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Trivia crack hacks

In this article, we discover ed flu and cold facts to increase your knowledge about colds and flu. Not only do we show flu and cold facts, but we also take a humorous look at curing a cold. Increase your knowledge of flu and cold today! A cough releases an explosive air charge that moves at speeds of up to 100 km/h. A sneeze can exceed the speed of 160 km/h. With only 30 seconds of use, a scarf was found containing 15,000 germs. During the Spanish Flu of 1918, public meetings were banned in some cities and residents were forced to wear masks; breaking the ban can result in a fine or jail time. The epidemic ended up killing 20 to 40 million people worldwide. Colds are caused by more than 200 different viruses, and they are not the same viruses that cause the flu. On the other hand, we thought you might like to read some light advice on curing a cold from 20th century comedian Robert Benchley. Here are your Rules to Avoid the Common Head Cold: Don't breathe through your mouth or nose Crowds of vimidas. A good way to do that is to stay in your room all day with the door locked. Get a lot of sleep. If you feel drowsy at work, put your head on the table and take a nap. Your boss will understand if you put a sign by the elbow that says: Man (or woman) sleeping. Cold prevention. Stay at the temperature between 60 and 70 degrees. This can be done by boarding a train bound for Palm Beach and lying on the beach for a month or more. Eat a balanced diet. No starches, proteins or carbohydrates. Just a good steak, potatoes and asparagus from time to time during the day. If you think you've caught a cold. call a good doctor. Call three good doctors and play cards. Above all, don't get cold! Of course, we don't tolerate ANY of these suggestions, but we thought you might appreciate a little humor in your health! Now check Sharecare.com for expert answers about the common cold. Christmas wouldn't be the same without a shining Christmas tree at night on Christmas Eve. Where did this Christmas tree tradition come from? What is the national Christmas tree of our great nation? Discover answers to these questions and more as you increase your knowledge of Christmas tree curiosities with the interesting facts below. What is the Origin of the Christmas Tree? The Christmas tree is believed to have originated in a play often performed in the Middle Ages during the Advent season. Based on the story of Adam and Eve, the piece featured a Tree of Paradise in the Garden of Eden that was decorated with apples to symbolize Eve's temptation. The tree used in the piece was an ever green tree, which symbolized fertility and a renewal of life. It is believed that the christmas dates back to the Middle Ages. Later, in 16th-century Germany, people hang apples, golden candles, colored paper and roses from tree branches. Martin Luther, inspired by beauty beauty Stars shining through the branches of a fir tree, is credited as being the first person to add lit candles to a tree. Some believe that King George, a native of Germany, brought the tradition of decorating a Christmas tree to England. Others credit Queen Victoria with bringing the tradition to England from Germany, where her husband, Prince Albert, was raised. An engraving of the British royal family gathered around a Christmas tree at Windsor Castle in 1848 caused the spread of this favourite decoration throughout Victorian England. The custom was brought to the United States when German immigrants in Pennsylvania continued to decorate Christmas trees, just as they had done in their homeland. How do you care about Holiday Botanicals? Much of the Christmas decoration involves natural vegetation and Christmas flowers. Even if you don't have a green thumb, it's easy to incorporate these elements into your décor. All it takes to keep life and cut botanicals fresh during the holidays is tender, caring. It is a myth that poinsettias are poisonous, but they have a bitter taste. To take care of poinsettias, keep the soil moist, not wet. After the holidays, transfer the plant to a larger pot, cut the twigs back once the bracts or leaves fade, and feed it every three weeks with fertilizer. As the weather warms to 60 degrees Fahrenheit, place the plant outdoors and continue to stoneware its branches. In October, expose the plant to 14 hours of darkness daily to force the leaves to color. Christmas vegetation like holly, ivy and evergreen twigs will remain beautiful for longer by adding a commercial floral preservative to the water. Spritz arrangements with water daily and monitor your temperature. The colder the room, the longer the vegetation gets cool. The leaves dipped in the wax of the household floor can last up to six weeks. This also works for decorative fruits such as grapes and pears. It gives them a glow and can prevent them from spoiling for at least three weeks. Christmas trees need water daily. Adding a commercial preservative to the water will extend the life of the tree. For a living tree, place the burlap root ball in a bathtub, and water it daily. After Christmas, dig a hole twice as big as the root ball, carefully remove the burp and place the tree in the hole. Ranging in color from red to yellow, kalanchoes and other juicy plants are excellent holiday bloomers. Although plants can withstand relatively dry conditions, keep the soil moist. After the holidays, treat kalanchoes like poinsettias, seeming the branches and feeding regularly. In autumn, allow the plant to dwell between waterings and expose it to at least 12 hours of darkness to encourage flowering. To Lamps such as white paper, narcissus, amaryllis and iris, plant them in October with