial balance from 2010 December 31. Also write a description of the effect(s) of each error. Beyond the numbers — critical thinking business decision case, A John Jacobs lost his job as a carpenter with a contractor when a recession hit the construction industry. Jacobs made \$50,000 a year. He decided to form his own company, Jacobs Corporations, and do home repairs. The following is a summary of the transactions of the business during the first three months of operations in 2010: Jan. 15 Shareholders invested \$40,000 in the business. Feb. 25 Receives payment of \$4,400 for remoding a basement in a recreation room. The homeowner bought all the building materials. Mar. 5 Pays Cash for an Ad That Appears in the Local Newspaper, \$150. Apr. 10 Received \$7,000 for converting a room over a garage into an office for a college professor. The professor bought all the materials for the job. 11 Paid gas and oil expenses for automotive, \$900. 12 Miscellaneous business expenses for these transactions. Post the journal entries to T accounts. How profitable is this new business? Should Jacobs stay in this business? Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report of The Limited, Inc. in the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report of The Limited, Inc. in the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report of The Limited, Inc. in the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report Annual Report Annual Report Analysis B Refers to the Annual Report analysis involves showing the dollar amount and percentage increase or decrease of the latest year over the preceding year amounts. Vertical analysis involves showing the percentage of total liabilities and shareholder equality that each account represents as being of the balance sheet dates. Write comments on any important changes between the two years that have been proof of decisions made by management. Annual Report Analysis C In The Home Depot's recent Annual Report, the following passages appear: The primary key to our success is our 39,000 employees wearing those orange aprons you see in our stores. Few great achievements - in business or in any aspect of life - are achieved and maintained without the support and of large numbers of people who are committed to shared values and goals they value. Indeed, one has to watch No as the business section of morning newspaper to read of how another blue chip American business, enshrined in and isolated by its own bureaucracy, has lost the support of its employees and customers... Frankly, the biggest difference between The Home Depot and our competitors isn't the products on our shelves, it's our people and their ability to forge strong bonds of loyalty and trust with our customers... ... Unlike conventional management wisdom, those at the top of organization cards are not the source of all wisdom. Many of our best ideas come from the people who work on the sales floor. We encourage our employees to challenge senior management guidelines if they feel strong enough about their dilutive opinions...... We want our people to be themselves and be brave enough to apply their talents as individuals. Certainly, people can often observe great risk acting in this way. So, we go to great lengths to empower our employees to be mavericks, to express differences of opinion without fear of being fired or demoted... We are doing everything we can to make people feel challenged and inspired at work instead of being threatened and feeling insecure. After all, an organization can accomplish more when people work together instead of up against each other. Write answers to the following questions: Do you think Home Depot management considers its employees more than expenses or assets? Explain. What does The Home Depot consider its human resources as assets on its balance sheet? Why or why not? Could his philosophy on his employees be the most important factor in his outstanding financial performance? Explain. Ethics Case – Writing Experience D Refers to an Ethical Perspective: Financial Presentations, Inc.. Write out the answers to the following questions: What motivated Larry to go along with ignorant and illegal actions? Explain. What are Larry's options now? List every possibility. What would you do if you were Larry? Describes in detail. What do you think the real Larry has? Describes in detail. Group project E In teams of two or three students, interview in person or through speaker a new staff member who has worked for a CPA firm for only one or two years. Find information about the advantages and disadvantages of working for a CPA firm. Also enquire about the nature of the work and the training programs offered by the firm for new employees. As a team, write a memorandum to the instructor who summarizes the results of the interview. The heading of the memorandum must contain the date, to whom it is written, of whom and the subject matter. Group project F With one or two other students and the use of library resources, write a report on the life of Luca Pacioli, sometimes referred to as the of accounting. Pacioli was a Franciscan monk monk wrote a book about double-entry accounting in 1494. Be careful to guote sources and treat direct guotes properly. (If you don't know how to do it, ask your instructor.) Using the Internet—A View of the Real World Visit the following site: click on Job Seekers. Read the information and write a memo to your instructor about your search and what you learned about certain jobs in accounting. Visit the following website: Investigate this site for anything of interest. Write a memo to your instructor about your search. Search.

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