the stitch ended up in a shallow container on a layer of stones. Fill with sand sand soil or with more stones. Water at planting time and regularly when growth begins. Place the lamps under the warm sunshine, and fertilize just before and during flowering. When the flowers begin to die, reduce the watering until the leaves wither. Plant the lamps, or place them in a cool, dark and dry place until next year. What is Crown History? Wreaths have a long history, dating back to the ancient druids who believed that Holly, an eternal ever green with lush red fruits, was a magical plant. Wreaths were first created when holly and other evergreens were arranged in a circular shape, a shape with no beginning or end, and therefore synonymous with eternity. The circular shape of a crown is synonymous with eternity. This representation took more meaning when Jesus Christ was crowned with a crown of thorns. In the days of Julius Caesar, wreaths were used by aristocrats and used by the Greeks to crown victorious athletes at the original Olympic Games. It is believed that hanging a wreath on a door became a custom when Olympic athletes began hanging their wreaths on their doors after a victory. Although the word crown evokes Christmas thoughts, these beautiful decorations can embellish doors and walls all year round. They can be embellished with a wide variety of dried or artificial flowers to fit any holiday or season. What are some of the world's most popular holiday records? Some people love the holidays so much that they set out to break world records with their Christmas cheer. For example: The largest Christmas stocking sits 35 feet 41/2 inches long and 16 feet 5 inches wide. Created by J. Terry Osborne and friends from King William County, Virginia, it was full of gifts to be distributed to underprivileged children. Jean-Guy Laquerre of Boucherville, Quebec, Canada, is an avid Father's Christmas collector, with more than 13,000 items collected since 1988. The collected insect bit when his aunt died and left him an old 12-inch-tall papier-mâché Santa Claus from the 1920s. Since then, he has added objects such as music boxes, yo-yos, photos, candlesticks and pens. What is the Origin of Poinsettia? Poinsettias account for 88% of all plant purchases at Christmas. The most popular color is red, but they are also available in white, cream, pink and yellow, and they can be striped, stained or marble. Originally from Mexico, where they are known as the Flower of the Holy Night, the flowers were brought to the United States by Joel Poinsett in 1829. In their home country, they grow like shrubs and can reach heights up to 3 meters high. The poinsettia originated in Mexico, where it is known as the Flower of the Holy Night. In Mexico, a exciting explains the origin of poinsettia: On Christmas Eve, a long time ago, a poor boy went to church with great sadness because he had no gift to bring the Holy Child. He dared dare Entering the church, and humbly kneeling on the ground outside God's house, he prayed fervently and assured our Lord with tears how much he wished to offer him some lovely gift- But I am very poor and afraid to approach him with empty hands. When he finally got up on his knees, he saw a green plant appearing at his feet with beautiful dazzling red flowers. What is Holly? For centuries, Holly has been synonymous with the holiday season. In ancient Rome, branches of holly were given as a gesture of friendship during Saturnalia, the winter solstice festival. Druids decorated their homes with holly during Britain's gloomy winters, believing that the sun always shone on this sacred tree. Similarly, the pagans would bring holly and other evergreens inside to ensure that nature would return in the spring. Holly's best known is American Holly. There are hundreds of species of holly that can be cut and used in seasonal decorations. Perhaps the best known is the American holly, which features prickly, bright leaves and bright red fruits. Inkberry holly, nominated for its deep purple-black fruits, and holly variegated, with striped leaves, are striking alternatives to the standard holiday holly. What is the Origin of the Traditional Mistletoe Kiss? Who doesn't love hanging mistletoe? Although most viscose is parasitic and therefore harmful to the trees in which it grows, the Celts thought they had magical powers to heal wounds and increase fertility, so they placed it in their homes to give good luck and ward off evil spirits. The tradition of the mistletoe kiss dates back to the 8th century. Today, Americans decorate doors with this plant in hopes of catching a kiss from a boyfriend while they are under their leaves. This tradition is credited to Frigga, the Scandinavian goddess of love and beauty, and it is said to date back to the 8th century. America's official Christmas tree is not located in the White House, but in King's Canyon National Park near Sanger, California. The tree, a giant redsection known as The General Grant Tree, was designated the Nation's Christmas Tree in 1925. It is 267 feet tall, 40 feet in diameter at its base, and is estimated to be between 1,500 and 2,000 years old. In 1956, the tree was declared a national sanctuary to honor the men and women of the U.S. Army. As a memorial, rangers lay a wreath at the base of the tree during the Christmas ceremony, which has been held every year since 1925.As you can see, there were many engaging facts to discover about everything from Christmas trees to wreaths. In the next section, take your Christmas to the next level as you discover facts about Christmas songs. Continue to the next next to test your knowledge of Christmas songs. Ad

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